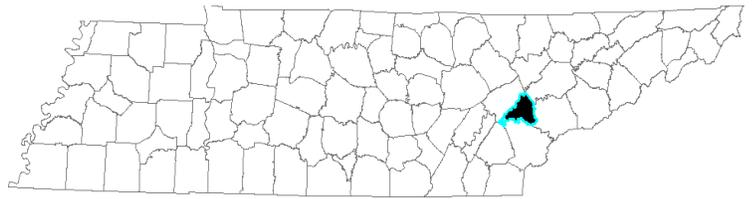
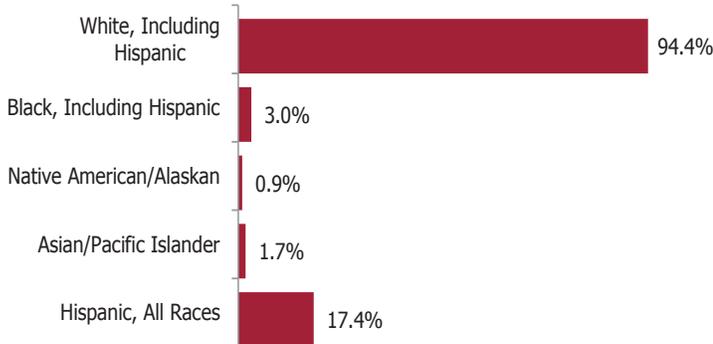


Loudon

TCCY Index Rank 33



Child Population by Race/Ethnicity



HEALTH



Low birth-weight babies

7.80%

Rank: 63 Rank: 16

Children without health insurance

4.60%

Rank: 83

Child and teen deaths

31.7 per 100,000

Rank: 64

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Rank: 9

Child Poverty

18.50%

Rank: 12

Median Household Income

\$56,774

Rank: 7

Fair Market Rent

\$1,051

Rank: 77

FAMILY and COMMUNITY

Rank: 55

School suspension rate

6.00%

Rank: 83

Teen pregnancy

11.2 per 1,000

Rank: 37

Substantiated Abuse and Neglect

4.9 per 1,000

Rank: 33

EDUCATION

Rank: 34

35.90%

Third to eighth grade reading proficiency

Rank: 20

45.10%

Third to eighth grade math proficiency

Rank: 18

89.80%

High school graduation rate

Rank: 73



Loudon County

Demographics 	Loudon County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Total population (state comparison is number not rate)	51,461	NA	6,651,120	0.8%	31
Population under 18 years of age	9,979	19.4%	22.5%	86.4%	82
Economic Well-Being 	Loudon County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Youth unemployment	150	23.8%	15.5%	153.5%	74
Per capita personal income (state is dollars not rate)	\$43,868	NA	\$43,326	101.3%	9
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	187	1.9%	3.8%	49.6%	4
Children receiving SNAP	2,675	26.7%	32.3%	82.7%	11
Children under five receiving WIC	1,004	37.9%	33.7%	112.5%	31
Education 	Loudon County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
School age special education services	835	11.9%	11.9%	100.3%	25
TEIS participation (per 1,000 in age group)	36	23.03	20.6	111.8%	57
Cohort high school dropouts	31	6.3%	5.6%	112.5%	78
Event high school dropouts	35	1.6%	2.7%	60.3%	69
Economically disadvantaged students	1,868	26.9%	35.7%	75.5%	18
School expulsions (per 1,000 students)	0	0.0	2.0	0.0%	1
Chronic absenteeism	1,252	17.1%	15.8%	108.2%	59
Health 	Loudon County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	7	12.48	13.2	94.3%	47
Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	75	13.4%	13.4%	100.0%	13
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	5,845	50.6%	51.7%	97.9%	23
Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	9,834	19.1%	23.4%	81.5%	9
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	288	51.3%	52.9%	97.1%	13
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	360	6.1%	4.7%	129.8%	92
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	6	10.70	7.4	144.6%	76
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	3	5.30	4.2	126.2%	64
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)	1	12.80	21.8	58.7%	36
Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 children age 15 to 19)	1	36.80	50.5	72.9%	47
Adequate prenatal care	316	56.3%	52.4%	107.4%	57
Children under age six screened for lead poisoning	332	10.4%	18.5%	55.9%	88
Public school students measured as overweight/obese	NA	41.8%	38.4%	108.9%	46
Teens with STDs (per 1,000 children age 15 to 17)	14	8.5	16.0	53.1%	28
Medical doctors by county (per 100,000 residents)	41	79.7	240.0	33.2%	24
Dentists by county (per 100,000 residents)	23	44.7	49.3	90.7%	14
Family & Community 	Loudon County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Reported child abuse cases	495	4.9%	4.9%	100.0%	28
Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	25	2.3	3.8	60.5%	13
Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children)	38	3.4	4.8	70.8%	22
Juvenile court referrals	380	3.8%	4.5%	84.4%	35
Recorded marriages (per 1,000 residents)	266	5.2	8.6	60.5%	87
Recorded divorces (per 1,000 residents)	142	2.8	3.8	73.7%	11
Births to unmarried females	210	37.4%	43.6%	85.8%	13
Regulated child care spaces (state is number not rate)	1,879	NA	381,686	0.5%	35

Loudon County

At 33rd, Loudon County ranks just outside the top third of Tennessee counties in child wellbeing. The county's best rankings include a high median household income and a relatively low rate of children living in poverty. The county's biggest opportunities for improvement include having relatively high rates of children who lack health insurance and of students suspended from school.

Additional strengths include a comparatively low rate of babies born at a low birthweight and above average percentages of 3rd to 8th grade students demonstrating proficiency on TNReady tests of reading and math.

Additional challenges include high housing costs and a below average high school graduation rate.

Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes. Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership and non-profit leadership.

- Most uninsured children in Tennessee qualify for either TennCare or CoverKids, so high rates of uninsured children can be improved with outreach to make sure that families are aware of these insurance opportunities. According to Census Bureau estimates, Loudon County has over 350 children who qualify for these health insurance programs but who nonetheless lack insurance.
- Suspension rates can be reduced through clear definitions of what constitutes suspendable behavior and a focus on restorative discipline practices that aim to improve behavior while keeping children in school.
- Pro-active housing policy that helps ensure affordable housing is available for people to live where they work can improve negative outcomes related to high housing costs.
- Making high school students aware of the community college and technical school benefits available to them through Tennessee Promise can encourage on-time high school graduation.