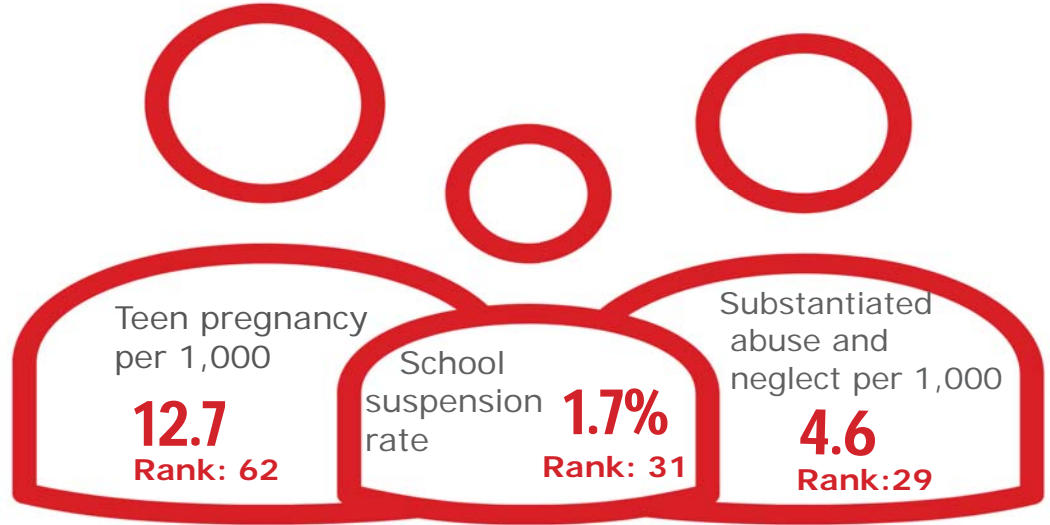


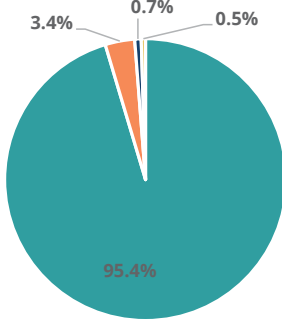
Family & Community

Rank: 26

Stewart Rank: 22



Child Population by Race

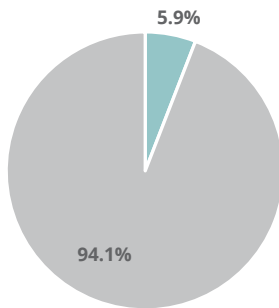


- White, Including Hispanic
- Black, Including Hispanic
- Native American/Alaskan
- Asian/Pacific Islander

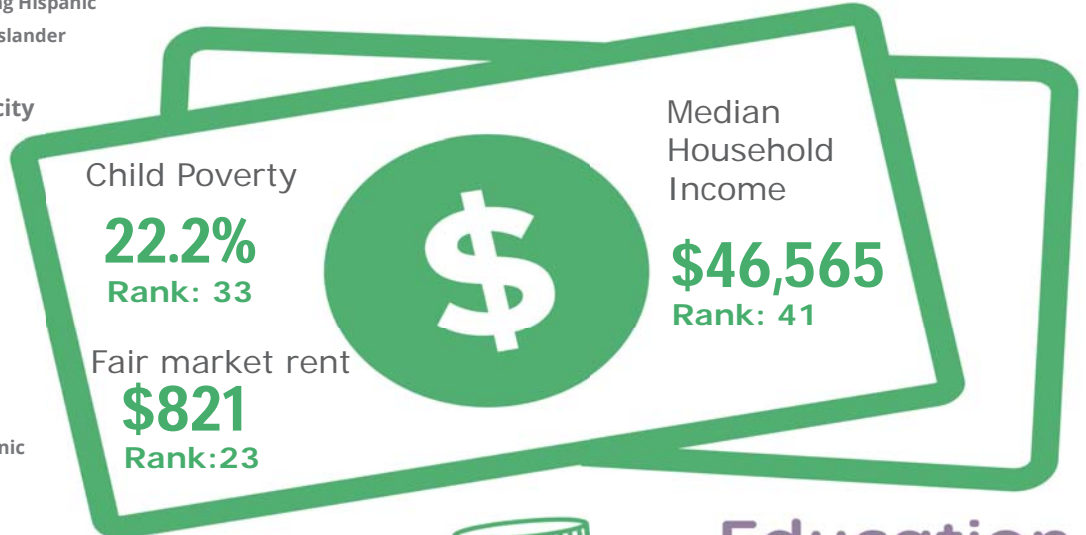
Economic Well-Being

Rank: 21

Child Population by Hispanic Ethnicity

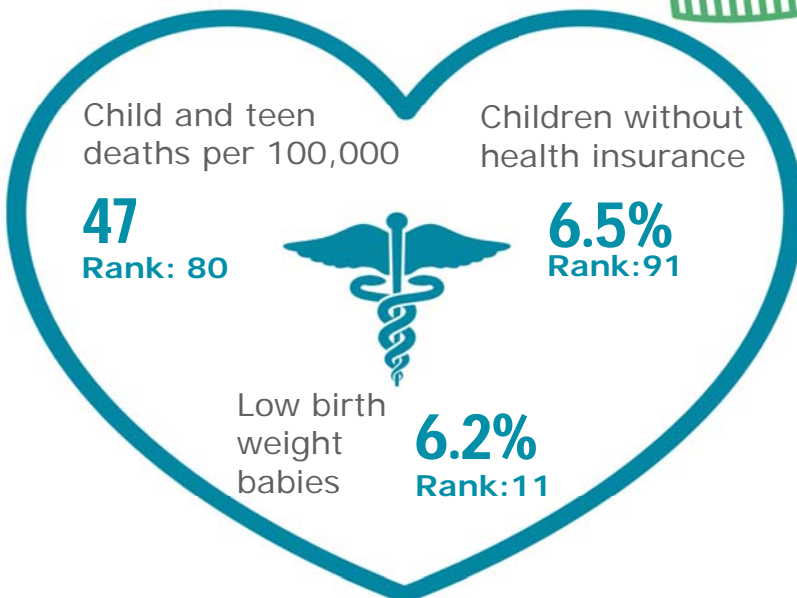


- Hispanic, All Races
- Non-Hispanic



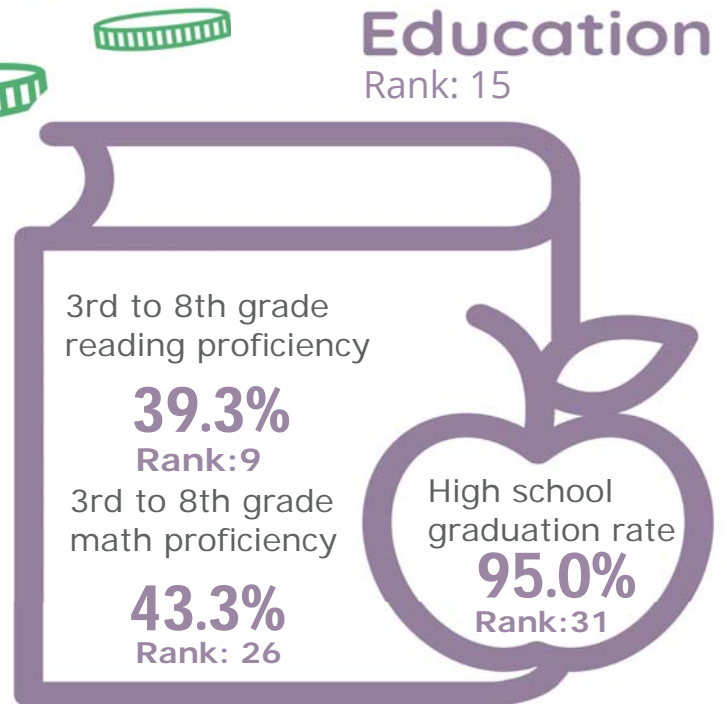
Health

Rank: 82








Education

Rank: 15



Stewart County

Published 1/2021

Demographics 	Stewart County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Total population (state comparison is number not rate)	13,563	NA	6,769,975	0.2%	81
Population under 18 years of age	2,800	20.6%	22.2%	93.0%	56
Economic Well-Being 	Stewart County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Youth unemployment	25	9.8%	11.2%	87.5%	36
Per capita personal income (state is dollars not rate)	\$39,853	NA	\$46,900	85.0%	30
Median home sales price (state is dollars not rate)	\$134,750	NA	\$146,000	92.3%	49
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	66	2.4%	2.7%	87.2%	33
Children receiving SNAP	747	26.7%	28.2%	94.7%	24
Children under five receiving WIC	256	34.5%	30.6%	112.7%	31
Education 	Stewart County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
School age special education services	227	11.5%	12.3%	93.5%	16
TEIS participation (per 1,000 in age group)	20	43.76	27.9	156.9%	81
Cohort high school dropouts	0	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%	1
Event high school dropouts	4	0.6%	2.2%	27.3%	21
Economically disadvantaged students	1,324	66.6%	65.1%	102.3%	41
School expulsions (per 1,000 students)	0	0.0	2.0	0.0%	1
Chronic absenteeism	219	11.1%	13.3%	83.5%	32
Young adult college enrollment/completion rate	NA	53.9%	62.5%	86.2%	80
Health 	Stewart County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	11.5	*	*
Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	31	21.4%	12.1%	176.9%	52
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	1,558	47.6%	44.7%	106.4%	32
Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	2,886	21.3%	19.9%	106.9%	38
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	115	79.3%	65.5%	121.2%	46
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	143	8.0%	6.5%	123.1%	89
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	1	6.90	6.9	100.0%	57
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	0	0.00	4.4	0.0%	1
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)	1	47.00	20.5	229.3%	80
Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 children age 15 to 19)	0	0.00	55.7	0.0%	1
Adequate prenatal care	74	51.0%	58.8%	86.7%	84
Children under age six screened for lead poisoning	175	19.8%	17.1%	115.6%	29
Public school students measured as overweight/obese	NA	42.1%	39.3%	107.1%	42
Teens with STDs (per 1,000 children age 15 to 17)	5	9.7	19.0	51.1%	26
Medical doctors by county (per 100,000 residents)	3	22.1	229.1	9.7%	84
Dentists by county (per 100,000 residents)	3	22.1	50.1	44.2%	57
Family & Community 	Stewart County		Tennessee Rate	County Rate as a percentage of State Rate	County Rank
	Number	Rate			
Reported child abuse cases	165	5.9%	4.7%	126.3%	61
Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	19	6.1	4.1	149.6%	61
Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children)	23	7.4	5.2	141.7%	61
Juvenile court referrals	86	3.1%	3.5%	86.9%	32
Recorded marriages (per 1,000 residents)	90	6.6	8.0	82.5%	37
Recorded divorces (per 1,000 residents)	39	2.9	3.5	82.9%	22

Stewart County

At 22nd, Stewart County ranks in the top third of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's best rankings include a high percentage of students grades 3rd-8th rated proficient on TNReady reading tests and a low rate of babies born at a low birth weight. The county's biggest opportunities for improvement include one of the higher rates of children without health insurance and an above-average rate of child and teen deaths.

Additional strengths include low housing costs and high percentages of 3rd to 8th grade students demonstrating proficiency on TNReady math tests.

Additional challenges include an above-average rate of pregnancy among girls age 15-17 and of children living in poverty.

Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes. Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership and non-profit leadership.

- Most uninsured children in Tennessee qualify for either TennCare or CoverKids, so high rates of uninsured children can be improved with outreach to make sure that families are aware of these insurance opportunities. According to Census Bureau estimates, Stewart County has 143 children who qualify for these health insurance programs but who nonetheless lack insurance.
- Child and teen deaths can be reduced with consistent enforcement of safety measures like proper car seat and seat belt use, bicycle helmet use and life preserver use around water. The fastest-growing cause of child and teen deaths in recent years has been homicide and suicide, often involving a firearm. Families who own firearms can reduce the risk to children and teens by following safe storage practices.
- Comprehensive sex education classes that include both encouragement of abstinence and information on birth control have been shown to reduce the number of teen pregnancies.
- With a high rate of child poverty, improving outreach to those who may qualify to receive SNAP and WIC benefits to be sure they are aware of these services can help ensure basic needs are met. Additionally, nutrition programs that provide food for school-age children to take home can contribute to food security. Expanding services through Family Resource Centers can also help reach these vulnerable populations.