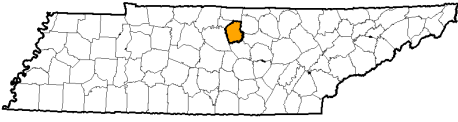
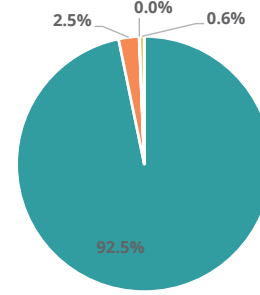


9th SMITH

Population Under 18: 22.4%

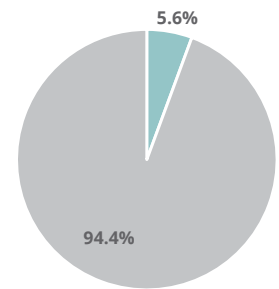


Child Population by Race



■ White, Including Hispanic ■ Black, Including Hispanic
■ Native American/Alaskan ■ Asian/Pacific Islander

Child Population by Hispanic Ethnicity



■ Hispanic, All Races ■ Non-Hispanic

Published May 2023

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING 37TH

	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
--	------	-----------------------	---------------

Children living in poverty 16.8% 16th 16.1% 16th

Severe housing cost burden 12.4% 87th 10.4% 60th

Child care cost burden 20.7% 12th 17.8% 6th

EDUCATION 9TH

	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
--	------	-----------------------	---------------

3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency 40.4% 11th 29.2% 32nd

3rd to 8th grade math proficiency 39.5% 21st 33.5% 25th

Youth graduating high school on time 97.4% 7th 93.9% 31st

HEALTH 32ND

	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
--	------	-----------------------	---------------

Children who are food insecure 10.9% 22nd 14.4% 19th

Children who lack health insurance 7.6% 82nd 4.9% 42nd

Babies born at a low birthweight 7.0% 9th 5.7% 7th

FAMILY & COMMUNITY 9TH

	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
--	------	-----------------------	---------------

Children living in single parent families 29.5% 32nd 32.5% 81st

Children who are chronically absent 7.8% 3rd 5.6% 5th

Victims of abuse or neglect per 1,000 12.4 42nd 14.9 59th

Smith County

	Number	Rate	Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
--	--------	------	----------------	---	-------------

Demographics

Total population (state value is number not rate)	20,185	NA	6,975,170	0.3%	66
Population under 18 years of age (percent of total population)	4,528	22.4%	22.0%	102.0%	25

Economic Well-Being

Youth unemployment	32	9.7%	12.9%	75.2%	35
Per capita personal income (state value is dollars not rate)	\$48,602	NA	\$56,560	85.9%	28
Median home sales price (state value is dollars not rate)	\$215,000	NA	\$283,410	75.9%	34
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	46	1.0%	1.5%	68.5%	13
Children receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance (SNAP)	901	19.9%	24.0%	82.9%	15
Fair market rent (percent of monthly median household income)	\$920	19.5%	21.1%	92.6%	6

Education

School age special education services	413	14.4%	12.2%	118.0%	63
TEIS participation (percent of children age 0 to 2)	17	2.5%	3.8%	65.9%	41
Cohort high school dropouts (percent of class cohort)	7	3.3%	6.7%	49.1%	38
Event high school dropouts (percent of students grade 9 to 12)	19	2.2%	4.0%	55.0%	60
Economically disadvantaged students	690	24.0%	30.0%	80.0%	13
School suspensions	36	1.3%	5.1%	24.6%	13
Graduating seniors scoring 21 or better on the ACT at least once	66	36.7%	35.3%	103.9%	25
Young adult college enrollment (percent of graduating seniors)	543	43.9%	52.8%	83.1%	79

Health

Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	6.6	*	*
Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	39	17.0%	9.1%	187.1%	55
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	2,809	53.6%	55.3%	96.9%	22
Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	5,147	25.5%	24.9%	102.4%	33
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	134	58.0%	55.1%	105.4%	27
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	232	9.2%	7.6%	121.1%	84
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	6.2	*	*
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	3.2	*	*
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)	0	0.00	20.7	0.0%	1
Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 youth age 15 to 19)	*	*	69.7	*	*
Adequate prenatal care	183	81.0%	73.9%	109.6%	26
Pediatric physicians (per 100,000 children)	0	0.0	76.5	0.0%	57
Public school students measured as overweight/obese	NA	48.7%	42.8%	113.8%	70
Teens with STDs (per 1,000 youth age 15 to 17)	<5	*	16.6	*	*
WIC participation (percent of children under 5)	434	37.2%	31.7%	117.2%	36
Dentists by county (per 100,000 residents)	1	5.0	41.4	12.0%	90

Family & Community

Reported child abuse cases	245	5.4%	4.6%	117.9%	56
Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	34	6.8	2.8	241.8%	83
Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children)	60	12.0	5.3	226.1%	88
Juvenile court referrals	97	2.1%	1.8%	119.6%	60
Recorded marriages (per 1,000 residents)	138	6.8	6.6	103.1%	41
Recorded divorces (per 1,000 residents)	59	2.9	3.2	90.9%	29
Young driver accidents (percent of age 15-24 driver's licenses)	223	11.9%	12.3%	97.0%	84
Regulated child care spaces (percent of children age 0 to 12)	294	9.1%	28.9%	31.4%	93
Child care assistance (per 1,000 children age 0 to 12)	13	4.0	24.9	16.1%	18

Smith

Overall

At 9th, Smith County is in the top ten Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's strongest area was Education.

Strengths

Smith's strongest indicator is the percent of chronic absenteeism among public school students, where the county ranks 3rd. The county also performs well in the percent of high school students who graduated on time at 97.4%.

Opportunities

The county's biggest challenge is the percent of households in the county experiencing a severe housing cost burden, where it ranks 87th. There are opportunities for improvement in the percent of children without health insurance as well.

Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes

Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership, non-profit partners and community engagement.

Pro-active housing policy that helps ensure affordable housing is available for people to live where they work can improve negative outcomes related to high housing costs. These policies might include approving more apartment construction and allowing rental of accessory dwelling units, creating a standard zoning approval process and applying for affordable housing trust fund competitive grants. Improving ease of usage and communication with landlords and renters using Housing Choice Vouchers can increase the number of landlords willing to accept vouchers.

Most uninsured children in Tennessee qualify for either TennCare or CoverKids, so high rates of uninsured children can be improved with outreach to make sure families are aware of these insurance opportunities. According to Census Bureau estimates, Smith County has over 230 children who qualify for these health insurance programs but who nonetheless lack insurance. Communities can utilize free outreach resources from the Connecting Kids to Coverage National Campaign at InsureKidsNow.Gov. Those insured by TennCare or CoverKids must keep current contact information with TennCare to prevent unnecessary breaks in coverage. Members can update information at tenncareconnect.tn.gov or by calling 855-259-0701.

Indicator Definitions and History

Children living in poverty - Percent of children living in a household below the federal poverty line. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (2021).

Severe housing cost burden - Percent of households spending 50% or more of their income on housing. Source: American Community Survey, 5-year estimates (2017-2021). New to the county profiles, it replaces Fair Market Rent. It is more closely aligned to a KIDS COUNT national indicator, does not apply only to rental housing, and is a rate rather than a dollar value.

Child care cost burden - Child care costs for a household with two children as a percent of median household income. Source: Produced by the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute using The Living Wage Calculator (2022) and Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (2021). This is new to the rankings and replaces Median Household Income (MHI). We wanted an indicator expressed as a percentage rather than a dollar amount as well as one that related to a common family expense. Income is already somewhat measured in poverty estimates. In addition, this indicator uses MHI in its calculation.

3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "on-track" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) reading and language test. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2021-22).

3rd to 8th grade math proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "on-track" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment program (TCAP) math test. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2021-22).

Youth graduating high school on time - Percent of ninth-grade cohort that graduates in four years. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2021-22).

Children who are food insecure - Percent of children who sometimes lack access to adequate food. Source: Map the Meal Gap (2021). This is new to the rankings and replaces child and teen death rates, which, because the Department of Health has tightened its data suppression rules, is no longer available for all counties. We did not have an indicator for all counties to line up with overweight/obesity data in the national ranking, so we searched for an one related to nutrition and healthy eating.

Children who lack health insurance - Percent of children who lack health insurance. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (2020).

Babies born at a low birthweight - Percent of live births where baby weighs less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds), averaged over three years. Source: Tennessee Department of Health (2019-21), with three counties estimated using American Community Survey 5-year data (2015-19, 2016-20, 2017-21). It has been in our county profiles from the beginning, though it was previously just one-year data. The Department of Health has tightened its data suppression rules, and dozens of counties' data were unavailable with one-year numbers. Three-year numbers still left three counties suppressed. Those were estimated from 5-year American Community Survey data.

Children living in single parent families - Single-parent households as a percent of all households with children. Source: American Community Survey, 5-year estimates (2017-2021). New to the county profiles, it replaces births to unmarried females, which in turn replaced teen births. As the Tennessee Department of Health tightened its data suppression rules, teen birth data was no longer available for all counties. Children born to unmarried females was always an attempt to roughly estimate teen births using different data. In moving from actual counts to ACS 5-year estimates, we decided to use this indicator over teen births as it affects families with parents of all ages.

Children who are chronically absent - Children who are absent 10 percent or more of school days for any reason, including excused/unexcused absences and out-of-school suspensions. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2021-22). New to the county profiles, it replaces school suspensions, which have suppressed data for many counties.

Victims of abuse or neglect per 1,000 - Child victims of abuse or neglect. In cases with multiple children each child is counted individually. The total is the number of children associated with substantiated cases of severe abuse and of determinations of "Services Court Ordered" or "Services Needed" in cases of non-severe abuse or neglect. Children with multiple cases during the year are counted only once. The rate is per 1,000 children. Source: Tennessee Department of Children's Services (2021). This has been in our county rankings from the beginning, but we have moved to counting children rather than cases.