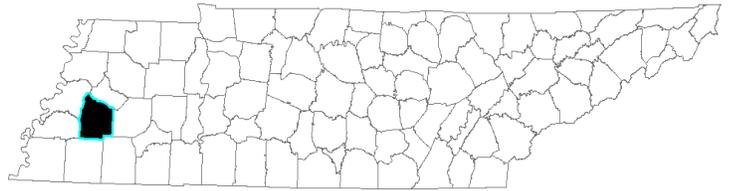
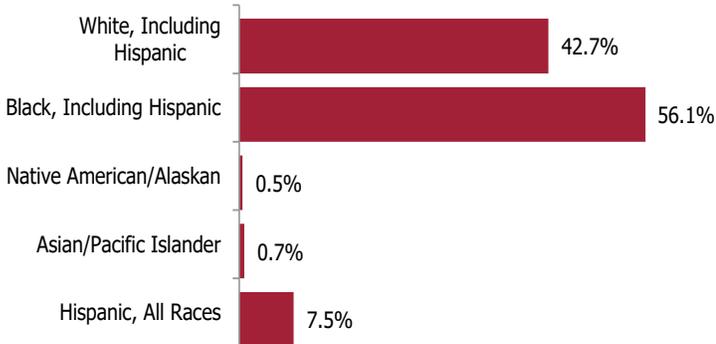


# Haywood



## TCCY Index Rank 91

### Child Population by Race/Ethnicity



### HEALTH



Low birth-weight babies

12.4%

Rank: 84

Rank: 91

Children without health insurance

4.0%

Rank: 22

Child and teen deaths

72.1 per 100,000

Rank: 88

### ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Rank: 91

Child Poverty

30.8%

Rank: 86

Median Household Income

\$34,556

Rank: 90

Fair Market Rent

\$877

Rank: 54

### FAMILY and COMMUNITY

Rank: 50

School suspension rate

2.0%

Rank: 36

Teen pregnancy

15.3 per 1,000

Rank: 67

Substantiated Abuse and Neglect

5.9 per 1,000

Rank: 47

### EDUCATION

Rank: 90

16.4%

Third to eighth grade reading proficiency

Rank: 95

18.2%

Third to eighth grade math proficiency

Rank: 90

92.0%

High school graduation rate

Rank: 62



# Haywood County

Published 10/2019

Demographics 	Haywood County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Total population (state comparison is number not rate)	17,567	NA	6,715,862	0.3%	72
Population under 18 years of age	3,907	22.2%	22.4%	99.5%	29
Economic Well-Being 	Haywood County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Youth unemployment	50	18.5%	12.0%	154.2%	71
Per capita personal income (state is dollars not rate)	\$31,794	NA	\$45,517	69.9%	78
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	225	5.7%	3.2%	180.1%	93
Children receiving SNAP	2,044	52.3%	31.8%	164.6%	91
Children under five receiving WIC	478	47.8%	29.6%	161.3%	73
Education 	Haywood County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
School age special education services	366	13.0%	11.9%	109.2%	52
TEIS participation (per 1,000 in age group)	16	27.12	23.4	115.8%	55
Cohort high school dropouts	16	6.9%	5.5%	125.5%	80
Event high school dropouts	19	1.9%	2.6%	73.1%	69
Economically disadvantaged students	1,368	48.3%	34.7%	139.2%	87
School expulsions (per 1,000 students)	0	0.0	2.0	0.0%	1
Chronic absenteeism	273	9.7%	13.6%	71.3%	19
Health 	Haywood County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	0	0.00	13.5	0.0%	1
Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	30	14.4%	12.7%	113.4%	16
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	3,074	67.3%	48.4%	139.2%	88
Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	5,527	31.5%	21.8%	144.4%	89
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	168	80.4%	52.3%	153.8%	93
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	117	4.1%	5.5%	74.5%	10
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	2	9.60	7.4	129.7%	71
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	0	0.00	4.6	0.0%	1
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)	2	66.00	22.4	294.6%	87
Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 children age 15 to 19)	1	88.30	52.5	168.2%	77
Adequate prenatal care	126	60.3%	57.4%	105.1%	50
Children under age six screened for lead poisoning	272	22.5%	17.7%	127.2%	18
Public school students measured as overweight/obese	NA	44.8%	39.2%	114.3%	66
Teens with STDs (per 1,000 children age 15 to 17)	18	26.2	17.3	151.3%	74
Medical doctors by county (per 100,000 residents)	5	28.5	239.2	11.9%	80
Dentists by county (per 100,000 residents)	3	17.1	49.0	34.8%	69
Family & Community 	Haywood County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Reported child abuse cases	152	3.9%	4.9%	80.2%	9
Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	26	6.0	3.9	153.3%	69
Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children)	25	5.7	5.1	112.8%	47
Juvenile court referrals	65	1.7%	4.3%	39.0%	8
Recorded marriages (per 1,000 residents)	101	5.7	8.2	69.5%	75
Recorded divorces (per 1,000 residents)	38	2.2	3.6	61.1%	5
Births to unmarried females	139	66.5%	43.6%	152.5%	95
Regulated child care spaces (state is number not rate)	842	NA	307,218	0.3%	53

## Haywood County

At 91<sup>st</sup>, Haywood County is near the bottom of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's strongest rankings include low rates of students suspended from school and of children without health insurance. The county's biggest challenges include one of the highest rates of babies born at a low birthweight as well as low rates of 3<sup>rd</sup> to 8<sup>th</sup> grade students rated as proficient on TNReady tests in both reading and math.

Additional strengths include low housing costs and an above-average high school graduation rate.

Additional opportunities for improvement include a low median household income and the fact that almost a third of the county's children live in poverty.

*Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes.* Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership and non-profit leadership.

- Low birthweight is a persistent and difficult problem, but improvements can occur when care is made available for chronic physical and mental health and substance abuse conditions for women of childbearing age.
- Increased access to pre-K can help both math and reading proficiency in later grades. Early assessment of reading skills coupled with appropriate interventions where needed can improve reading proficiency, while increasing STEM opportunities in elementary and middle schools can help improve 3<sup>rd</sup> to 8<sup>th</sup> grade math proficiency.
- With low income and a high rate of child poverty, improving outreach to those who may qualify to receive SNAP and WIC benefits to be sure they are aware of these services can help ensure basic needs are met. Additionally, nutrition programs that provide food for school-age children to take home can contribute to food security. Expanding services through Family Resource Centers can also help reach these vulnerable populations.