

## October

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Bill Haslam,
Governor
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# The Labor Market Report 

## 2013 Educational Attainment

Educational attainment is the highest level of education completed (e.g., a high school diploma or equivalency certificate, a bachelor's degree, or a master's degree). In the United States, educational attainment has improved over time in all populations.

The data collected, on Page 2, is from the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year estimates. The ACS is an ongoing survey conducted based on the respondent's place of residence. The information is collected by mail, telephone, and personal-visit interviews in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. About half the responses are obtained by mail.

## The U.S. Over 25 Years Old

In 2013, the percentage who had received at least a high school diploma or its equivalent was 86.0 percent. Conversely, there were over 12.1 million adults who had less than a $9^{\text {th }}$ grade education ( 5.9 percent). The percentage of the population completing a bachelor's or higher degree was 28.8 percent in 2013.

Female attainment rates have been generally higher than male attainment rates at each education level, and the unemployment rates are lower for those with higher levels of educational attainment. Median incomes and poverty rates are also directly correlated to educational attainment.

Americans without a high school diploma had a median income of $\$ 19,652$ and a poverty rate of 27.1 percent. The adult population with a high school diploma had a median income of $\$ 27,528$ and a poverty rate of 13.7 percent. An associate degree increases income to $\$ 33,702$ (10.1 percent poverty rate), and the bachelor's degree has a median income of $\$ 50,254$ and a poverty rate of 4.3 percent. In all categories the male population had a higher median income and a lower poverty rate than the female population.

## In Tennessee

There was a greater percentage of Tennesseans over 25 years old with a high school diploma or less than the national average. There was a lower percentage of Tennesseans with any level of post-secondary education than in the U.S. There are almost 262,000 adult Tennesseans who have less than a $9^{\text {th }}$ grade education. The median incomes and the poverty rates in the state follow the national trends. However, the median incomes, in all categories, are lower than the U.S. while the poverty rates are higher. The poverty rates in Tennessee, however, are lower than the national poverty rates for persons with a bachelor's degree or higher even though the income levels are still less than the national average.

## Largest Metropolitan Areas

The four largest Tennessee Metropolitan Areas (Chattanooga, Knoxville, Memphis, and Nashville) had some unexpected results. The Chattanooga MSA had lower percentages in the summary information for high school (84.0 percent) and bachelor's graduates ( 23.1 percent) than the state averages (84.4 and 23.8 percent). Chattanooga also had a lower median income for employees with a bachelor's degree.

The other three MSAs had a higher percentage of graduates as well as higher median incomes in all categories than the Tennessee median income. However, the MSA median incomes were all lower than the national averages.

Generally, Nashville had the highest median income for the adult population with less than a bachelor's degree. The Memphis MSA had the highest earnings in the state for people with a bachelor's degree and a graduate/professional degree.

For more information check you browser for the American Fact Finder at factfinder.census.gov and complete an Advanced Search.

## 2013 Educational Attainment in Tennessee \& MSAs

| Subject | United States |  |  | Tennessee |  |  | Metropolitan Areas |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Chatt- } \\ \text { anooga } \end{array} \\ \hline \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Knoxville } \\ \hline \text { Total } \end{array}$ | Memphis <br> Total | NashvilleTotal |
|  | Total | Male | Female |  |  |  |  | Total | Male | Female |
|  | Estimates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 18 to 24 years | 31,071,264 | 15,908,094 | 15,163,170 | 616,916 | 309,922 | 306,994 | 50,235 | 83,968 | 131,222 | 165,791 |
| Less than high school graduate | 15.6\% | 18.0\% | 13.0\% | 14.6\% | 16.7\% | 12.4\% | 16.8\% | 13.5\% | 19.7\% | 12.9\% |
| High school graduate (incl. equivalency) | 29.5\% | 32.2\% | 26.6\% | 35.2\% | 38.6\% | 31.8\% | 30.8\% | 32.4\% | 33.0\% | 31.5\% |
| Some college or associate's degree | 45.5\% | 42.2\% | 49.0\% | 42.1\% | 38.5\% | 45.7\% | 45.9\% | 44.8\% | 40.1\% | 43.9\% |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 9.4\% | 7.6\% | 11.4\% | 8.2\% | 6.2\% | 10.1\% | 6.4\% | 9.3\% | 7.2\% | 11.6\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 25 years and over | 206,587,852 | 99,555,600 | 107,032,252 | 4,292,718 | 2,047,938 | 2,244,780 | 365,262 | 577,595 | 851,460 | 1,125,329 |
| Less than 9th grade | 5.9\% | 6.1\% | 5.8\% | 6.1\% | 6.5\% | 5.7\% | 5.7\% | 5.5\% | 4.9\% | 4.5\% |
| 9 th to 12 th grade, no diploma | 8.0\% | 8.5\% | 7.6\% | 9.6\% | 10.2\% | 8.9\% | 10.3\% | 8.3\% | 9.7\% | 8.2\% |
| High school graduate (incl. equivalency) | 28.1\% | 28.5\% | 27.8\% | 33.1\% | 33.7\% | 32.5\% | 30.4\% | 31.9\% | 29.0\% | 29.0\% |
| Some college, no degree | 21.2\% | 20.8\% | 21.6\% | 21.1\% | 20.4\% | 21.8\% | 23.4\% | 20.3\% | 24.2\% | 21.1\% |
| Associate's degree | 7.8\% | 6.9\% | 8.6\% | 6.3\% | 5.3\% | 7.3\% | 7.2\% | 7.7\% | 6.6\% | 6.5\% |
| Bachelor's degree | 18.0\% | 18.0\% | 18.1\% | 15.3\% | 15.4\% | 15.2\% | 15.0\% | 16.5\% | 16.5\% | 20.2\% |
| Graduate or professional degree | 10.8\% | 11.1\% | 10.5\% | 8.5\% | 8.5\% | 8.5\% | 8.0\% | 9.9\% | 9.1\% | 10.5\% |
| Percent high school graduate or higher | 86.0\% | 85.3\% | 86.7\% | 84.4\% | 83.3\% | 85.4\% | 84.0\% | 86.2\% | 85.4\% | 87.3\% |
| Percent bachelor's degree or higher | 28.8\% | 29.0\% | 28.7\% | 23.8\% | 23.9\% | 23.8\% | 23.1\% | 26.4\% | 25.6\% | 30.7\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 25 to 34 years | 41,711,277 | 20,996,649 | 20,714,628 | 832,087 | 411,936 | 420,151 | 67,321 | 102,740 | 182,240 | 249,571 |
| High school graduate or higher | 87.9\% | 86.0\% | 89.7\% | 88.6\% | 86.2\% | 90.8\% | 86.8\% | 90.8\% | 86.1\% | 89.8\% |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 31.9\% | 28.0\% | 35.9\% | 27.5\% | 23.7\% | 31.3\% | 26.4\% | 30.9\% | 26.8\% | 35.7\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 35 to 44 years | 40,874,162 | 20,345,982 | 20,528,180 | 851,537 | 421,952 | 429,585 | 69,676 | 110,013 | 178,640 | 241,420 |
| High school graduate or higher | 87.6\% | 86.1\% | 89.0\% | 88.4\% | 86.4\% | 90.2\% | 87.9\% | 89.6\% | 88.9\% | 89.2\% |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 32.3\% | 30.1\% | 34.5\% | 27.6\% | 24.9\% | 30.3\% | 25.9\% | 29.6\% | 29.5\% | 35.6\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 45 to 64 years | 82,151,371 | 40,052,488 | 42,098,883 | 1,721,158 | 830,208 | 890,950 | 147,737 | 233,916 | 344,413 | 443,977 |
| High school graduate or higher | 87.9\% | 87.0\% | 88.8\% | 86.4\% | 84.6\% | 88.0\% | 85.8\% | 87.9\% | 87.7\% | 88.8\% |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 28.9\% | 29.4\% | 28.4\% | 23.6\% | 24.3\% | 23.0\% | 23.0\% | 26.3\% | 25.7\% | 29.4\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 65 years and over | 41,851,042 | 18,160,481 | 23,690,561 | 887,936 | 383,842 | 504,094 | 80,528 | 130,926 | 146,167 | 190,361 |
| High school graduate or higher | 79.0\% | 80.0\% | 78.2\% | 72.9\% | 74.0\% | 72.0\% | 75.0\% | 76.8\% | 74.8\% | 78.0\% |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 22.3\% | 28.4\% | 17.7\% | 17.2\% | 22.4\% | 13.2\% | 17.8\% | 20.4\% | 19.1\% | 21.1\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poverty Rate (Population >25 YRS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than high school graduate | 27.1\% | 23.4\% | 30.9\% | 29.9\% | 26.4\% | 33.5\% | 27.9\% | 29.6\% | 32.8\% | 27.6\% |
| High school graduate (incl. equivalency) | 13.7\% | 11.8\% | 15.5\% | 15.5\% | 13.1\% | 17.7\% | 13.8\% | 14.3\% | 17.2\% | 12.7\% |
| Some college or associate's degree | 10.1\% | 8.1\% | 11.8\% | 10.9\% | 8.4\% | 12.9\% | 10.3\% | 9.7\% | 11.0\% | 8.8\% |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 4.3\% | 3.9\% | 4.7\% | 4.1\% | 3.7\% | 4.4\% | 4.2\% | 3.2\% | 4.2\% | 3.7\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Median Earnings (Past 12 Months) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Median Earnings > 25 years old | \$35,644 | \$42,016 | \$30,182 | \$31,705 | \$36,859 | \$26,974 | \$31,790 | \$32,344 | \$33,593 | \$35,191 |
| Less than high school graduate | \$19,652 | \$22,676 | \$15,235 | \$18,154 | \$20,915 | \$14,673 | \$19,009 | \$18,638 | \$18,408 | \$18,894 |
| High school graduate (incl | \$27,528 | \$32,888 | \$22,245 | \$25,674 | \$30,809 | \$20,871 | \$26,388 | \$25,698 | \$26,526 | \$27,379 |
| Some college or associate's degree | \$33,702 | \$41,520 | \$28,279 | \$31,497 | \$37,807 | \$26,873 | \$31,645 | \$31,638 | \$32,312 | \$33,594 |
| Bachelor's degree | \$50,254 | \$61,250 | \$41,814 | \$44,225 | \$54,182 | \$37,972 | \$44,133 | \$44,314 | \$47,871 | \$45,996 |
| Graduate or professional degree | \$66,493 | \$83,609 | \$55,768 | \$56,105 | \$74,134 | \$48,670 | \$58,352 | \$57,609 | \$60,314 | \$59,742 |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

| Civilian Labor Force |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year and Month | Total | Employed |  |  |  |  | Unemployed |  |
|  |  | Employment | Nonfarm Employment |  |  |  | Number | Rate <br> (\%) |
|  |  |  | Total | **Manu- <br> facturing | **Trade | **Services |  |  |
| 1985 | 2,255.7 | 2,070.0 | 1,867.8 | 492.4 | 435.3 | 360.2 | 185.7 | 8.2 \% |
| 1986 | 2,291.3 | 2,110.7 | 1,929.8 | 490.5 | 452.1 | 384.7 | 180.6 | 7.9 |
| 1987 | 2,324.1 | 2,166.5 | 2,011.6 | 497.4 | 477.2 | 408.9 | 157.6 | 6.8 |
| 1988 | 2,333.6 | 2,197.2 | 2,092.1 | 511.9 | 495.6 | 440.3 | 136.4 | 5.8 |
| 1989 | 2,364.9 | 2,241.3 | 2,167.2 | 524.5 | 508.4 | 467.2 | 123.6 | 5.2 |
| 1990 | 2,401.1 | 2,269.0 | 2,193.2 | 493.4 | 379.1 | 611.0 | 132.1 | 5.5 |
| 1991 | 2,425.4 | 2,266.0 | 2,183.6 | 480.3 | 373.0 | 626.7 | 159.4 | 6.6 |
| 1992 | 2,479.5 | 2,316.7 | 2,245.0 | 492.8 | 374.1 | 664.8 | 162.8 | 6.6 |
| 1993 | 2,543.3 | 2,391.6 | 2,328.5 | 502.8 | 382.5 | 709.8 | 151.7 | 6.0 |
| 1994 | 2,645.7 | 2,511.1 | 2,423.0 | 513.8 | 398.4 | 751.4 | 134.6 | 5.1 |
| 1995 | 2,718.0 | 2,574.0 | 2,498.9 | 518.0 | 412.6 | 795.0 | 144.0 | 5.3 |
| 1996 | 2,758.4 | 2,611.0 | 2,533.3 | 501.5 | 420.9 | 814.3 | 147.4 | 5.3 |
| 1997 | 2,788.3 | 2,640.0 | 2,584.0 | 498.0 | 430.5 | 849.7 | 148.3 | 5.3 |
| 1998 | 2,811.7 | 2,685.2 | 2,638.4 | 498.6 | 437.1 | 875.7 | 126.5 | 4.5 |
| 1999 | 2,838.7 | 2,722.1 | 2,685.3 | 494.7 | 443.6 | 900.8 | 116.6 | 4.1 |
| 2000 | 2,871.5 | 2,756.5 | 2,728.9 | 488.1 | 447.5 | 930.9 | 115.0 | 4.0 |
| 2001 | 2,863.5 | 2,728.5 | 2,688.3 | 454.2 | 446.6 | 921.5 | 135.0 | 4.7 |
| 2002 | 2,867.1 | 2,715.0 | 2,664.4 | 428.5 | 438.7 | 938.0 | 152.1 | 5.3 |
| 2003 | 2,896.1 | 2,731.4 | 2,667.5 | 414.1 | 440.8 | 950.3 | 164.8 | 5.7 |
| 2004 | 2,904.4 | 2,746.2 | 2,706.1 | 411.8 | 447.5 | 978.7 | 158.1 | 5.4 |
| 2005 | 2,942.3 | 2,778.5 | 2,743.1 | 408.8 | 454.6 | 1,005.6 | 163.8 | 5.6 |
| 2006 | 3,008.9 | 2,852.5 | 2,783.1 | 400.1 | 460.6 | 1,030.4 | 156.4 | 5.2 |
| 2007 | 3,021.5 | 2,874.2 | 2,797.4 | 380.0 | 463.5 | 1,052.8 | 147.3 | 4.9 |
| 2008 | 3,056.1 | 2,854.5 | 2,774.8 | 361.0 | 457.0 | 1,058.2 | 201.6 | 6.6 |
| 2009 | 3,051.6 | 2,734.3 | 2,619.8 | 309.2 | 427.8 | 1,025.3 | 317.3 | 10.4 |
| 2010 | 3,082.6 | 2,778.8 | 2,615.4 | 298.9 | 423.5 | 1,041.2 | 303.8 | 9.9 |
| 2011 | 3,118.8 | 2,828.3 | 2,661.4 | 304.4 | 427.1 | 1,076.8 | 290.4 | 9.3 |
| 2012 | 3,099.7 | 2,846.4 | 2,714.0 | 313.4 | 433.3 | 1,112.2 | 253.4 | 8.2 |
| 2013 | 3,070.3 | 2,818.3 | 2,749.7 | 318.8 | 437.2 | 1,139.2 | 252.0 | 8.2 |
| 2014 | 3,011.5 | 2,810.9 | 2,815.4 | 325.2 | 443.8 | 1,177.4 | 200.6 | 6.7 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 3,007.7 | 2,793.2 | 2,808.9 | 329.5 | 442.3 | 1,163.7 | 214.4 | 7.1 \% |
| February | 3,021.9 | 2,830.1 | 2,821.7 | 330.1 | 443.9 | 1,169.3 | 191.8 | 6.3 |
| March | 3,041.6 | 2,864.0 | 2,835.7 | 330.6 | 444.4 | 1,179.1 | 177.6 | 5.8 |
| April | 3,079.5 | 2,917.6 | 2,860.9 | 329.8 | 448.2 | 1,196.1 | 162.0 | 5.3 |
| May | 3,106.8 | 2,928.9 | 2,877.8 | 330.4 | 453.7 | 1,208.0 | 177.9 | 5.7 |
| June | 3,129.1 | 2,932.2 | 2,859.9 | 331.5 | 455.4 | 1,217.5 | 196.9 | 6.3 |
| July | 3,110.4 | 2,912.6 | 2,849.7 | 331.8 | 455.9 | 1,209.4 | 197.9 | 6.4 |
| August | 3,049.8 | 2,873.6 | 2,866.4 | 331.3 | 456.5 | 1,211.0 | 176.2 | 5.8 |
| September (r) | 3,037.4 | 2,863.2 | 2,891.0 | 331.6 | 456.2 | 1,214.0 | 174.3 | 5.7 |
| October (p) | 3,055.6 | 2,891.3 | 2,907.9 | 331.1 | 459.5 | 1,221.4 | 164.3 | 5.4 |
| November |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (r)=revised |  |  | **These industries not comparable to industry employment data before |  |  |  |  |  |
| (p)=preliminary |  |  | 1990 because of changes to NAICS coding system. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trade $=$ Wholesale and Retail Trade |  |  | Services $=$ Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services, Leisure/Hospitality, and Other Services. |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | Oct | Oct |  | Oct | Oct |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| County | 2014 | 2015 | County | 2014 | 2015 |
| Anderson | 6.5 | 5.5 | Lauderdale | 9.2 | 9.1 |
| Bedford | 6.8 | 5.9 | Lawrence | 7.6 | 6.2 |
| Benton | 8.4 | 7.1 | Lewis | 8.4 | 6.9 |
| Bledsoe | 8.1 | 6.7 | Lincoln | 5.1 | 4.3 |
| Blount | 5.6 | 4.8 | Loudon | 6.3 | 5.3 |
| Bradley | 6.0 | 4.9 | Macon | 6.0 | 4.8 |
| Campbell | 8.6 | 7.4 | Madison | 6.6 | 5.7 |
| Cannon | 5.9 | 5.3 | Marion | 7.6 | 6.6 |
| Carroll | 9.6 | 7.7 | Marshall | 6.1 | 5.9 |
| Carter | 6.9 | 6.0 | Maury | 5.9 | 5.5 |
| Cheatham | 5.5 | 4.5 | McMinn | 7.3 | 6.4 |
| Chester | 6.5 | 5.5 | McNairy | 9.1 | 7.7 |
| Claiborne | 7.8 | 6.6 | Meigs | 8.2 | 8.4 |
| Clay | 8.2 | 7.8 | Monroe | 6.9 | 6.0 |
| Cocke | 8.3 | 7.0 | Montgomery | 6.7 | 5.8 |
| Coffee | 5.9 | 5.1 | Moore | 4.9 | 4.1 |
| Crockett | 7.2 | 6.1 | Morgan | 8.6 | 7.1 |
| Cumberland | 7.5 | 6.4 | Obion | 9.1 | 8.0 |
| Davidson | 4.9 | 4.2 | Overton | 7.4 | 6.3 |
| Decatur | 9.2 | 7.5 | Perry | 7.5 | 6.6 |
| DeKalb | 7.8 | 6.6 | Pickett | 8.7 | 7.5 |
| Dickson | 5.8 | 5.1 | Polk | 7.4 | 6.1 |
| Dyer | 7.6 | 7.0 | Putnam | 6.4 | 5.4 |
| Fayette | 7.2 | 6.4 | Rhea | 7.8 | 7.1 |
| Fentress | 8.1 | 6.3 | Roane | 6.9 | 5.7 |
| Franklin | 5.5 | 4.8 | Robertson | 5.9 | 4.6 |
| Gibson | 8.4 | 7.0 | Rutherford | 5.0 | 4.3 |
| Giles | 5.7 | 5.0 | Scott | 10.5 | 8.5 |
| Grainger | 7.7 | 6.0 | Sequatchie | 7.1 | 6.2 |
| Greene | 7.6 | 6.3 | Sevier | 5.9 | 5.0 |
| Grundy | 8.3 | 6.9 | Shelby | 7.5 | 6.4 |
| Hamblen | 7.0 | 5.7 | Smith | 5.8 | 5.0 |
| Hamilton | 6.0 | 5.1 | Stewart | 8.2 | 7.1 |
| Hancock | 9.2 | 9.8 | Sullivan | 6.3 | 5.6 |
| Hardeman | 8.6 | 7.3 | Sumner | 5.1 | 4.3 |
| Hardin | 7.9 | 6.7 | Tipton | 7.8 | 6.8 |
| Hawkins | 7.0 | 5.9 | Trousdale | 6.5 | 5.3 |
| Haywood | 9.1 | 7.9 | Unicoi | 8.1 | 7.3 |
| Henderson | 8.3 | 7.5 | Union | 7.1 | 6.1 |
| Henry | 7.6 | 6.0 | Van Buren | 9.2 | 7.4 |
| Hickman | 6.1 | 5.3 | Warren | 6.8 | 5.7 |
| Houston | 9.0 | 7.4 | Washington | 6.0 | 5.4 |
| Humphreys | 7.0 | 6.4 | Wayne | 8.2 | 6.6 |
| Jackson | 8.0 | 6.8 | Weakley | 7.7 | 6.2 |
| Jefferson | 6.7 | 5.8 | White | 6.9 | 5.7 |
| Johnson | 6.2 | 5.2 | Williamson | 4.4 | 3.9 |
| Knox | 5.2 | 4.4 | Wilson | 5.1 | 4.4 |
| Lake | 8.4 | 7.7 | *Data Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |



| ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  | NONFARM EMPLOYMENT \& LABOR FORCE NARRATIVE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry | $\begin{gathered} \text { October } \\ 2014 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Revised September 2015 | Preliminary October 2015 | $$ | Sept. 2015 <br> Oct. 2015 |  |
| Total Nonfarm | 2,857.4 | 2,891.0 | 2,907.9 | 50.5 | 16.9 | Total nonfarm employment increased by 50,500 jobs from October 2014 to October 2015. There were large increases in professional/business services (up10,600 jobs), which includes an increase of 9,100 jobs in administrative/support/ waste management; accommodation/food services (up 8,100 jobs), which includes an increase of 6,900 jobs in food services/drinking places; and retail trade (up 7,800 jobs), which includes increases of 3,100 jobs in food/beverage stores and 2,000 jobs in motor vehicle/parts dealers. |
| Total Private | 2,422.4 | 2,460.9 | 2,470.7 | 48.3 | 9.8 |  |
| Goods Producing | 442.9 | 448.0 | 448.2 | 5.3 | 0.2 |  |
| Mining, Logging, \& Construction | 114.1 | 116.4 | 117.1 | 3.0 | 0.7 |  |
| Manufacturing | 328.8 | 331.6 | 331.1 | 2.3 | -0.5 |  |
| Durable Goods Manufacturing | 208.6 | 212.1 | 211.7 | 3.1 | -0.4 |  |
| Wood Product Manufacturing | 11.5 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 0.3 | 0.1 |  |
| Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing | 12.0 | 11.7 | 11.5 | -0.5 | -0.2 |  |
| Primary Metal Manufacturing | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 |  |
| Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing | 34.6 | 34.9 | 34.7 | 0.1 | -0.2 |  |
| Machinery Manufacturing | 26.2 | 25.9 | 25.6 | -0.6 | -0.3 |  |
| Computer \& Electronic Product Manufacturing | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 |  |
| Electrical Equipment \& Appliance Manufacturing | 19.5 | 20.0 | 20.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 | There were smaller increases in health care/ |
| Transportation Equipment Manufacturing | 65.8 | 68.0 | 68.0 | 2.2 | 0.0 | social assistance (up 6,200 jobs), which includes |
| Furniture \& Related Product Manufacturing | 9.0 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | increases of 6,300 jobs in ambulatory health care |
| Miscellaneous Manufacturing Durable Goods | 14.9 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | services and 2,100 jobs in hospitals combined |
| Nondurable Goods Manufacturing | 120.2 | 119.5 | 119.4 | -0.8 | -0.1 | with a decline of 1,600 jobs in nursing/ |
| Textile Mills, Products, \& Apparel | 9.9 | 9.6 | 9.5 | -0.4 | -0.1 | residential care facilities; wholesale trade (up |
| Food Manufacturing | 33.0 | 33.0 | 33.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4,800 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,900 |
| Beverage \& Tobacco Product Manufacturing | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | bs in nondurable goods wholesalers; financial |
| Paper Manufacturing | 14.7 | 14.4 | 14.3 | -0.4 | -0.1 | tivities (up 4,000 jobs), which includes an |
| Printing \& Related Support Activities | 9.4 | 8.9 | 8.9 | -0.5 | 0.0 | increase of 3,600 jobs in finance/insurance; |
| Chemical Manufacturing | 25.3 | 25.2 | 25.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 | arts/entertainment/recreation (up 3,200 jobs); |
| Plastics \& Rubber Products Manufacturing | 21.1 | 21.4 | 21.3 | 0.2 | -0.1 |  |
| Plastics Product Manufacturing | 12.4 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 0.3 | 0.0 |  |
| Rubber Product Manufacturing | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.6 | -0.1 | -0.1 | jobs); and transportation equipment |
| Service Providing | 2,414.5 | 2,443.0 | 2,459.7 | 45.2 | 16.7 | manufacturing (up 2,200 jobs). These increases |
| Trade, Transportation, \& Utilities | 597.5 | 610.3 | 612.3 | 14.8 | 2.0 | were partially offset by declines in other services |
| Wholesale Trade | 124.8 | 128.2 | 129.6 | 4.8 | 1.4 | (down 2,000 jobs) and information (down 1,900 |
| Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods | 63.4 | 64.7 | 65.2 | 1.8 | 0.5 | jobs). |
| Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods | 41.2 | 42.4 | 43.1 | 1.9 | 0.7 |  |
| Wholesale Electronic Markets | 20.2 | 21.1 | 21.3 | 1.1 | 0.2 | During October 2015, nonfarm employment |
| Retail Trade | 322.1 | 328.0 | 329.9 | 7.8 | 1.9 | increased by 16,900 jobs. There were increases |
| Motor Vehicle \& Parts Dealers | 43.2 | 45.1 | 45.2 | 2.0 | 0.1 | in administrative/support/waste management |
| Furniture \& Home Furnishings Stores | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | (up 5,300 jobs); local government educational |
| Building Material, Garden Equipment, \& Supplies | 26.5 | 27.0 | 26.6 | 0.1 | -0.4 | services (up 5,000 jobs); state government |
| Food \& Beverage Stores | 53.0 | 54.8 | 56.1 | 3.1 | 1.3 | educational services (up 3,100 jobs); educational |
| Health \& Personal Care Stores | 23.2 | 23.2 | 23.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | services (up 2,300 jobs); and health care/social |
| Gasoline Stations | 22.2 | 22.3 | 21.4 | -0.8 | -0.9 | assistance (up 2,200 jobs), which includes an |
| Clothing \& Clothing Accessories Stores | 24.4 | 22.8 | 23.6 | -0.8 | 0.8 | increase of 2,000 jobs in ambulatory health care |
| Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, \& Music Stores | 11.8 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | services. This was partially offset by declines in |
| General Merchandise Stores | 70.8 | 70.4 | 71.3 | 0.5 | 0.9 | arts/entertainment/recreation (down 3,300 jobs) |
| Miscellaneous Store Retailers | 17.5 | 17.8 | 18.2 | 0.7 | 0.4 | and transportation/warehousing (down 1,300 |
| Nonstore Retailers | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | jobs). |
| Transportation, Warehousing, \& Utilities | 150.6 | 154.1 | 152.8 | 2.2 | -1.3 |  |
| Utilities | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 | Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated |
| Transportation \& Warehousing | 147.2 | 150.8 | 149.5 | 2.3 | -1.3 | nemployment rate for October 2015 was 5.6 |
| Truck Transportation | 57.9 | 58.1 | 57.4 | -0.5 | -0.7 | ent, down 0.1 percentage point from the sed September rate. The United States |
| Information | 44.1 | 42.6 | 42.2 | -1.9 | -0.4 |  |
| Financial Activities | 142.6 | 146.0 | 146.6 | 4.0 | 0.6 | down 0.1 percentage point from the revised |
| Finance \& Insurance | 107.1 | 109.6 | 110.7 | 3.6 | 1.1 | eptember 2015 rate. |
| Real Estate, Rental, \& Leasing | 35.5 | 36.4 | 35.9 | 0.4 | -0.5 |  |
| Professional \& Business Services | 381.9 | 386.3 | 392.5 | 10.6 | 6.2 | In October 2014, the national unemployment |
| Professional, Scientific, \& Technical Services | 121.8 | 121.4 | 122.0 | 0.2 | 0.6 | rate was 5.7 percent while the state rate was 6.6 |
| Management of Companies \& Enterprises | 38.6 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 1.3 | 0.3 |  |
| Administrative, Support, \& Waste Management | 221.5 | 225.3 | 230.6 | 9.1 | 5.3 |  |
| Educational \& Health Services | 409.5 | 411.2 | 415.7 | 6.2 | 4.5 | Across Tennessee, the unemployment rate |
| Educational Services | 57.4 | 55.1 | 57.4 | 0.0 | 2.3 | decreased in 90 counties, increased in four |
| Health Care \& Social Assistance | 352.1 | 356.1 | 358.3 | 6.2 | 2.2 | counties, and remained the same in Marshall |
| Ambulatory Health Care Services | 141.9 | 146.2 | 148.2 | 6.3 | 2.0 | County. There were 13 counties with a rate |
| Hospitals | 101.5 | 103.1 | 103.6 | 2.1 | 0.5 | between 4 and 4.9 percent. In October 2015, the |
| Nursing \& Residential Care Facilities | 61.4 | 59.9 | 59.8 | -1.6 | -0.1 | lowest rate was in Williamson County at 3.9 |
| Social Assistance | 47.3 | 46.9 | 46.7 | -0.6 | -0.2 | percent, down 0.2 percentage point from the |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | 298.2 | 312.2 | 309.5 | 11.3 | -2.7 | previous month, while the highest rate was in |
| Arts, Entertainment, \& Recreation | 29.8 | 36.3 | 33.0 | 3.2 | -3.3 | Hancock County at 9.8 percent, down from 11.1 |
| Accommodation \& Food Services | 268.4 | 275.9 | 276.5 | 8.1 | 0.6 | percent in September. |
| Accommodation | 34.3 | 35.6 | 35.5 | 1.2 | -0.1 |  |
| Food Services \& Drinking Places | 234.1 | 240.3 | 241.0 | 6.9 | 0.7 |  |
| Other Services | 105.7 | 104.3 | 103.7 | -2.0 | -0.6 | clude all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees |
| Government | 435.0 | 430.1 | 437.2 | 2.2 | 7.1 | who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period |
| Federal Government | 46.8 | 47.5 | 47.4 | 0.6 | -0.1 | that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place |
| State Government | 99.5 | 97.5 | 100.4 | 0.9 | 2.9 | of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, |
| State Government Educational Services | 57.8 | 57.3 | 60.4 | 2.6 | 3.1 | workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are |
| Local Government | 288.7 | 285.1 | 289.4 | 0.7 | 4.3 |  |
| Local Government Educational Services | 146.6 | 143.7 | 148.7 | 2.1 | 5.0 |  |

## CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

## October 2014

September 2015
October 2015

|  | Labor Force | Employment | Unemployed | Rate | Labor Force | Employment | Unemployed | Rate | Labor Force | Employment | Unemployed | Rate |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. | $156,243,000$ | $147,260,000$ | $8,983,000$ | 5.7 | $156,715,000$ | $148,800,000$ | $7,915,000$ | 5.1 | $157,028,000$ | $149,120,000$ | $7,908,000$ | 5.0 |
| TENNESSEE | $2,983,900$ | $2,786,400$ | 197,500 | 6.6 | $3,043,000$ | $2,869,800$ | 173,200 | 5.7 | $3,044,800$ | $2,875,200$ | 169,600 | 5.6 |

*2010 Census changes: Micropolitan Areas-Dayton added and Brownsville, Columbia, Harriman, Humboldt, LaFollette deleted. Cities: Mount Juliet added.

Total nonfarm employment increased by 900 jobs from September 2015 to October 2015. There were increases in professional/business services (up 600 jobs), local government (up 400 jobs), and educational/health services (up 300 jobs). This was partially offset by a decline of 500 jobs in leisure/hospitality.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 4,700 jobs. During the year, goods-producing jobs increased by 500 while service-providing jobs increased by 4,200.

CHATTANOOGA MSA
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)


## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

| Industry | $\begin{gathered} \text { October } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ | Revised September 2015 | Preliminary October 2015 | Net Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Oct. 2014 | Sept. 2015 |
|  |  |  |  | Oct. 2015 | Oct. 2015 |
| Total Nonfarm | 242.3 | 246.1 | 247.0 | 4.7 | 0.9 |
| Total Private | 205.6 | 210.3 | 210.7 | 5.1 | 0.4 |
| Goods Producing | 39.8 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Mining, Logging, \& Construction | 9.1 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| Manufacturing | 30.7 | 30.9 | 30.8 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| Durable Goods Manufacturing | 16.2 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Nondurable Goods Manufacturing | 14.5 | 14.4 | 14.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 |
| Service Providing | 202.5 | 205.8 | 206.7 | 4.2 | 0.9 |
| Trade, Transportation, \& Utilities | 50.2 | 51.6 | 51.6 | 1.4 | 0.0 |
| Wholesale Trade | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Retail Trade | 25.6 | 26.5 | 26.5 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Transportation, Warehousing, \& Utilities | 15.9 | 16.3 | 16.2 | 0.3 | -0.1 |
| Information | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | -0.1 | 0.0 |
| Financial Activities | 14.0 | 14.4 | 14.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| Professional \& Business Services | 27.8 | 29.0 | 29.6 | 1.8 | 0.6 |
| Educational \& Health Services | 33.7 | 33.7 | 34.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | 26.7 | 28.0 | 27.5 | 0.8 | -0.5 |
| Other Services | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Government | 36.7 | 35.8 | 36.3 | -0.4 | 0.5 |
| Federal Government | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| State Government | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.8 | -0.2 | 0.1 |
| Local Government | 23.6 | 23.0 | 23.4 | -0.2 | 0.4 |

Total nonfarm employment increased by 1,600 jobs from September 2015 to October 2015. There were increases in local government (up 1,500 jobs), professional/business services (up 700 jobs), and retail trade (up 500 jobs). This was partially offset by declines of 400 jobs in leisure/hospitality and 300 jobs in state government.

Over the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 8,100 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,000 jobs, while serviceproviding jobs increased by 7,100 .

KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENTRATES
(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)


ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

| Industry | October$2014$ | Revised <br> September 2015 | Preliminary <br> October 2015 | Net Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Oct. 2014 | Sept. 2015 |
|  |  |  |  | Oct. 2015 | Oct. 2015 |
| Total Nonfarm | 383.8 | 390.3 | 391.9 | 8.1 | 1.6 |
| Total Private | 321.3 | 328.5 | 328.9 | 7.6 | 0.4 |
| Goods Producing | 53.1 | 54.1 | 54.1 | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| Mining, Logging, \& Construction | 17.8 | 18.0 | 18.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Manufacturing | 35.3 | 36.1 | 36.1 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| Durable Goods Manufacturing | 26.0 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| Nondurable Goods Manufacturing | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Service Providing | 330.7 | 336.2 | 337.8 | 7.1 | 1.6 |
| Trade, Transportation, \& Utilities | 77.5 | 79.0 | 79.4 | 1.9 | 0.4 |
| Wholesale Trade | 16.5 | 16.4 | 16.4 | -0.1 | 0.0 |
| Retail Trade | 46.8 | 47.9 | 48.4 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| Transportation, Warehousing, \& Utilities | 14.2 | 14.7 | 14.6 | 0.4 | -0.1 |
| Information | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.5 | -0.3 | -0.1 |
| Financial Activities | 17.8 | 18.5 | 18.4 | 0.6 | -0.1 |
| Professional \& Business Services | 61.3 | 64.0 | 64.7 | 3.4 | 0.7 |
| Educational \& Health Services | 51.4 | 51.9 | 51.9 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | 40.2 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 0.6 | -0.4 |
| Other Services | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 |
| Government | 62.5 | 61.8 | 63.0 | 0.5 | 1.2 |
| Federal Government | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| State Government | 21.1 | 21.4 | 21.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 |
| Local Government | 35.9 | 34.9 | 36.4 | 0.5 | 1.5 |



Total nonfarm employment increased by 400 jobs from September 2015 to October 2015. There were seasonal increases in educational/ health services (up 900 jobs); administrative/ support/waste management and retail trade (both up 600 jobs); state government (up 300 jobs); and wholesale trade (up 200 jobs).

These were partially offset by declines in transportation/warehousing/utilities (down 700 jobs); leisure/hospitality and professional/ scientific/technical services (both down 400 jobs); durable goods manufacturing (down 300 jobs); and federal and local governments (both down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 3,300 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs declined by 900 , while service-providing jobs increased by 4,200 .

MEMPHISMSA

## UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)


ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)


Total nonfarm employment increased by 4,800 jobs from September 2015 to October 2015. There were increases in professional/business services (up 2,400 jobs), which includes an increase of 2,200 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; educational/health services (up 1,600 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,300 jobs in health care/social assistance; wholesale trade (up 1,100 jobs); local government (up 900 jobs); state government and financial activities (both up 400 jobs); and retail trade (up 300 jobs).

These were partially offset by declines in leisure/ hospitality (down 1,000 jobs), transportation/ warehousing/utilities (down 600 jobs), other services (down 500 jobs), and information (down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 25,300 jobs. During that time, goodsproducing jobs increased by 4,600 , while serviceproviding jobs increased by 20,700 .


## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

| Industry | October | Revised | Preliminary |  | ange |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry | October | September | October | Oct. 2014 | Sept. 2015 |
|  | 2014 | 2015 | 2015 | Oct. 2015 | Oct. 2015 |
| Total Nonfarm | 891.3 | 911.8 | 916.6 | 25.3 | 4.8 |
| Total Private | 777.5 | 799.3 | 802.7 | 25.2 | 3.4 |
| Goods Producing | 115.2 | 119.9 | 119.8 | 4.6 | -0.1 |
| Mining, Logging, \& Construction | 36.4 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 3.7 | -0.1 |
| Manufacturing | 78.8 | 79.7 | 79.7 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Durable Goods Manufacturing | 56.3 | 57.2 | 57.1 | 0.8 | -0.1 |
| Nondurable Goods Manufacturing | 22.5 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Service Providing | 776.1 | 791.9 | 796.8 | 20.7 | 4.9 |
| Trade, Transportation, \& Utilities | 176.1 | 178.0 | 178.8 | 2.7 | 0.8 |
| Wholesale Trade | 43.6 | 43.3 | 44.4 | 0.8 | 1.1 |
| Retail Trade | 93.2 | 94.2 | 94.5 | 1.3 | 0.3 |
| Transportation, Warehousing, \& Utilities | 39.3 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 0.6 | -0.6 |
| Information | 20.8 | 20.2 | 20.0 | -0.8 | -0.2 |
| Financial Activities | 57.7 | 57.5 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Professional \& Business Services | 137.9 | 142.5 | 144.9 | 7.0 | 2.4 |
| Professional, Scientific, \& Technical Services | 52.8 | 53.7 | 53.7 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Management of Companies \& Enterprises | 17.0 | 17.8 | 18.0 | 1.0 | 0.2 |
| Administrative, Support, \& Waste Management | 68.1 | 71.0 | 73.2 | 5.1 | 2.2 |
| Educational \& Health Services | 138.6 | 141.9 | 143.5 | 4.9 | 1.6 |
| Educational Services | 26.0 | 25.6 | 25.9 | -0.1 | 0.3 |
| Health Care \& Social Assistance | 112.6 | 116.3 | 117.6 | 5.0 | 1.3 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | 94.5 | 102.0 | 101.0 | 6.5 | -1.0 |
| Other Services | 36.7 | 37.3 | 36.8 | 0.1 | -0.5 |
| Government | 113.8 | 112.5 | 113.9 | 0.1 | 1.4 |
| Federal Government | 12.4 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| State Government | 29.9 | 28.4 | 28.8 | -1.1 | 0.4 |
| Local Government | 71.5 | 71.4 | 72.3 | 0.8 | 0.9 |


|  | Clarksville, TN-KY MSA |  | Cleveland, TN MSA |  | Jackson, TN MSA |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. 2015 Revised | Oct. 2015 <br> Prelim. | Sept. 2015 Revised | Oct. 2015 Prelim. | Sept. 2015 <br> Revised | Oct. 2015 Prelim. |
| Total Nonfarm | 90,200 | 89,800 | 44,400 | 46,300 | 66,300 | 66,900 |
| Total Private | 70,200 | 69,800 | 38,500 | 40,200 | 52,800 | 53,200 |
| Goods Producing | 13,800 | 14,100 | 10,900 | 11,100 | 12,900 | 13,000 |
| Mining, Logging, \& Construction | 3,300 | 3,500 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 3,100 | 3,100 |
| Manufacturing | 10,500 | 10,600 | 9,200 | 9,300 | 9,800 | 9,900 |
| Service Providing | 76,400 | 75,700 | 33,500 | 35,200 | 53,400 | 53,900 |
| Trade, Transportation, \& Utilities | 16,300 | 16,300 | 9,000 | 9,100 | 12,900 | 13,100 |
| Wholesale Trade | N.A. | N.A. | 800 | 800 | 3,200 | 3,200 |
| Retail Trade | 11,700 | 11,800 | 5,400 | 5,400 | 7,700 | 7,900 |
| Transportation, Warehousing, \& Utilities | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,800 | 2,900 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Information | 1,100 | 1,100 | 300 | 300 | 600 | 600 |
| Financial Activities | 3,100 | 3,100 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1,900 | 1,900 |
| Professional \& Business Services | 9,000 | 8,900 | 4,300 | 6,000 | 7,100 | 7,200 |
| Educational \& Health Services | 11,700 | 11,500 | 5,700 | 5,900 | 10,100 | 10,000 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | 12,100 | 11,800 | 5,000 | 4,500 | 5,600 | 5,700 |
| Other Services | 3,100 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 1,700 | 1,700 |
| Government | 20,000 | 20,000 | 5,900 | 6,100 | 13,500 | 13,700 |
| Federal Government | 5,800 | 5,900 | 300 | 300 | 500 | 500 |
| State Government | 3,600 | 3,600 | 700 | 800 | 1,800 | 1,900 |
| Local Government | 10,600 | 10,500 | 4,900 | 5,000 | 11,200 | 11,300 |
|  | Johnson C | , TN MSA | Kingsport-Bris | , TN-VA MSA | Morristow | TN MSA |
|  | Sept. 2015 <br> Revised | Oct. 2015 Prelim. | Sept. 2015 Revised | Oct. 2015 Prelim. | Sept. 2015 <br> Revised | $\text { Oct. } 2015$ Prelim. |
| Total Nonfarm | 79,600 | 80,000 | 123,700 | 124,200 | 45,000 | 45,700 |
| Total Private | 62,900 | 63,000 | 106,900 | 107,300 | 38,500 | 38,900 |
| Goods Producing | 10,200 | 10,100 | 28,500 | 28,300 | 12,300 | 12,300 |
| Mining, Logging, \& Construction | 2,700 | 2,700 | 6,800 | 6,700 | 1,900 | 1,900 |
| Manufacturing | 7,500 | 7,400 | 21,700 | 21,600 | 10,400 | 10,400 |
| Service Providing | 69,400 | 69,900 | 95,200 | 95,900 | 32,700 | 33,400 |
| Trade, Transportation, \& Utilities | 13,700 | 13,700 | 25,900 | 26,400 | 10,300 | 10,500 |
| Wholesale Trade | 2,200 | 2,200 | 4,800 | 4,900 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Retail Trade | 10,500 | 10,500 | 16,100 | 16,500 | 5,900 | 6,100 |
| Transportation, Warehousing, \& Utilities | 1,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 2,400 | 2,400 |
| Information | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,900 | 1,900 | 300 | 300 |
| Financial Activities | 3,800 | 3,800 | 3,700 | 3,700 | 1,100 | 1,100 |
| Professional \& Business Services | 8,400 | 8,700 | 10,200 | 10,300 | 3,500 | 3,600 |
| Educational \& Health Services | 13,300 | 13,200 | 19,100 | 19,100 | 5,500 | 5,800 |
| Leisure \& Hospitality | 9,800 | 9,800 | 12,400 | 12,400 | 4,400 | 4,200 |
| Other Services | 2,200 | 2,200 | 5,200 | 5,200 | 1,100 | 1,100 |
| Government | 16,700 | 17,000 | 16,800 | 16,900 | 6,500 | 6,800 |
| Federal Government | 2,800 | 2,800 | 800 | 800 | 300 | 300 |
| State Government | 5,700 | 5,800 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 1,300 | 1,500 |
| Local Government | 8,200 | 8,400 | 13,400 | 13,500 | 4,900 | 5,000 |

[^0]
## U.S. Consumer Price Index - October 2015

|  | All | an Consu | ers | Wage | Clerical | ners |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Percen | hange |  | Percen | hange |
| Group | Index | Yearly | Monthly | Index | Yearly | Monthly |
| U.S. City Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Items (1982-84=100) | 237.838 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 232.373 | -0.4 | -0.1 |
| Food and beverages | 248.575 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 248.053 | 1.5 | 0.2 |
| Housing | 239.395 | 2.1 | -0.1 | 235.733 | 2.0 | -0.2 |
| Apparel | 129.446 | -1.9 | 0.7 | 128.524 | -2.0 | 0.7 |
| Transportation | 195.858 | -7.9 | -0.9 | 194.395 | -8.6 | -1.1 |
| Medical care | 450.065 | 3.0 | 0.6 | 453.217 | 3.0 | 0.7 |
| South |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Items (1982-84=100) | 230.860 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 227.164 | -0.7 | -0.1 |
| Food and beverages | 247.559 | 1.7 | 0.3 | 246.919 | 1.7 | 0.3 |
| Housing | 222.701 | 2.1 | -0.2 | 222.923 | 2.1 | -0.3 |
| Apparel | 138.679 | -1.7 | 1.7 | 137.973 | -1.8 | 1.8 |
| Transportation | 193.612 | -9.0 | -0.6 | 190.611 | -10.2 | -0.8 |
| Medical care | 428.455 | 3.1 | 0.4 | 434.480 | 3.0 | 0.4 |

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

Manufacturing
Durable Goods Manufacturing
Non-Durable Goods Manufacturing

| AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS |  | AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS |  | AVERAGE WEEKLY  <br> HOURS  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. | Sept. | Oct. | Oct. | Sept. | Oct. | Oct. | Sept. | Oct. |
| 2O14 | 2015 | $\mathbf{2 O 1 5}$ | 2014 | 2015 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2015 |
| $\$ 708.29$ | $\$ 735.14$ | $\$ 731.50$ | $\$ 17.36$ | $\$ 17.80$ | $\$ 17.50$ | 40.8 | 41.3 | 41.8 |
| $\$ 729.94$ | $\$ 744.90$ | $\$ 735.26$ | $\$ 17.76$ | $\$ 18.08$ | $\$ 17.76$ | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.4 |
| $\$ 669.73$ | $\$ 718.78$ | $\$ 722.92$ | $\$ 16.66$ | $\$ 17.32$ | $\$ 17.05$ | 40.2 | 41.5 | 42.4 |

ALL EMPLOYEE HOURS AND EARNINGS

|  | AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS |  |  | AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS |  |  | AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oct. $2014$ | Sept. $2015$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 2015 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 2014 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Sept. } \\ 2015 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Oct. } \\ 2015 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Oct. } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Sept. } \\ 2015 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Oct. } \\ 2015 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total Private | \$721.38 | \$733.60 | \$738.50 | \$20.67 | \$20.96 | \$21.04 | 34.9 | 35.0 | 35.1 |
| Goods Producing | \$848.72 | \$896.38 | \$900.34 | \$21.06 | \$21.97 | \$21.80 | 40.3 | 40.8 | 41.3 |
| Mining, Logging and Construction | \$850.64 | \$863.62 | \$915.62 | \$21.70 | \$22.49 | \$22.72 | 39.2 | 38.4 | 40.3 |
| Manufacturing | \$848.19 | \$906.88 | \$893.57 | \$20.84 | \$21.80 | \$21.48 | 40.7 | 41.6 | 41.6 |
| Private Service Providing | \$693.21 | \$699.32 | \$702.31 | \$20.57 | \$20.69 | \$20.84 | 33.7 | 33.8 | 33.7 |
| Trade, Transportation, and Utilities | \$654.81 | \$662.77 | \$657.22 | \$18.98 | \$19.10 | \$19.33 | 34.5 | 34.7 | 34.0 |
| Information | \$989.19 | \$995.72 | \$1,012.28 | \$26.10 | \$27.28 | \$27.81 | 37.9 | 36.5 | 36.4 |
| Financial Activities | \$923.80 | \$957.92 | \$966.44 | \$24.12 | \$25.82 | \$26.12 | 38.3 | 37.1 | 37.0 |
| Professional and Business Services | \$894.08 | \$875.72 | \$885.61 | \$25.40 | \$24.53 | \$24.33 | 35.2 | 35.7 | 36.4 |
| Education and Health Services | \$735.30 | \$761.87 | \$766.74 | \$21.50 | \$21.83 | \$22.16 | 34.2 | 34.9 | 34.6 |
| Leisure and Hospitality | \$315.72 | \$327.28 | \$329.10 | \$11.65 | \$12.35 | \$12.28 | 27.1 | 26.5 | 26.8 |
| Other Services | \$650.65 | \$625.65 | \$632.61 | \$20.02 | \$19.37 | \$19.17 | 32.5 | 32.3 | 33.0 |

 RATES
(Seasonally Adjusted)




[^0]:    Clarksville MSA is Montgomery County, Christian County, KY, \& Trigg County, KY. Cleveland MSA is Bradley \& Polk counties. Jackson MSA is Chester, Crockett, \& Madison counties. Johnson City MSA is Carter, Unicoi, \& Washington counties. Kingsport-Bristol MSA is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, \& Bristol City, VA. Morristown MSA is Hamblen, \& Jefferson counties.

