Statewide Dual Credit Learning Objectives Introduction to Plant Science

Topic 1:	Plant Anatomy and Physiology	Sub-Objectives Sub-Objectives
1a	Describe the characteristic features of a plant cell. Keywords/Key concepts: cell wall, chloroplast, central vacuole, plasmodesmata	 List the cellular components of a eukaryotic cell Identify the unique cellular components of a plant cell Describe basic structure and function of a plant cell wall, chloroplast, central vacuole and plasmodesmata
1b	Describe plant cell types and tissues. Keywords/Key concepts: dermal tissue, ground tissue, vascular tissues: xylem & phloem, parenchyma cells, collenchyma cells, sclerenchyma cells	 List three tissue types in plants Describe identifying features of dermal tissue List the most common modifications of dermal tissue List two types of vascular tissues. Explain the structure of xylem tracheids and xylem vessels Explain the structure of a sieve tube member and companion cell Differentiate between xylem & phloem List the three types of plant cells List the identifying features of parenchyma, collenchyma, and sclerenchyma cells and their modifications
1c	Describe the features of vegetative plant parts. Keywords/Key concepts: roots (fibrous & tap), stem and leaf; monocot vs. dicot crops	 Identify the shoot & root system of a plant Differentiate between a monocot and a dicot plant List types of root, stem, and leaf modifications
1d	Explain the stages of plant growth. Keywords/Key concepts: phase changes in plants from vegetative to reproductive, meristem, primary and secondary growth, annual, biennial, & perennial plants	 Identify factors that influence the transition of a plant from the vegetative to reproductive phase List the differences between two kinds of meristem Differentiate between annual, biennial, & perennial plants
1e	Describe the reproductive parts of the plant. Keywords/Key concepts: the structure of a flower, complete vs. incomplete flowers, perfect vs. imperfect flowers, monoecious vs. dioecious plants	 List the parts of a typical angiosperm flower Differentiate between complete and incomplete flowers Differentiate between perfect and imperfect flowers Differentiate between monoecious and dioecious plants
Topic 2:	Plant Function	Sub-Objectives
2a	Describe the stages of cellular respiration. Keywords/Key concepts: glycolysis, Krebs cycle, Electron transport chain, oxidative phosphorylation, fermentation	 Explain the process of glycolysis Distinguish between aerobic respiration & fermentation Explain how the Krebs cycle oxidizes pyruvate Explain the fate of the electrons in the ETC Explain how production of ATP is called oxidative phosphorylation
2b	Illustrate the two stages of photosynthesis.	Explain the structure of a chloroplast

2c	Keywords/Key concepts: light dependent phase, light independent phase Explain cohesion-tension theory of water movement	 Describe steps in the light dependent reaction of photosynthesis Describe steps in the light independent reaction of photosynthesis Differentiate between C3, C4, and CAM plants Identify the components of water potential
	in xylem. Keywords/Key concepts: xylem water transport, turgor pressure, transpiration, water potential, apoplastic, symplastic, and trans-membrane transport, mineral transport	 Define transpiration Explain cohesion tension theory of xylem transport
2d	Discuss how environmental factors (solar radiations, water availability, temperature, and air movement) effect plant growth. Keywords/Key concepts: solar intensity, phytochromes and photoperiod, soil water saturation levels (flooding to drought), fluctuation in temperatures, air movement (slight breeze to gusty winds)	 List the effects of high intensity and low intensity light on photosynthesis Explain how plants adapt to changes in solar intensity List drought and flood adaptations
2e	Explain phloem translocation process. Keywords/Key Concepts: source-sink relationship, bulk flow of photosynthates in phloem, nutrient transport	Explain how phloem transport is driven by osmotically generated pressure flow
2f	Discuss the role of plant hormones. Keywords/Key Concepts: five classic plant hormones: auxin, gibberellins, cytokinin, abscisic acid, ethylene, commercial use of plant hormones in pest and weed control and other horticultural practices	 List the six major plant hormones Describe some of the effects caused by each of the plant hormones
Topic 3:	Plant Reproduction and Propagation	Sub-Objectives
3a	Explain the stages of sexual reproduction in plants. Keywords/Key Concepts: alternation of generations, ploidy (haploid, diploid, and polyploid), male and female gametophytes, formation of pollen grain and embryo sac; meiosis, mitosis, and homologous/genetic recombination; self and cross pollination; fertilization, double fertilization	 Introduce the alternation of generations in a plant's life cycle and discuss ploidy Describe the development of male and female gametophytes (reproductive structures) Contrast mitosis and meiosis and explain the significance in the development of reproductive structures Define pollination and the process of self-pollination and cross-pollination Define double fertilization and the process that leads to seed/embryo/zygote and endosperm development
3b	Evaluate the vegetative plant propagation techniques utilized in agriculture and horticulture. Keywords/Key Concepts: layering, grafting, bulbs, stolons, runners, cuttings, tissue culture	 Describe the characteristics of plants that reproduce asexually Discuss natural and artificial methods of asexual reproduction Describe the advantages and disadvantages of asexual reproduction
3c	Explain how basis for inheritance of traits.	Introduce heredity and Mendel's laws

3d	Keywords/Key Concepts: heredity, Mendel's laws, phenotype, genotype, alleles, dominant, recessive; laws of inheritance; plant breeding, artificial selection; homozygous, and heterozygous Explain, with at least two examples, the influence of genetic engineering on agriculture. Keywords/Key Concepts: IR=insect resistant,	 Discuss the relationship between phenotype and genotype Introduce plant breeding, hybridization, artificial selection and domestication Describe the basics of plant biotechnology/genetic engineering Compare conventional breeding and genetic engineering
	HT=herbicide tolerant, DT=drought tolerant, VR=virus resistant. Examples: Bt Corn/Bt cotton	Explain the significance of agricultural biotechnology
3e	Discuss the significance of germplasm conservation. Keywords/Key Concepts: germplasm, gene banks, seed banks	 Explain the need for germplasm conservation Discuss the common conservation activities and resources
Topic 4:	Soil, Mediums, and Plant Nutrition	Sub-Objectives
4a	Examine the physical and hydrological features of the soil. Keywords/Key Concepts: soil formation, soil profile, properties of soil; types of soil (clay, silt, loam, sandy); permanent wilting point, field capacity, saturation water content	 Explain a vertical section of soil Describe the three horizons of soil Distinguish among various soil types: clay, silt, loam & sandy Explain how pore size dictates field capacity, PWP, and SWC
4b	Illustrate the hydrological cycle and discuss its significance to plant growth and development. Keywords/Key Concepts: precipitation, condensation, transpiration, evaporation, runoff, ground water	 Explain the role of precipitation & condensation in the water cycle Describe how transpiration from plants affects the water cycle Distinguish between runoff and ground water
4c	Explain the chemical properties of the soil and soil/medium pH on nutrient availability. Keywords/Key Concepts: acidic soil, alkaline soil, how the pH of soil affects cation exchange of minerals with root hair, leaching of anionic minerals and soil treatments to enhance nutrient availability for plants, electrical conductivity	 Explain how soil pH affect nutrient availability for plants Describe the process of cation exchange Explain how negatively charged mineral ions are more likely to be leached
4d	Explain the types and utility for soilless substrata for plant growth. Keywords/Key Concepts: hydroponics, synthetic substrates, tissue culture medium	 Identify the different types of soilless cultures Discuss the advantages of alternate growth medium
4e	Distinguish between the major and minor plant nutrients and deficiency symptoms. Keywords/Key Concepts: NPK as well as other major and minor nutrients, how these nutrients are identified as major or minor based on dry weight of the plant, nitrogen fixation by symbiotic bacteria, phosphorus absorption by mycorrhizae	 Identify the major and minor plant nutrients List the most common symptoms of nutrient deficiency in plants Explain the process of nitrogen fixation by bacteria Describe phosphorus absorption
4f	Discuss the importance of soil organic matter (SOM) and the biological community of soil.	Explain the process of primary and secondary ecological succession

	Keywords/Key Concepts: how organic matter slowly accumulates in newly formed soil and how diversity of bacteria and fungi in soil decompose the organic matter that is reabsorbed into plants.	Explain the significance of soil biodiversity and organic matter
4g	Describe different fertilizer application techniques. Keywords/Key Concepts: fertigation, sidedress, broadcast, injection, foliar, topdress	Describe the advantages and limitations of various fertilizer application methods
Topic 5:	Plant Classifications and Use	Sub-Objectives
5a	Identify examples of field crops, forage crops, vegetable crops, and fruit crops. Keywords/Key Concepts: corn, cotton, cereals, oil crops, vegetable crops, fruit crops, pulses	 Select examples of common field crops from the list provided Select examples of common forage crops from the list provided Select examples of common vegetable crops from the list provided Select examples of common fruit crops from the list provided
5b	Identify common uses of field crops, forage crops, vegetable crops, and fruit crops. Keywords/Key Concepts: animal feed, sweeteners, oil, silage	 Select common uses of field crops from the list provided Select common uses of forage crops from the list provided Select common uses of vegetable crops from the list provided Select common uses of fruit crops from the list provided
5c	Explain common production practices for field crops, forage crops, vegetable crops, and fruit crops. Keywords/Key Concepts: row crops, intercropping, crop rotation, sequential cropping, ratooning, mixed cropping, conservation tillage, no-till agriculture	 Describe common field crop production practices Describe common forage crop production practices Describe common vegetable crop production practices Describe common fruit crop production practices
5d	Evaluate the economic impact of field crops, forage crops, vegetable crops and fruit crops. Keywords/Key Concepts: bushels per acre calculation, land cost, return on investment (ROI), depreciation	 Explain the significance of ROI to investment decision making Evaluate the role of depreciation in evaluating production of crops
5e	Defend the need for genetic diversity in cropping systems. Keywords/Key Concepts: monoculture, polyculture, vulnerability, crop rotation	 Identify various cropping systems that promote genetic diversity Recognize the advantages and disadvantages related to genetic diversity
Topic 6:	Nursery Production	Sub-Objectives
6a	Evaluate the factors that influence site selection of a production nursery. Keywords/Key Concepts: soil, water supply, climate, drainage, location, distance to market, supply chain	 Identify factors that influence nursery site selection Explain the influence of climate, soil, water, topography, previous land use, site potential, and location to nursery site selection
6b	Compare various growing methods for nursery production.	Describe B&B, pot-in-pot, in-ground fabric containers, and bare root growing methods

	Keywords/Key Concepts: B&B, containerized, bare root	 Identify advantages and disadvantages of the various growing methods for nursery production Explain the impact of growing method on transplant success 	
6c	Identify various environmental factors that influence landscape plant selection.	 Describe the influence of photoperiod, hardiness, nativity, availability, and durability on landscape plant selection 	
	Keywords/Key Concepts: photoperiod, hardiness, nativity, availability, durability		
6d	Evaluate the sustainable use of irrigation systems for a variety of plant production systems.	Determine the role of water balance, surface evaporation, and crop coefficient in determining irrigation needs	
	Keywords/Key Concepts: water balance, surface evaporation, crop coefficient, drip emitters, drip lines, spray, micro spray, grey water	 Explain the use of drip emitters, drip line, spray, micro spray, and grey water in sustainable irrigation design 	
Topic 7	: Controlled Environment Production	Sub-Objectives	
7a	Create a controlled environment growing schedule. Keywords/Key Concepts: days to maturity, warm season, cool season	 Explain the use of days to maturity in creating a controlled environment growing schedule Differentiate the needs of warm season and cool season crops in creating a controlled environment growing schedule 	
7b	Match specific crops with appropriate controlled environment production systems. Keywords/Key Concepts: crop selection, controlled environment systems evaluation	Identify common crops grown in a variety of controlled environment systems	
7c	Explain a variety of different controlled environment systems. Keywords/Key Concepts: Greenhouse, high tunnel, cold frame, vertical farming, hydroponics, aquaponics, aeroponics	 Define greenhouse, high tunnel, cold frame, vertical farming, hydroponics, aquaponics, and aeroponics Evaluate the use of greenhouse, high tunnel, cold frame, vertical farming, hydroponics, aquaponics, and aeroponics 	
7d	Defend the benefits of hydroponic production in comparison to soil-based production. Keywords/Key Concepts: water efficiency, production efficiency, nutrient management, climate control, disease management	 Compare hydroponic growth to soil-based production Explain the advantages and disadvantages of hydroponic production 	
Topic 8	: Plant Injuries and Their Control/Integrated Pest	Sub-Objectives	
-	Management		
8a	Discuss the effects of pesticides on the environment and human health. Keywords/Key Concepts: leeching, runoff, acute	Discuss how agriculture would be different with or without pesticide use	
8b	Develop an understanding of Integrated Pest Management and how it is employed.	Devise a IPM management plan for multiple crops within different systems	
	Keywords/Key Concepts: multiple methods, threshold		

8c	Identify common weeds, insects, mites, and plant diseases.	 Recognize plant distress and possible causes Expand on the differences between beneficial and non-beneficial insects
	Keywords/Key Concepts: Weed ID, Insect ID, Plant Injury ID	 List different parasitoids, predators, and/or pathogens that can be used to manage insect and mite pest populations in crops
8d	Compare plant and disease management practices to limit plant injury.	 Understand selective vs. non-selective insect control List insects that can be released as biological controls to manage insect pests
	Keywords/Key Concepts: cultural controls, mechanical controls, biological controls, genetic selection, government regulation	
8e	List the stages of the disease cycle.	Illustrate the Disease TriangleExplain the difference between biotic vs. abiotic
	Keywords/Key Concepts: inoculation, penetration, establishment, growth/reproduction, overwintering, spread	diseases
8f	Demonstrate proper use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).	Match a pesticide label with proper PPE
	Keywords/Key Concepts: gloves, apron, mask, respirator, goggles, boots	
8g	Describe how product label directions are used in proper application of chemicals.	 Define: active ingredient, inert ingredient, MSDS, LD50
	Keywords/Key Concepts: signal words, Restricted Entry Interval, PPE	
Topic 9	: Impact of Plants and Horticulture on People	Sub-Objectives
9a	Explain the domestication of plants for agriculture. Keywords/Key Concepts: artificial selection, early hybridization	Explain the transition to agrarian lifestyle
9b	Demonstrate understanding of origin, evolution, and diversity of plant life.	 Match major crops with original regions of domestication and wild progenitor
	Keywords/Key Concepts: field crops, forage corps, vegetable, and fruit crops	
9с	Describe the various ways plants impact human wellbeing.	Distinguish between the terms psychological and physiological
	Keywords/Key Concepts: psychological, restorative, physical, medicinal, physiological	 List research based psychological and physiological benefits of plants
9d	Describe and assess the influence of plants and their management on environmental sustainability and restoration.	Explain several guiding principles of sustainable site design
	Keywords/Key Concepts: built environment, ecosystem services, functional plant material, water shed	

9e	Quantify the economic importance of plants in managed ecosystems and the impact of horticultural crops in food systems. Keywords/Key Concepts: property value, social and economic value, food-scaping, production horticulture	 Give examples of how growing plants benefits people at the home-owner scale Explain the economic impact of the larger green industry from an economical and environmental context
9f	Describe the social, spiritual, and cultural importance of plants to historical and contemporary communities of people. Keywords/Key Concepts: cultural use of plants, weddings, funerals, religions ceremonies. Use and preservation of ecosystems	Give specifics of how different cultures incorporate plants into their lives
9g	Communicate a variety of career choices available in the green industry. Keywords/Key Concepts: green industry, jobs in horticulture and agriculture, definition of career related terms	 Explain why jobs in the green industry are important List jobs examples in several categories within the green industry