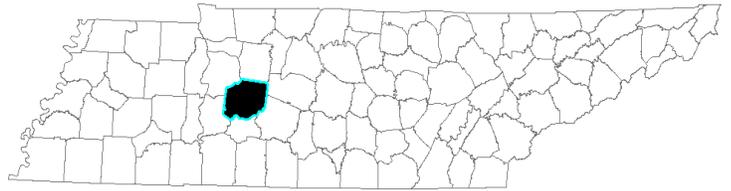
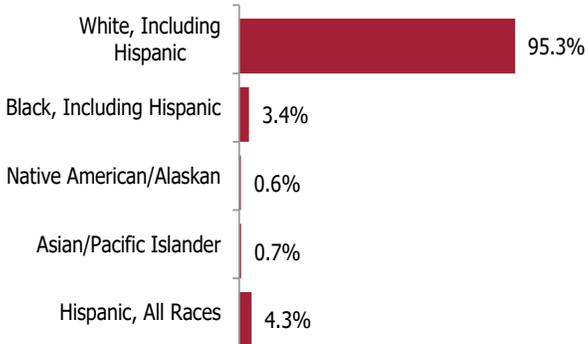


# Hickman



## TCCY Index Rank 57

### Child Population by Race/Ethnicity



### HEALTH

- Low birth-weight babies: 7.6% (Rank: 22)
- Children without health insurance: 5.3% (Rank: 85)
- Child and teen deaths: 18.2 per 100,000 (Rank: 23)

### ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Rank: 63

- Child Poverty: 23.8% (Rank: 43)
- Median Household Income: \$42,824 (Rank: 50)
- Fair Market Rent: \$954 (Rank: 70)

### FAMILY and COMMUNITY

Rank: 32

- School suspension rate: 1.1% (Rank: 23)
- Teen pregnancy: 11.5 per 1,000 (Rank: 42)
- Substantiated Abuse and Neglect: 6.9 per 1,000 (Rank: 62)

### EDUCATION

Rank: 70

- Third to eighth grade reading proficiency: 30.2% (Rank: 56)
- Third to eighth grade math proficiency: 30.5% (Rank: 70)
- High school graduation rate: 91.3% (Rank: 71)

# Hickman County

Published 10/2019

Demographics 	Hickman County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Total population (state comparison is number not rate)	24,863	NA	6,715,862	0.4%	59
Population under 18 years of age	5,199	20.9%	22.4%	93.5%	54
Economic Well-Being 	Hickman County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Youth unemployment	10	2.4%	12.0%	20.0%	4
Per capita personal income (state is dollars not rate)	\$31,460	NA	\$45,517	69.1%	81
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	203	3.9%	3.2%	122.7%	66
Children receiving SNAP	2,060	39.6%	31.8%	124.7%	63
Children under five receiving WIC	361	25.0%	29.6%	84.3%	10
Education 	Hickman County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
School age special education services	556	17.1%	11.9%	143.7%	91
TEIS participation (per 1,000 in age group)	19	21.44	23.4	91.5%	36
Cohort high school dropouts	4	1.5%	5.5%	27.3%	17
Event high school dropouts	9	0.8%	2.6%	30.8%	24
Economically disadvantaged students	1,199	36.6%	34.7%	105.5%	47
School expulsions (per 1,000 students)	0	0.0	2.0	0.0%	1
Chronic absenteeism	430	13.1%	13.6%	96.3%	48
Health 	Hickman County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	5	19.08	13.5	141.2%	60
Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	69	26.3%	12.7%	207.1%	77
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	3,405	56.0%	48.4%	115.8%	54
Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	6,100	24.5%	21.8%	112.6%	50
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	164	62.6%	52.3%	119.7%	42
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	190	5.2%	5.5%	94.5%	56
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	1	3.80	7.4	51.4%	24
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	1	3.80	4.6	82.6%	49
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)	0	0.00	22.4	0.0%	1
Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 children age 15 to 19)	1	67.10	52.5	127.8%	69
Adequate prenatal care	154	58.8%	57.4%	102.4%	55
Children under age six screened for lead poisoning	260	15.1%	17.7%	85.4%	65
Public school students measured as overweight/obese	NA	42.8%	39.2%	109.2%	47
Teens with STDs (per 1,000 children age 15 to 17)	<5	0.0	17.3	0.0%	1
Medical doctors by county (per 100,000 residents)	3	12.1	239.2	5.0%	91
Dentists by county (per 100,000 residents)	2	8.0	49.0	16.4%	89
Family & Community 	Hickman County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Reported child abuse cases	405	7.8%	4.9%	160.5%	89
Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	35	6.0	3.9	155.1%	70
Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children)	31	5.4	5.1	105.2%	42
Juvenile court referrals	665	12.8%	4.3%	300.1%	92
Recorded marriages (per 1,000 residents)	147	5.9	8.2	72.0%	69
Recorded divorces (per 1,000 residents)	82	3.3	3.6	91.7%	26
Births to unmarried females	124	47.3%	43.6%	108.5%	71
Regulated child care spaces (state is number not rate)	429	NA	307,218	0.1%	73

## Hickman County

At 57<sup>th</sup>, Hickman County is in the bottom half of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's strongest rankings include relatively low rates of babies born at a low birthweight and of suspensions in school. The county's biggest challenges include a comparatively high rate of children without health insurance and a low high school graduation rate.

Additional strengths include a low rate of child and teen deaths and of pregnancy among girls age 15 to 17.

Additional opportunities for improvement include a low percentage of 3<sup>rd</sup> to 8<sup>th</sup> grade students rated proficient in math on TNReady tests and above average housing costs.

*Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes.* Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership and non-profit leadership.

- Most uninsured children in Tennessee qualify for either TennCare or CoverKids, so high rates of uninsured children can be improved with outreach to make sure that families are aware of these insurance opportunities. According to Census Bureau estimates, Hickman County has almost 200 children who qualify for these health insurance programs but who nonetheless lack insurance.
- Making high school students aware of the community college and technical school benefits available to them through Tennessee Promise can encourage on-time high school graduation.
- Increased access to pre-K can help both math and reading proficiency in later grades. Increasing STEM opportunities in elementary and middle schools can help improve 3<sup>rd</sup> to 8<sup>th</sup> grade math proficiency.
- Pro-active housing policy that helps ensure affordable housing is available for people to live where they work can improve negative outcomes related to high housing costs.