# WorkINGT <br> <br> HEALTHIERTN <br> <br> HEALTHIERTN <br> Eat More Fruits 

## Keep visible reminders.

Keep a bowl of whole fruit on the table, counter or in the refrigerator.

## Think about taste.

Buy fresh fruits in season when they may be less expensive and at their peak flavor. Add fruits to sweeten a recipe instead of sugar.

## Think about variety.

Buy fruits that are dried, frozen and canned (in water or $100 \%$ juice) as well as fresh, so that you always have a supply on hand.

## Don't forget the fiber.

Make most of your choices whole or cut-up fruit, rather than juice, for the benefits that dietary fiber provides.

## Be a good role model.

Set a good example for children by eating fruit every day with meals or as snacks.

## Include fruit at breakfast.

At breakfast, top your cereal with bananas, peaches or strawberries; add blueberries to pancakes; drink 100\% orange or grapefruit juice. Or try a fruit mixed with fat-free or low-fat yogurt.

## Try fruit at lunch.

At lunch, pack a tangerine, banana or grapes to eat, or choose fruits from a salad bar. Individual containers of fruits like peaches or applesauce are easy and convenient.

## Experiment with fruit at dinner, too.

At dinner, add crushed pineapple to coleslaw, or include orange sections, dried cranberries, or grapes in a tossed salad. Try fruit salsa on top of fish.

## Snack on fruits.

Dried fruits make great snacks. They are easy to carry and store well.

## Keep fruits safe.

Rinse fruits before preparing or eating them. Under clean, running water, rub fruits briskly to remove dirt and surface microorganisms. After rinsing, dry with a clean towel.

For more information, go to www.myplate.gov/eat-healthy/fruits.

