

## AAD-Algebra II

Course Code(s):	тво	
Prerequisite(s):	Algebra I or AAD Algebra I	
Credit:	1	
Grade Level:	9-12	
Graduation Requirements:	This course satisfies one of four mathematics credit requirements for the alternate academic diploma	
Programs of Study and Sequence:	This is typically the second course in a mathematics program of study.	
Teacher Endorsement(s):	TBD	

## **Course Requirements**

Conceptual Category: Number and Quantity (N)		
Domain: The Real Number System (RN)		
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
A. Extend the property of	AAD.A2.N.RN.A.1	Understand and compute decimals to the hundredths (0.00) as related to money calculations.
numbers to decimals and fractions	AAD.A2.N.RN.A.2	Understand and compute common fractions used in measurement and real world problems (i.e. cooking measurements; coin fraction of a dollar)
Conceptual Category: Number and Quantity (N)*		
Domain: Quantities (Q)		
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
A. Units and quantitative reasoning	AAD.A2.N.Q.A.1	Solve problems involving units of measurement. H.ME.1a2

Conceptual Category: Number and Quantity (N)*		
Domain: The Complex Number System (CN)		
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
A. Simply	AAD.A2.N.CN.A.1	Simplify expressions that include exponents
equations using		H.NO.1a1
arithmetic		
operations.		
Conceptual Category: Algebra (A)		
Domain: Seeing Structure in Expressions (SEE)		
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
		Interpret accurately compute using the
A. Interpret	AAD.A2.A.SEE.A.1*	symbols of operation $(+, -, x, \div)$ and equation
expressions		(=).
	AAD.A2.A.SEE.A.2	terms and variables (coefficients).
		Write a linear expression for a graphic
B. Write	AAD.A2.A.SEE.B.1	representation. (i.e. " $3 \times 4 =$ " to represent a
equivalent		drawing of three bags with four pencils in each
expressions		In a word problem requesting a total).
		is equivalent to $5 + 10 = 15$
	Conceptual C	Category: Algebra (A)
Domain: Arithmetic with Polynomials and Rational Expressions (APR)		
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
A. Understand		Understand that the location of zero within a
the relationship	AAD.A2.A.APR.A.1	number can impact the value of the number.
between place		(ex. In 108, the zero is the number of 10s,
value and zero.		making the 1=100 and 8=8)
B. Perform	AAD.AZ.A.APR.B.2	Solve an equation that includes one or two
polynomials		

Conceptual Category: Algebra (A)		
Domain: Creating Equations* (CED)		
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
A. Create equations to	AAD.A2.A.CED.A.1	Create equations to represent the relationship between two quantities.
represent relationships or data	AAD.A2.A.CED.A.2	Create an equation from a graphic, data display, or picture representation.
Conceptual Category: Algebra (A)		
Do	main: Reasoning with	Equations and Inequalities (REI)
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
A. Understand that solving equations is a process of reasoning	AAD.A2.A.REI.A.1	Solve a multi-step equation or problem using calculation, picture or graphic representations, reference charts, or mathematical tools and check the answer to reasonableness.
B. Solve equations to determine equality or inequality	AAD. A2.A.REI.B.1	Compare two quantities or equations for equality and inequality (>, =, <).
C. Solve equations	AAD.A2.A.REI.C.1	Solve equations written in various formats (horizontal, vertical, narrative).
D. Represent and solve equations graphically	AAD.A2.A.REI.D.1	Identify a graphic representation of a linear model of a real world problem. H.PRF.1c1
Conceptual Category: Functions (F)		
Domain: Interpreting Functions (IF)		
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
A. Interpret and predict based on	AAD.A2.F.IF.A.1	Determine or predict a missing quantity from a representation of a mathematical pattern.

a pattern demonstrated in context.	AAD.A2.F.IF.A.2	Determine of predict based on a graphic model of a pattern. (ex. Temperature weather chart, running total of projects assembled). H.PRF.2c1
B. Analyze different representations	AAD.A2.F.IF.B.1	Compare two representations of the same equation (ex. A picture of 5 apples in four baskets and the equation 5 x 4 =).
of an equation or operation.	AAD.A2.F.IF.B.2	Compare and contrast tow equations with similar numbers but different operations (ex. $10 + 10 = \_$ and $10 \times 10 = \_$ , one is addition and one is multiplication and the multiplication equation will have a larger value solution)
Conceptual Category: Functions (F)		
Domain: Building Functions (BF)		
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
A. Build an equations that represents the relationship between two quantities	AAD.A2.F.BF.A.1	*Write an equation that shows the relationship between two quantities (ex. 40 > 14; 37 = 37; 20 + 5 =25)
Conceptual Category: Functions (F)		
Domain: Linear, Quadratic, and Exponential Models* (LE)		
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard
A. Construct and solve linear	AAD.A2.F.LE.A.1	Create and solve a linear equation for a real world problem.
equations to solve problems	AAD.A2.F.LE.A.2	Create and solve a linear equation using a graph, geometric representation, or table.
B. Solve a linear equation for a missing attribute	AAD.A2.F.LE.B.1	Solve a linear equation to find a missing attribute when given the area, volume, or surface area. H.ME.1b2
Conceptual Category: Functions (F)		

Domain: Trigonometric Functions (TF)			
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard	
A. Understand the relationship between a solid and a shape	AAD.A2.F.TF.A.1	Recognize the shape of a face or bisecting plane of a solid (3-dimentional shape/object). (ex. The bisecting plane of a sphere is a circle; The face of a block is a square.)	
	Conceptual Category:	Statistics and Probability (S)	
Don	nain: Interpreting Cate	gorical and Quantitative Data (ID)	
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard	
A. Summarize and interpret data	AAD.A2.S.ID.A.1	Use descriptive statistics range, median, mode, mean, and outlier/gaps to describe a data set. H.DPS.1c1	
B. Develop and	AAD.A2.S.ID.B.1	Create and/or complete a graph from data sets, histograms, or box plots. H.DPS.1b1	
interpret data displays	AAD.A2.S.ID.B.2	Compare and contrast the data represented in a graph, chart, histogram, or other data display.	
	Conceptual Category: Statistics and Probability (S)		
Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions (IC)			
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard	
A. Make inferences from equations and data displays	AAD.A2.S.IC.A.1	Recognize the value of data in making a decision or determining a preference. (ex. Looking at a graphic depiction of the annual salary for careers being considered, determine which would support a higher quality of life.)	
	AAD.A2.S.IC.A.2	Determine data or data display needed to support a decision or decision.	
Conceptual Category: Statistics and Probability (S)			
Domain: Conditional Probability and the Rules of Probability (CP)			
Cluster	Standard Code	Standard	

	AAD.A2.S.CP.A.1	Recognize the difference between chance and
A. Understand		consequence as related to real world
probability		decisions. (ex. If the Predators win, we will
related to real		have a popcorn party (chance). vs. If you
world decisions		complete your weekly work list you will get
		popcorn (consequence).)

## Standards Numbering Notes

The numbering is not exactly parallel to the state standards but is designed to create some consistency across disciplines for the special education teachers who may be teaching multiple subjects.

The following system was used to number the mathematics standards: AAD.A1.A.SSE.A.1 Alternate academic diploma (**AAD**) standards Algebra I (**A1**) is the course Algebra (**A**) is the conceptual category Seeing Structure in Expressions (**SSE**) is the domain. **A** is the first cluster (ordered A, B, C etc. for first, second, third cluster within the domain, etc.) **1** is the standard number in the cluster (standards numbered consecutively within each cluster)

Domains indicated with a \* are the major work of the grade

For standards that align to the MSAA Core Content Connectors (CCC), the code for that connector will appear after the standard and either begins with an "H" indicating high school level.