BEFORE THE TENNESSEE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

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)	
IN RE:)	State Board of Education Meeting
Gaffney Athletic Preparatory Academy)	August 17, 2020
Charter School Appeal)	
)	

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATION REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Pursuant to Tennessee Code Annotated (T.C.A.) § 49-13-108, sponsors proposing to open a new charter school may appeal the denial of their amended application by a local board of education to the State Board of Education (State Board). On June 22, 2020, the sponsors of Gaffney Athletic Preparatory Academy (GAPA) appealed the denial of its amended application by the Monroe County Schools (MCS) Board of Education to the State Board.

Based on the following procedural history, findings of fact, and Review Committee Report attached hereto, I believe that the decision to deny the GAPA amended application was not "contrary to the best interests of the students, LEA, or community." Therefore, I recommend that the State Board affirm the decision of MCS to deny the amended application for GAPA.

STANDARD OF REVIEW

Pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-13-108 and State Board policy 2.500, State Board staff and an independent charter application review committee (Review Committee) conducted a de novo, on the record review of the GAPA amended application. In accordance with the Tennessee Department of Education's charter application scoring rubric, "applications that do not meet or exceed the standard in all sections (academic plan design and capacity, operations plan and capacity, financial plan and capacity, and, if applicable, past performance) . . . will be deemed not ready for approval." In addition, the State Board is required to hold a public hearing in the district where the proposed charter school seeks to locate. ³

¹ T.C.A. § 49-13-108.

² Tennessee Charter School Application Evaluation Rubric – Ratings and Sample Scoring Criteria, pg. 1.

³ T.C.A. § 49-13-108. Due to the public health emergency, the public hearing was held virtually.

In order to overturn the decision of the local board of education, the State Board must find that the local board's decision to deny the amended charter application was contrary to the best interests of the students, LEA, or community.⁴ Because GAPA is proposing to locate in a school district that does not contain a school on the current or last preceding priority school list, the State Board has the ability to affirm the local board's decision to deny or to the remand the decision to the local board of education with written instructions for approval of the charter.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

- 1. On December 3, 2019, the Sponsor submitted a letter of intent to MCS expressing its intention to file a charter school application.
- 2. The Sponsor submitted its initial application for GAPA to MCS on February 3, 2020. MCS assembled a review committee to review and score the GAPA application.
- 3. On April 6, 2020, the MCS Board of Education and its review committee held a capacity interview with the Sponsor during its scheduled workshop.
- 4. The MCS review committee recommended denial of the GAPA initial application.
- 5. On April 9, 2020, the MCS Board of Education voted to deny the GAPA initial application based upon the review committee's recommendation.
- 6. The Sponsor amended and resubmitted its application for GAPA to MCS on May 18, 2020.
- 7. MCS's review committee reviewed and scored the GAPA amended application and again recommended denial.
- 8. On June 11, 2020, based on the MCS review committee recommendation, the MCS Board of Education voted to deny the GAPA amended application.
- 9. The Sponsor appealed the denial of the GAPA amended application in writing to the State Board on June 22, 2020, including submission of all required documents per State Board policy 2.500.
- 10. The State Board's Review Committee independently analyzed and scored the GAPA amended application using the Tennessee Department of Education's charter application scoring rubric.
- 11. On July 16, 2020, the State Board staff held a virtual public hearing. At the public hearing, the Executive Director, sitting as the State Board's designee, heard presentations from the Sponsor and MCS and took public comment regarding the GAPA application.

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⁴ Ibid.

- 12. The State Board's Review Committee conducted a capacity interview with the founding board of GAPA and key members of the leadership team on July 30, 2020. Due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, the capacity interview was held virtually.
- 13. After the capacity interview, the State Board's Review Committee determined a final consensus rating of the GAPA amended application, which served as the basis for the Review Committee Recommendation Report, attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

FINDINGS OF FACT

• District Denial of Application.

The review committee assembled by MCS to review and score the GAPA initial and amended applications consisted of the following individuals:

Name	Title
Lee Anne Strickland	Executive Director of Federal Programs and Academics, MCS
Dr. DeAnna McClendon	Director of Schools, MCS
Kristi Windsor	Assistant Director of Schools, MCS
Trey Ferguson	Supervisor of Exceptional Education, MCS
Libby Hicks	Finance Director, MCS
Dr. Lon Shoopman	Monroe County Community Member
Rev. Gale Miller	Monroe County Community Member
Shauna Bowers	Supervisor of Instruction K-8, MCS (Academic Plan) ⁵
Debi Tipton	Sequoyah High School Principal, MCS (Academic Plan)
Brooke Johannsen	Attendance & Student Management Coordinator, MCS (Academic Plan)
Marsha Standridge	School Board Member, MCS (Academic Plan)
Janie Evans	School Board Member, MCS (Academic Plan)
Mike Martin	Sweetwater High School Athletic Director, MCS (Academic Plan)
Justin Miller	Sequoyah High School Athletic Director, MCS (Academic Plan)
Shawn Yates	Tellico Plains High School Athletic Director, MCS (Academic Plan)
Phillip Carrol	Maintenance Supervisor, MCS (Operations Plan)
Megan Bushey	Maintenance Secretary, MCS (Operations Plan)
Bradley Ogle	Director of Technology, MCS (Operations Plan)
Sandra Blair	Administrative Assistant; Finance & Personnel Coordinator, MCS
	(Operations and Financial Plans)
Lisa Arden	Nutrition Supervisor, MCS (Operations Plan)
Kelly Robinson	Instructional Technology Coach, MCS (Operations Plan)
Charlie Lee	Transportation Director, MCS (Operations Plan)
John Ridgell	School Board Member, MCS (Operations Plan)
Dewitt Upton	School Board Member, MCS (Operations Plan)

⁵ These review committee members only reviewed and scored the portion of the application noted in parentheses.

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Sharon Freeman	School Board Member, MCS (Operations Plan)	
Eric Weaver	Sweetwater High School Principal, MCS (Operations Plan)	
Gail Sensibaugh	Accountant, MCS (Financial Plan)	
Courtney Viar	Assistant Director of Finance, Monroe County Finance Office (Financial	
	Plan)	
Sonya Lynn	School Board Member, MCS (Financial Plan)	
Jason Miller	School Board Member, MCS (Financial Plan)	
Jo Cagle	School Board Member, MCS (Financial Plan)	
Russel Harris	Tellico Plains High School Principal, MCS (Financial Plan)	

The MCS review committee found that each of the three sections of the GAPA initial application failed to meet the standard of the state rubric for approval. After the MCS review committee completed its review and scoring of the initial application, its recommendation was presented to the MCS Board of Education on April 9, 2020. Based on the review committee's recommendation, the MCS Board of Education voted to deny the initial application of GAPA.

Upon resubmission, the MCS review committee reviewed the GAPA amended application and found that the GAPA amended application again failed to meet the standard of the state rubric for approval.⁶

After the MCS review committee completed its review and scoring of the amended application, its recommendation was presented to the MCS Board of Education on June 11, 2020. Based on this recommendation, the MCS Board of Education voted to deny the amended application of GAPA.

State Board Charter Application Review Committee's Evaluation of the Application

Following the denial of the GAPA amended application and subsequent appeal to the State Board, State Board staff assembled a diverse Review Committee of internal and external experts to independently evaluate and score the GAPA amended application. This Review Committee consisted of the following individuals:

Name	Title
Ali Gaffey	Deputy Director of Charter Schools, State Board of Education
Michelle Doane	Independent Education Consultant
Chad Fletcher	Federal Programs Supervisor, Bedford County Schools
Nate Parker	Coordinator of Policy and Federal Programs, State Board of Education

The Review Committee conducted an initial review and scoring of the GAPA amended application, a capacity interview with the Sponsor, and a final evaluation and scoring of the amended application resulting in a consensus rating for each major section. The Review Committee's consensus rating of the GAPA amended application was as follows:

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⁶ Please see **Exhibit B** for a copy of the final review committee rubric.

Sections	Rating
Academic Plan Design and Capacity	DOES NOT MEET STANDARD
Operations Plan and Capacity	DOES NOT MEET STANDARD
Financial Plan and Capacity	DOES NOT MEET STANDARD

The Review Committee recommended that the application for GAPA be denied because the Sponsor failed to provide sufficient evidence in the academic, operational, and financial sections that the application met the required criteria of the state rubric.

The Review Committee found the academic plan presented by the Sponsor lacked a comprehensive academic focus, measurable student achievement goals, and a plan to monitor student performance. Additionally, the application did not adequately describe how the school would serve its special populations and at-risk students. Furthermore, the application lacked a compelling marketing, recruitment, and enrollment plan.

The Review Committee further determined the operations plan did not provide a realistic startup plan, including how the Sponsor would recruit its staff in Year 0. In addition, the application lacked a finalized transportation plan, which significantly impacts the Sponsor's student recruitment plan and budget. Lastly, the Review Committee found the application failed to provide a comprehensive plan for renovations of the selected facility as well as a timeline for preparing the campus to serve its students.

The financial plan presented by the Sponsor provided the Review Committee with little evidence of a complete, realistic, and viable five (5) year operating budget. The Review Committee found the budget significantly underestimated costs, omitted essential budget line items, and was misaligned within several key areas of the application narrative. Furthermore, the Review Committee found that the Sponsor lacked a fundamental understanding of the Basic Education Program (BEP), provided minimal evidence for how the school would manage funding for students enrolled from outside of the district and was unable to describe how inter-district enrollment would impact the budget. In totality, the Review Committee was unable to find sufficient evidence of a sound financial plan for the school.

In summary, the Review Committee determined that the Sponsor did not provide sufficient evidence in the academic, operational, and financial sections of the GAPA amended application to meet the required rubric ratings for approval. The capacity interview with the Sponsor did not provide further clarification that would have resulted in a higher rating. Therefore, the Review Committee recommended that the GAPA application be denied.

For additional information regarding the Review Committee's evaluation of the amended application, please see **Exhibit A** for the complete Review Committee Report, which is fully incorporated herein by reference.

Public Hearing

Pursuant to statute⁷ and State Board policy 2.500, a public hearing chaired by the Executive Director was held virtually on July 16, 2020. MCS's presentation at the public hearing focused on the deficiencies found by the MCS review committee in four (4) key areas: insufficient funding, inadequate facilities, transportation, and lack of need for an additional school in the community. Specifically, MCS outlined concerns with the school's budget, noting that the budget did not account for numerous staff positions that were discussed in the application. Additionally, MCS noted concerns that the pay scale proposed by the Sponsor was not competitive or consistent across the application and that the school was unable to present a financial contingency plan. MCS also argued that the facility proposed by the school required extensive renovations to be brought up to code, and that none of the renovation costs were accounted for in the budget. Additionally, MCS revealed liens against the proposed facility that were also not accounted for in the budget. MCS explained that the transportation plan for the school was not realistic as it proposed busing students from both Chattanooga and Knoxville to Monroe County, which MCS noted would require students to likely exceed state-mandated requirements for maximum time in transit on a school bus. Finally, with regard to a lack of need in the community, MCS highlighted that it is a rural district consisting of 5,200 students, it is a Tennessee Value Added Assessment System (TVAAS) level 5 district, and that Sequoyah High School, a state Reward school, is currently under capacity and located only 3.7 miles away from the proposed charter high school. In addition to these statistics, MCS representatives stated that the district has seen an enrollment decline over the last ten years and that the proposed school's enrollment projections were not realistic given this fact, especially since the school was planning to market itself as a school specifically for athletic enthusiasts.

In response to MCS, the Sponsor highlighted their unique model, stating they would be the nation's first charter high school focused on careers in sports, utilizing concepts of science, technology, engineering, and math (STEM) through the lens of athletics. The Sponsor stated that they did not determine a need for the school in the Madisonville community; however, they chose the location of the former Hiawassee College as it served their vision for the school and would be an investment in the Monroe County and Madisonville community. The Sponsor researched enrollment in the east Tennessee counties surrounding the proposed facility and found it to be centrally located between Knoxville and Chattanooga, which would allow them to recruit students from outside Monroe County to attend the school. Further, the Sponsor recognized that as a small district they may not see a large percentage of students from within Monroe County enroll in the school (they estimated between 15-40% in-district students⁸) but would like to work with MCS as a partner to bring economic development to the area. Additionally, the Sponsor stated it could be flexible with its staffing and teaching positions if actual enrollment was lower than its projections and acknowledged one of its biggest challenges in the first year would be figuring out transportation for students from outside of the district.

A portion of the public hearing was dedicated to taking public comment, which was read aloud by State Board staff. Two (2) public comments were received, one (1) in support of the school and one (1) opposed to the school's approval. The State Board also provided a window for members of the public to

⁷ T.C.A. § 49-13-108(b)(4).

⁸ This percentage conflicted with the percentage range contained within the application.

submit written comments. The State Board received fifteen (15) comments in support of the school and two (2) comments opposed to the school's approval.

 Alignment of Monroe County Schools' Application Process to State Board Quality Authorizing Standards

State Board staff collected and analyzed detailed information regarding MCS's application review process to determine alignment with State Board Quality Authorizing Standards as set forth in State Board policy 6.111. At the public hearing, State Board staff questioned MCS regarding its application process and alignment to the Quality Authorizing Standards. MCS articulated that its application process is fair, transparent, and focused on quality with rigorous criteria for approval. As evidence of this, MCS pointed to their use of the State Charter Application, the formation of a review committee made up of both internal and external experts trained on the process to evaluate each application, and hosting a capacity interview with the applicant to ensure a fair review. Additionally, as this was the first application received by MCS, members of the review committee consulted with other districts who currently serve as charter school authorizers for advice on running an application process. Based on the information presented by MCS, the district's process appears in alignment with State Board Quality Authorizing Standards.

ANALYSIS

State law requires the State Board to review the decision of the local board of education and determine whether the denial of the proposed charter school was contrary to the "best interests of the students, LEA, or community." In addition, pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-13-108, the State Board adopted Quality Charter Authorizing Standards set forth in State Board policy 6.111 and utilizes these standards to review charter applications received upon appeal. One such standard is to maintain high but attainable standards for approving charter applications. In making my recommendation to the Board, I have considered the Review Committee's Report, the documentation submitted by both the Sponsor and MCS, the arguments made by both the Sponsor and MCS at the public hearing, and the public comments received by State Board staff and conclude as follows:

The Review Committee's report and recommendations are thorough, citing specific examples in the application and referencing information gained at the capacity interview in support of its findings. For the reasons explicated in the report, I agree that the GAPA amended application did not rise to the level of meeting or exceeding the standards required for approval.

Given the great responsibility of educating students and the amount of public funds entrusted to a charter school that is approved by a local district, the State Board expects that only those schools that have demonstrated a high likelihood of success and meet or exceed the required criteria in all areas will

⁹ If MCS conducts additional charter application reviews in the future, State Board staff recommends that MCS create a review committee that does not include all members of the local board of education. While it is important for the local board of education to be involved in the charter application review process, it is also important that the district maintains clear lines of authority between the review committee, which is responsible for reviewing and recommending approval or denial of the application, and the ultimate decision-making authority of the local board of education based upon the information presented by the review committee.

¹⁰ T.C.A. § 49-13-108.

be authorized. It is readily apparent that the Sponsor is passionate about bringing a unique option to students in East Tennessee and that there exists support for an organization that is willing to take over and revitalize the former Hiawassee College campus in Madisonville. However, I agree with the Review Committee's assessment that the application as a whole lacked a coherent academic plan, recruitment strategy, transportation plan, and financial planning necessary to merit approval. Specifically, the Sponsor was unable to specify the curriculum it would use, the timeline for selection of a curriculum, or how the two (2) curriculum choices it was considering would support the proposed STEM/athletic focus of the school. Additionally, the Sponsor did not demonstrate how it would meet the needs of all learners, especially students with disabilities, English learner (EL) students, and other at-risk student populations, and did not demonstrate a strong understanding of the legal requirements to serve special education and EL students. The Sponsor's academic plan also lacked clarity on how the ambitious enrollment projections would be met. When asked by the Review Committee for additional details about the plan to recruit students from a variety of cities and towns throughout East Tennessee, the Sponsor stated they did not plan to actively recruit students but would rely on generated interest in the school through word of mouth and media attention. Given the rural location of the school and the declining enrollment in the area, there is no evidence that this plan will be viable or sufficient to meet the school's enrollment projections.

Additionally, the Sponsor did not provide a realistic start-up plan, including how the Sponsor would recruit and train staff. The application also lacked a finalized transportation plan, which significantly impacts the student recruitment plan and budget. The Sponsor similarly failed to provide a comprehensive plan for renovations of its facility, anticipated costs, as well as a timeline for preparing the campus to serve students. Finally, the budget provided by the Sponsor significantly underestimated costs, omitted essential budget line items, and was misaligned with several areas of the application narrative. Moreover, the Review Committee found the Sponsor lacked a fundamental understanding of the Basic Education Program (BEP) and was able to provide only minimal explanation of how the school would manage funding for students enrolled from outside of the district as well as how inter-district enrollment would impact budget projections. Each of these concerns amounted to a lack of compelling evidence of a sound financial plan for the school. A quality authorizer requires all applications to present evidence of a solvent and sustainable budget and contingency financial plans, and the applicant did not present clear and convincing evidence that it meets this standard for approval.

Therefore, because the application did not meet the standard for approval in the academic, operational, or financial sections of the state rubric, I cannot recommend that the State Board approve the Sponsor's amended application.

CONCLUSION

For these reasons, and for the reasons stated in the Review Committee Report attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, I do not believe that the decision to deny the amended application for Gaffney Athletic Preparatory Academy was contrary to the best interests of the students, the LEA, or the community. Therefore, I recommend that the State Board affirm the decision of MCS to deny the amended application for Gaffney Athletic Preparatory Academy.

Dr. Sara Morrison, Executive Director

State Board of Education

8/17/2020

Date



EXHIBIT A

Charter Application Review Committee Recommendation Report August 7, 2020

School Name: Gaffney Athletic Preparatory Academy (GAPA)

Sponsor: Sports University International, Inc.

Proposed Location of School: Monroe County Schools

Evaluation Team:

Michelle Doane Chad Fletcher Ali Gaffey Nate Parker



This recommendation report is based on a template from the National Association of Charter School Authorizers.



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Introduction

Tennessee Code Annotated (T.C.A.) § 49-13-108 allows the sponsor of a public charter school to appeal the denial of an application by the local board of education to the State Board of Education. In accordance with T.C.A. § 49-13-108, the State Board of Education shall conduct a de novo, on the record review of the proposed charter school's application, and the State Board of Education has adopted national and state authorizing standards. As laid out in State Board Policy 6.200 - Core Authorizing Principles, the State Board is committed to implementing these authorizing standards that are aligned with the core principles of charter school authorizing, including setting high standards for the approval of charter schools in its portfolio.

In accordance with T.C.A. § 49-13-108, the State Board adopted State Board Policy 6.111 - Quality Charter Authorizing Standards. The State Board has aligned the charter school appeal process to these high standards to ensure that the well-being and interests of students are the fundamental value informing all State Board actions and decisions. The State Board publishes clear timelines and expectations for applicants, engages highly competent teams of internal and external evaluators to review all applications, and maintains rigorous criteria for the approval of a charter school. Annually, the State Board evaluates its work to ensure its alignment to national and state standards for quality authorizing and implements improvement when necessary.

The State Board of Education's charter application review process is outlined in T.C.A. § 49-13-108, State Board Policy 2.500 – Charter School Appeals, and State Board Policy 6.300 – Application Review. The State Board assembled a charter application review committee comprised of highly qualified internal and external evaluators with relevant and diverse expertise to evaluate each application. The State Board provided training to all review committee members to ensure consistent standards and fair treatment of all applications.

Overview of the Evaluation Process

The State Board of Education's charter application review committee developed this recommendation report based on three key stages of review:

- Evaluation of the Proposal: The review committee independently reviewed the amended charter application, attachments, and budget submitted by the sponsor. After an independent review, the review committee collectively identified the main strengths, concerns, and weaknesses as well as developed specific questions for the applicant in the three sections of the application: Academic Plan Design and Capacity, Operations Plan and Capacity, and Financial Plan and Capacity.
- 2. <u>Capacity Interview</u>: Based on the independent and collective review of the application, the review committee conducted a 90-minute virtual interview with the sponsor, members of the proposed founding board, and identified school leader (if applicable) to address the concerns, weaknesses, and questions identified in the application, and to assess the capacity to execute the application's overall plan.



3. <u>Consensus Judgment</u>: At the conclusion of the review of the application and the capacity interview, the committee submitted a final rubric and developed a consensus regarding a rating for each section of the application.

This recommendation report includes the following information:

- 1. <u>Summary of the application</u>: A brief description of the applicant's proposed academic, operations, and financial plans.
- 2. <u>Summary of the recommendation</u>: A brief summary of the overall recommendation for the application.
- 3. <u>Analysis of each section of the application</u>: An analysis of the three sections of the application and the capacity of the team to execute the plan as described in the application.
 - a. Academic Plan Design and Capacity: school mission and goals; enrollment summary; school development; academic focus and plan; academic performance standards; high school graduation standards (if applicable); assessments; school schedule; special populations and at-risk students; school culture and discipline; marketing, recruitment, and enrollment; community involvement and parent engagement; and the capacity to implement the proposed plan.
 - b. Operations Plan and Capacity: governance; start-up plan; facilities; personnel/human capital; professional development; insurance; transportation (if applicable); food service; additional operations (if applicable); waivers; and the capacity to implement the proposed plan.
 - c. Financial Plan and Capacity: budget narrative; budget; cash flow projections; related assumptions; financial policies and procedures; and the capacity to implement the proposed plan.

The State Board's charter application review committee utilized the Tennessee Department of Education's Charter School Application Evaluation Ratings and Sample Scoring Criteria (the rubric), which is used by all local boards of education when evaluating an application. The rubric states:

An application that merits a recommendation for approval should present a clear, realistic picture of how the school expects to operate; be detailed in how this school will raise student achievement; and inspire confidence in the applicant's capacity to successfully implement the proposed academic and operational plans. In addition to meeting the criteria that are specific to that section, each part of the proposal should align with the overall mission, budget, and goals of the application.

The evaluators used the following criteria and guidance from the scoring rubric to rate applications:



Rating	Characteristics
Meets or Exceeds Standard	The response reflects a thorough understanding of key issues. It clearly aligns with the mission and goals of the school. The response includes specific and accurate information that shows
	thorough preparation.
Partially Meets Standard	The response meets the criteria in some aspects, but lacks sufficient detail and/or requires additional information in one or more areas.
Does Not Meet Standard	The response is significantly incomplete; demonstrates lack of preparation; is unsuited to the mission and vision of the district or otherwise raises significant concerns about the viability of the plan or the applicant's ability to carry it out.



Summary of the Application

<u>School Name</u>: Gaffney Athletic Preparatory Academy (GAPA)

Sponsor: Sports University International, Inc.

Proposed Location of School: Monroe County Schools

Mission: The mission of GAPA, a T.E.A.M.S. (Technology, Engineering, Athletics, Mathematics, and Science) Academy, is to create a culture where experiential learning opportunities will engage and prepare sports enthusiasts for college, careers, and life by using the T.E.A.M.S. learning model. This model will help to ensure that every sports enthusiast is able to embrace teamwork, to develop problem-solving skills, and to become a champion through the creative process of receiving a high-quality education and college readiness preparation.

Number of Schools Currently in Operation by Sponsor: 0

Proposed Enrollment:²

Grade Level	Year 1 (2021)	Year 2 (2022)	Year 3 (2023)	Year 4 (2024)	Year 5 – At Capacity (2025)
9	175	175	175	175	200
10	0	175	175	175	200
11	0	0	175	175	200
12	0	0	0	175	200
Total	175	350	525	700	800

Brief Description of the Application:

Sports University International, Inc. is proposing to open a high school in Madisonville, TN³ and serve students, referred to throughout the application as "sports enthusiasts", in grades 9 through 12 from across the state and country. GAPA is a new-start school and plans to utilize a technology, engineering, athletics, mathematics, and science (TEAMS) instructional model infused with project-based and blended learning to offer a unique option that integrates athletics and academics for high school students.⁴

The proposed school would be organized under the existing non-profit entity, Sports University International, Inc. The applicant projects the school will have \$1,300,000 in revenue and \$292,590 in expenses in Year 0, resulting in a positive ending balance of \$1,007,410. In Year 1, the applicant projects the school will have \$2,465,000 in revenue and \$1,332,624 in expenses, resulting in a net income of \$1,132,376 and a positive ending fund balance of \$2,139,786. By Year 5, the school projects to have

¹ Gaffney Athletic Preparatory Academy amended application, pg. 2.

² Ibid. pg. 6.

³ Ibid. pg. 6.

⁴ Ibid. pg. 2.



\$4,416,250 in revenue and \$4,085,920 in expenses, resulting in a net income of \$330,330 and a positive ending fund balance of \$6,616,177. The school did not include any anticipated percentages of students who will qualify as economically disadvantaged, who will be students with disabilities, or who will be English Learners (ELs), stating that these percentages are "to be determined upon enrollment". 6

⁵ Ibid. Attachment O-Planning and Budget Worksheet.

⁶ Ibid. pg. 6.



Summary of the Evaluation

The review committee recommends denial of the application for GAPA because the applicant failed to provide sufficient evidence in the academic, operational, and financial sections that the application meets the required criteria of the rubric.

The academic plan presented by the applicant lacked a comprehensive academic focus, measurable student achievement goals, and a plan to monitor student performance. Additionally, the application did not adequately describe how the school would serve its special populations and at-risk students. Furthermore, the application lacked a compelling marketing, recruitment, and enrollment plan.

The operations plan did not provide a realistic start-up plan, including how the applicant would recruit its staff in Year 0. In addition, the applicant lacked a finalized transportation plan, which significantly impacts the applicant's student recruitment plan and budget. Lastly, the applicant failed to provide a comprehensive plan for renovations of its facility as well as a timeline for preparing the campus to serve its students.

The financial plan presented by the applicant provided the review committee with little evidence of a complete, realistic, and viable five-year operating budget. The budget significantly underestimated costs, omitted essential budget line items, and was misaligned within several key areas of the application narrative. Furthermore, the applicant lacked a fundamental understanding of the Basic Education Program (BEP), provided minimal evidence for how the school would manage funding for students enrolled from outside of the district, and was unable to describe how inter-district enrollment would impact the budget. In totality, the review committee was unable to find sufficient evidence of a sound financial plan for the school.

For all of these reasons, the review committee determined that the application for GAPA did not meet the requirements outlined in the rubric for each of the application's main sections and, therefore, is unable to recommend approval of the application.

Summary of Section Ratings

In accordance with the Tennessee Department of Education's charter application scoring rubric, "applications that do not meet or exceed standard in every area...will be deemed not ready for approval," and strengths in one area of the application do not negate material weaknesses in other areas. Opening and maintaining a successful, high-performing charter school depends on having a complete, coherent plan and identifying highly capable individuals to execute that plan. The review committee's consensus ratings for each section of the application are as follows:

Section	Rating
Academic Plan Design and Capacity	Does Not Meet Standard
Operations Plan and Capacity	Does Not Meet Standard
Financial Plan and Capacity	Does Not Meet Standard

⁷ Tennessee Charter School Application Rubric – Evaluation Ratings and Sample Scoring Criteria, pg. 1.



Analysis of the Academic Plan Design and Capacity

Rating: Does Not Meet Standard

Weaknesses Identified by the Committee:

The applicant's Academic Plan Design and Capacity does not meet standard because it lacked a comprehensive academic focus and plan, measurable student achievement goals, and a plan to monitor student performance. Additionally, the application did not adequately describe how the school would serve its special populations and at-risk students. Furthermore, the application lacked a compelling marketing, recruitment, and enrollment plan.

First, the academic focus and plan was underdeveloped and lacked core components necessary for a successful academic program. While the applicant conveyed passion for providing a TEAMS-focused option to high school students, the application did not provide evidence of a developed technology, engineering, athletics, mathematics, and science program, including what curriculum they would use and how their plan will align with Tennessee academic standards and assessments. During the capacity interview, the applicant explained they were considering two different STEM-based curricula, IXL and one other K-12 option. However, IXL is a comprehensive personalized learning curriculum that is not STEM-specific, and, therefore, it is unclear how this curriculum choice would support the proposed academic focus. When asked about the timeline for selecting a curriculum, the applicant stated that one would be selected after administering a universal screener to students at the start of the school year. The choice to wait until after the start of the school year to select and order a curriculum would cause a ripple effect, significantly altering the current academic plan as well as the plan to train teachers on how to execute the plan. As a result, the review committee did not find evidence of a clear academic focus and plan or a proposal to support the implementation of the academic plan.

Similar to the underdeveloped academic focus and plan, the application lacked measurable student achievement goals and a means to monitor student performance. During the capacity interview, the review committee inquired about the school's most important measurable academic outcome for students; in response, the applicant identified mastery on state assessments and the ACT as the primary goals. When the review committee pressed for a specific, measurable goal, the applicant stated that 100% of the students would graduate and attend college. The applicant further explained that it would use PowerSchool to create assessments and that they may opt to administer assessments each quarter or mid-way through the quarter to determine student mastery. However, PowerSchool is a student information system, not an assessment platform. Therefore, it remains unclear with what assessments, beyond those annually required by the state, and when the applicant intends to monitor student performance.

In addition, the application lacked a viable plan to serve its special populations and at-risk students. When providing an enrollment summary within the first few pages of the application, the applicant intentionally left blank its projected percentages of economically disadvantaged students, students with disabilities, and EL students, citing that these percentages would be determined upon enrollment. During the capacity interview, when asked about the plan to serve these students, the applicant did not demonstrate a strong understanding of the legal requirements to serve special education and EL students. For example, when describing the anticipated supports for ELs, the applicant's exceptional education lead explained that the school would pull student files from EasyIEP and administer the WIDA assessment to place students. However, EasyIEP is a special education management tool and only contains data and files for students with disabilities. Additionally, the applicant was unable to



describe how the school would provide services for special populations within its daily schedule, explaining that at least one general education teacher would be certified to serve these students. The applicant does not plan to hire a full-time special education teacher or an EL teacher in Year 1 and budgeted \$0 for contracted SPED Services through Year 5. Instead, the applicant stated they would rely on general education teachers with EL and/or special education endorsements until their enrollment totals indicated a need to hire these staff members. The applicant was unable to provide the review committee with a specific enrollment number or percentage which would trigger the need to hire an EL or special education teacher.

Finally, the application lacked a compelling marketing, recruitment, and enrollment plan. The application states that the school intends to enroll approximately 20-40% of its students from within the district and 60-80% from outside of the district, specifically targeting students anywhere between Knoxville and Chattanooga. When asked for additional details about the target student population and a plan to recruit students from a variety of cities and towns throughout East Tennessee, the applicant stated they will not actively recruit students and have already generated interest in the school through word of mouth. The applicant further explained that the founder, Howard Paul Gaffney, has received national media attention because of his professional basketball experience, and that this school would provide a private-school-like option to families that cannot afford the cost of tuition. The applicant added that they expect families from across the nation will move to East Tennessee to attend the school regardless of the fact that many of these families would be low income. While the applicant would likely garner some student enrollment as a result of media attention, there is no evidence that this plan will be viable or sufficient to meet the applicant's enrollment projections.

Given the number of significant questions that remained after the capacity interview and the lack of a comprehensive plan throughout the entire academic section, the committee determined GAPA's academic plan design and capacity is insufficient and does not meet the standard established in the rubric.



Analysis of the Operations Plan and Capacity

Rating: Does Not Meet Standard

Weaknesses Identified by the Committee:

The applicant's Operations Plan and Capacity does not meet standard because the applicant did not provide a realistic start-up plan, including how the applicant would recruit and train staff. In addition, the applicant lacked a finalized transportation plan, which significantly impacts the applicant's student recruitment plan and budget. Lastly, the applicant failed to provide a comprehensive plan for renovations of its facility as well as a timeline for preparing the campus to serve its students.

First, the application lacked a realistic start-up plan and aligned budget. While the start-up plan laid out several tasks and timelines to be completed during Year 0, the application did not explain who would be responsible for the tasks or how they would be compensated. The Year 0 budget included \$60,000 for compensation and \$4,590 in benefits which contradicted the application narrative that stated a "hiring team" would be contracted for the tasks. Similarly, the start-up plan's marketing and recruitment line items conflicted with the Year 0 budget. The application narrative specified a budget of \$10,800 for marketing and recruitment, while the Year 0 budget worksheet had \$1,500 for marketing materials and no mention of any recruitment line items. It remains unclear what expenses are included in either of these totals or why the budgeted amounts do not align between the application narrative and the budget worksheet. Additionally, the applicant did not provide evidence of a plan to recruit staff, a detail that is of particular importance given the school's location in a rural community. During the capacity interview, the applicant stated that it had formed partnerships with two nearby universities to create a pipeline of new teachers and would rely heavily on word of mouth to recruit educators from across the nation. The applicant added that several of the founding board members are former athletes and former educators and who are able to teach at the school initially, if needed. While the review committee found evidence of the applicant's many connections with various organizations around the country, it remains unclear how these relationships would translate into recruitment of its staff. Additionally, there was no mention of how the school would recruit staff with STEM backgrounds in support of the academic focus or how it would recruit veteran teachers beyond a reliance on word of mouth.

Next, the applicant lacked a finalized transportation plan, which produced significant complications within the student recruitment plan and budget. While charter schools are not required to provide transportation, the review committee found little evidence that the school would be able to effectively enroll and retain students from across all of East Tennessee without a plan to provide bussing. Within the application narrative, the applicant explained that they had not yet determined if they would provide transportation and therefore did not include any transportation items in the budget. During the capacity interview, the review committee pressed the applicant team on how they would cover the cost of transportation, should they decide to offer it, as well as how the applicant would ensure the school was not in violation of T.C.A. § 49-6-2105, which sets a maximum time for students on a bus of ninety (90) minutes one way. The applicant explained that Mr. Gaffney planned to purchase the first two busses at \$10,000 a-piece and donate them to the school. Mr. Gaffney added that they would assemble a transportation committee to plan out the routes and consider different options such as smaller vans and busses to ensure they were in compliance with state law. However, the use of vans, beyond those used for the transportation of students to and from school-related activities, is not permitted and added to the mounting evidence that the applicant lacks an understanding of the significant transportation



requirements contained in state and federal law. Additionally, while the review committee acknowledges that Mr. Gaffney would cover the initial cost, without a full transportation plan, the review committee lacked evidence that the school would be able to recruit and retain its 60-80% of students from far distances such as Chattanooga and Knoxville as well as pay for its transportation costs beyond Mr. Gaffney's initial donation.

Further, the applicant's facility plan did not provide sufficient evidence that the school would be ready to open for the 2021-22 school year. According to the applicant, its sponsoring non-profit has entered into a rental agreement with the owner of the former Hiawassee College campus in Madisonville, TN. During the capacity interview, the applicant described the various inspectors and estimators who have visited the campus to provide the applicant with an understanding of the work that would need to be completed in Year 0. However, the applicant did not include any renovation timelines or anticipated costs for this work in the application. The applicant explained that several of the campus buildings would need to be changed from a business code to an education code but did not offer further details on a timeline or process for how or when this would be completed. Additionally, the application included a brief outline of the applicant's intention to rent out several portions of the facility to various community groups; however, a clear plan for the safety and security of its students while these groups were on campus was not provided. Without a comprehensive plan and timeline for renovations, any budgeted line items to cover the costs, or a clear understanding of the safety and security measures that would need to be in place to protect its students, the review committee determined that the applicant's facility plan was incomplete and insufficient.

Together, each of these concerns illustrated an operations plan that does not meet the requirements of the rubric.



Analysis of the Financial Plan and Capacity

Rating: Does Not Meet Standard

Weaknesses Identified by the Committee:

The Financial Plan and Capacity does not meet standard because it lacked a complete, realistic, and viable five year operating budget. The budget provided by the applicant significantly underestimated costs, omitted essential budget line items, and was misaligned within several areas of the application narrative. Moreover, the applicant lacked a fundamental understanding of the BEP, providing minimal evidence for how the school would manage funding for students enrolled from outside of the district as well as how inter-district enrollment would impact budget projections. Each of these concerns amounted to a lack of compelling evidence of a sound financial plan for the school.

To start, the applicant's five year operating budget underestimated costs and omitted essential budget line items described in the application narrative, thus creating a misalignment between the financial plan, several sections within the application, and the proposed budget. For example, in addition to the facility renovation costs discussed in the analysis of the Operations Plan and Capacity above, the five-year operating budget did not include any costs for utilities or maintenance of the facility. Similarly, the application narrative referenced multiple staff positions that are not accounted for in the budget, including two (2) IT personnel, paraprofessionals, a security guard, a transportation director, and an Assistant Principal in Year 1. In addition, the budget narrative estimates that in Year 1 the school will have 10% of its population, or roughly 17 students, requiring EL services and another 10% of its population requiring special education services; however, the Year 1 budget does not include any costs for staff members to support these students. Buring the capacity interview, the applicant justified this omission by explaining that the school would recruit general education teachers with the necessary endorsements to support their special populations and these teachers would be expected to teach multiple courses in order to provide the required services. Knowing that special education and EL teachers are responsible for more than simply providing services to students and that the plan relied on teachers being assigned multiple courses to teach, the review committee was concerned that the applicant did not prioritize funding within the budget to support its special populations of students and that the plan would be insufficient.

In addition, the applicant demonstrated a lack of understanding of the BEP and its impact on the budget. According to the budget narrative, the applicant used Shelby County Schools' BEP rate to determine its own per pupil funding. When asked why the applicant used Shelby County's rate rather than the BEP rate for Monroe County, where the school will be located, the applicant explained that Shelby County has charter schools and Monroe County currently does not. From there, the review committee inquired about how the various BEP rates from different counties would impact the budget. In turn, the applicant asked the review committee if the amounts would be different and then clarified that the budget is singularly based on Monroe County because it has a lower BEP rate than its surrounding counties. This clarification directly contradicted the applicant's previous statement about using Shelby County's BEP rate and pointed to a fundamental lack of understanding of the BEP, particularly knowing that the school intends to enroll between 60-80% of its students from outside of the district. Given the confusing and contradictory responses provided during the capacity interview, the review committee did not find

⁸ The budget narrative is the first mention of any projected counts for EL and special education students.



evidence that the applicant has a sufficient understanding of its BEP funding and, as a result, created an inaccurate budget.

In totality, the plan provided in the financial section of the application does not meet the standard explicitly stated in the rubric.



Evaluation Team

Michelle Doane is an independent educational and nonprofit consultant based in Nashville, TN. Her primary areas of specialization include program development and evaluation, charter school development, charter school authorization, school and authorizer quality, strategic planning, and project management. Recent clients include the Walton Family Foundation, the Maryland State Department of Education, the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Indiana Department of Education. Michelle previously served as the Project Manager in the Vice Chancellor's Office for Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion at Vanderbilt University, and as the Director of School Development Programs at the Tennessee Charter School Center. She holds an Master of Education degree in learning and instruction from Peabody College, Vanderbilt University.

Chad J. Fletcher is the Federal Programs Supervisor and District Testing Coordinator for Bedford County Schools. Chad began his career as a high school History and Geography teacher in Metro-Nashville/Davidson County Schools. After gaining valuable classroom teaching experience, Chad served as a school and district administrator for 18 years in Murfreesboro City, Knox County, and Manchester City Schools before joining Bedford County in July 2019. Chad earned his Bachelors, Master of Education, and Educational Specialist degrees from Middle Tennessee State University and previously served on the Tennessee Department of Education's Personalized Learning Taskforce.

Ali Gaffey serves as the Deputy Director of Charter Schools for the Tennessee State Board of Education. In this role, she oversees the charter school appeals process and authorizer responsibilities of the State Board. Prior to joining the State Board, Ali was the 7th and 8th grade Academic Dean at STEM Prep Academy, a charter school serving a largely immigrant population in Southeast Nashville. Ali is a former middle and high school English teacher and a Teach For America alum with a decade of experience in Education. Ali has taught in and led charter schools in Nashville and New Orleans and loves the innovation and quality education opportunities charter schools provide. Ali earned her Bachelor of Arts degree at the University of Florida.

Nate Parker serves as the Coordinator of Policy and Federal Programs for the Tennessee State Board of Education. In this role, he manages local education agency (LEA) compliance and federal programs for State Board authorized charter schools. He is also currently enrolled in Vanderbilt University's Doctor of Education program in K-12 Education Leadership and Policy. Nate is a former Teach For America alum with a decade of experience as a secondary teacher, assistant principal, and principal working in traditional public schools and charter schools in Arizona, Connecticut, Ohio, and Tennessee. He is twice a graduate of The Ohio State University, earning a Bachelor of Arts degree in Integrated Social Studies and a Master of Public Administration degree. Nate is also a graduate of Arizona State University earning a Master of Education degree in Secondary Education.

Exhibit B

Section 1 Academic Plan Design and Capacity

1	.1 School Mission and Vision	Ĭ	
The mission statement is clear, con-	ourpose of the proposed charter scho- cise, compelling and measurable. cription of what the school will look like		ng its mission.
	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Me	et Standard
	Strengths		Page
Plan stated mission and goals	S.		1
Cor	cerns/Questions		Page
Initiatives are unclear. There	seem to be several competing	ng ideas.	
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
This application has an innov	ative concept.		
Со	ncems/Questions		Page
Mission and vision are somewast this an athletic academy? The target population and focuses include additional content to	There are many different init is are inconsistent. The applic describe the implementation	iatives - the cation should of innovative	1-3

	1.2 Enrollment Summary		
Characteristics of a strong response: A clear description of the commun	nitywhereschoolintendstodrawstudentsin	cludingschoolzone	sandacademic
performance of surrounding schools. Rationaleforselectingthecommunit	performance of surrounding schools. Rationaleforselectingthecommunitywhereschoolwilllocateanddescriptionofhowtheschoolwillserveasaneeded		
alternative. Completed enrollment summary a	and anticipated demographics charts with	n reasonable enrol	Iment projections.
	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Me	et Standard
	Strengths		Page
Co	oncerns/Questions		Page
Data included in the application are both inaccurate and inconsistent. Percentages of economically disadvantaged, students with disabilities, and English Learners students are unable to be predicted prior to actual enrollment. Graduation data is inaccurate. The dropout rate is reported as 22% and the Monroe County School System has a graduation rate of 93%.			3-6
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
	oncems/Questions		Page
students with disabilities and predicted - where are these are inadequately staffed and the budget. Enrollment plan any other existing charter so	s who will be economically dis denglish Language Learners numbers coming from? Class dinconsistent - this does not consistent of the extremely shool in the state. Monroe Coulol starting with 175 9th gradernts is not likely.	could not be size ratios orrelate with higher than nty is a rural	6 & 7

1.3 Academic Focus and Plan

Characteristics of a strong response:

- A clear and comprehensive explanation of the school's academic focus that is aligned with the school's mission and vision.
- A framework for a rigorous research based academic plan that reflects the needs of the targeted student population and is aligned with the school's stated mission and vision.
- A robust and quality curriculum overview, supported by research, with a plan for implementation that
 includes all grades the school will eventually include.
- Evidence the curriculum design is aligned with the Tennessee State Standards.
- Evidence the proposed academic plan will be appropriate. And effective for growing. All students while at. The same time closing achievement gaps.
- A description of effective methods for providing differentiated instruction to meet the needs of all students, including a strong plan for Response to Instruction and Intervention (RTI2) that aligns with Tennessee guidelines.
- If including blended learning, a clear explanation of the model the school will use and the role of teachers within the blended learning environment.

within the blended learning er	ivironment.		
	Initial Application Review	_	
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	X Partially Meets Standard	Does Not Me	et Standard
	Strengths		Page
The application highlights a p	lan to adopt Tennessee State S	tandards.	
Con	cerns/Questions		Page
athletics but instead includes leadership, aviation, college p Advanced Placement, agricul focus. These focuses are ava	rinnovative strategies in regard a variety of concepts such as Soreparatory coursework, dual en ture etc. The application needs ilable at the existing Monroe Co e students with additional option	TEM, rollment, one ounty high	8-12
·	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
	ncems/Questions		Page
the same content, at times wi appeared to be excerpts from The integration of restorative mentioned in this section (p. 9 mentioned in the discipline se emotional learning. A referent learning program" is mentioned staffing needs (IT) or curricular reflected in the budget. Many of the programs, strated are not research-based, high The flex-blended learning motyear one (175 students) would	in nature with multiple sections th different details, models, or we other documents. practices into the classrooms is 9), but is not further elaborated ection. The same applies to sociate to the "virtual part of a blended (p. 12), but is not included in um needs. These expenses are quality or related to standards. del (p. 16) is not included in the d have a minimum of \$200,000 oping the infrastructure for netal	what or al- led the also not sources budget - for	8-18

This expense would recur each year for the additional student enrollment.

Duties for the Classroom Coaches (p. 17-18) are unrealistic - it appears that there are multiple job responsibilities placed on classroom coaches. Does the compensation align with job duties and expectations? Are these separate positions (classroom instruction and planning, data analysis, content creation, discussion boards and blogs, etc.)

Response to Intervention - specific requirements are not included or sufficient. Interventions must be research-based. Who will be providing interventions? This is a personnel requirement that is not included in the budget.

Section 1 Academic Plan Design and Capacity

1.4	4 Academic Performance Star	ndards
	Initial Application Review	Y
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Meet Standard
	Strengths	Page

	
Concerns/Questions	Page
The application does not outline measurable goals for student achievement. The research cited is outdated and at times sources referenced are not valid. Numerous staff members are outlined in this section's narrative but	22-42
are not included in the budget. References to instructional strategies and content for elementary and middle schools also seem to be cut and pasted from another source and are not applicable to high school. Several of the included tables and examples are not current or relevant.	
Final Application Review	··
	t Meet Standard
Strengths	Page
Concerns/Questions	Page
In the application, Figure 9 (p. 23) is not a valid source or reference.	23
The research on p. 24 is outdated (2002) and assessment reference is not current.	24
Instructional references (p. 25) are not appropriate for high school students - research cited pertains to grades two and four.	25
Homework recommendations are not appropriate or realistic - this should not be a blanket recommendation considering commute times, sporting events, practices, etc.	26-27
Again, RTI sections on p. 28 and 38 are not aligned with the current Tennessee RTI2 model - language of the current RTI2/RTII is outdated, identification of students who need services, benchmark	28 & 38
requirements, allowable universal screener, and other mandates are not included. Group sizes are confusing - The size of 22 students is referenced as a small group and a large group. Further, during specials and lunch	33, 35
periods staffing assignments are not logical. The plan for adopting materials and curriculum is not consistent with Tennessee's ELA initiatives. Are the positions of commissioner, curriculum implementation	
coordinator, academic commissioner, and founding board leaders separate positions? These salaries are not included in the budget. Additional staff are mentioned on p. 38 - again the budget does not	38
support these positions. Reading Plus, IXL, Mavis Beacon Teaches Typing are listed on p. 42-43 as online programs to be used, but the cost of those subscriptions	42-43
is not included in the budget. Prentice Hall Writing and Grammar (p. 42) is an outdated curriculum.	/5

The use of any curriculum as a primary resource not approved by TDOE requires an extensive waiver process that is not included in the	42
narrative.	
Tennessee requires a tiered attendance and truancy plan. GAPA	43
does not include a plan that would meet state requirements.	
The various electives look good, but would require many different staff	
members and additional expenses related to equipment and	
transportation.	

1.5 Phase-In/Turnaround Planning

Characteristics of a strong response:

- Inclusion of strong prior experience in turning around or converting an underperforming school or plan for doing so if the organization does not have prior experience.
- A clear explanation for how the organization will engage with the neighborhood, community, and student population prior to conversion.
- Specific ways to engage and transform the existing school culture and how the organization will determine what aspects of school culture to keep, modify, or add.
- If proposing a phase-in approach, the organization clearly describes how transition to a shared campus will occur with regard to campus collaboration and building-wide issues.
- If proposing a full school take-over approach, the organization has a clear plan for communicating with existing staff and a comprehensive plan for needed additional support to ensure student success.

	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard ☐ Partially Meets Standard		et Standard	
	Strengths		Page
Not included in application be school.	pecause the applicant is not ph	nasing in the	
Co	oncerns/Questions		Page
conversion. However, the a	ed because the applicant is no pplicant does not have experient and a sound a s	ence with	
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
C	oncems/Questions		Page

1.6 High Scho	ool Graduation and Postsecond	ary Readiness
Characteristics of a strong response:		
	ssee Graduation Requirements (includi explanation of any additional requirer	
	on of how the school's graduation requer postsecondary opportunities, includ	
 Effective systems and struct requirements. 	tures for students at risk of dropping o	ut or not meeting graduation
	Initial Application Review	
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Meet Standard

	Strengths	-	Page
The application has a wide varie	ty of concepts for students to be co	llege and	1 450
career ready.	ity of concepts for students to be co	noge and	
	/0		Dana
	ncerns/Questions		Page 49-50
	ic understanding of high school pro		49-50
	st practices. The application seems ific innovative curricular designs in		
	career studies, however it does not		
~ ~	team sports as a course or in their		
schedules.	redain sports as a course of in their	auity	
Seried dies.			
	Final Application Review	1	
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
`	ject and Oral Defense) is a com	mendable	51
practice for college and caree	er readiness.		
Con	cerns/Questions		Page
	racticum experiences are missin	ıq.	46-82
	uation requirements are listed o		
The ACT is not listed as a gra		•	
Credits required for graduation			
	d as an option for students on p	. 51. Is	
staffing for this included in the			
	us; however, many special cours		
	and a large number of teachers		
•	ements/training would have to b	е	
available.		_4	
	would be additional expenses no	Dί	
included in the budget for the		nto with	
	ent require articulation agreeme ourse. There is not a provision o		
	ided in the initial application for		
	ite Community College, Tennes:		
	iversity). The University of Chat		
	tual school. Instructors for dual	.tarrooga	
	e degrees in each course and b	e	
	niversity. Additionally, there are		
	rollment that are not included in		
	or obtaining the requirements or		
for each course.	3	, , ,	
	not have all the appropriate qua	alifications	
to teach dual enrollment and	• • • •		
	, however there is not a function		
on campus. This applies to n			

weight training, tennis, etc. Currently, none of the facilities are usable according to the most recent Fire Marshall reports.	
according to the most reconct no maioridin reporte.	

1.7 Assessments

Characteristics of a strong response:

- Assessment selection will provide sufficiently rich data for evaluation of the academic program and align with state standards.
- Assessment plan details the collection and analysis of individual students, student cohorts, and school level performance throughout the school year, at the end of the academic year and for the term of the charter.
- A process for using data to support instruction is clearly articulated, with detailed plans presented to provide adequate training for teachers and school leaders.
- Demonstrates an understating of the obligation under state law to participate in the statewide system of assessments and accountability.

	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard X Does Not Meet Standard		et Standard
	Strengths		Page
	TDOE's required assessmer OC TNReady Assessment P		

Co	ncerns/Questions		Page
Required assessments for spassessment section.	ecial populations are not includ	ed in the	82-86
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
			Page
Concems/Questions If GAPA chooses to participate in supplemental district-wide assessments, that would be an additional cost and is not reflected in the budget. Required assessments for special populations (ELs, SWDs) are not included in the assessment section. The application lacks a comprehensive approach to assessment which would include diagnostics, formative and summative assessments.		82-86	

1	.8 School Calendar and Schedu	ıle	
 equivalent of 180 days of ir Calendar and schedule supportion. Description of a typical day the overall mission and vision. 	nt A) and student schedules meet Tenn nstruction. port implementation of the academic p for teachers and students align with ke	lan and align with s	stated mission and
	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Me	et Standard
	Strengths		Page
C	oncerns/Questions		Page

	ic plan and schedule, how would		
	etic endeavors playing a team s		
	ive level while maintaining full-ti		
	us in-person courses, 90-120 mir		
	ng, up to a 3-hour commute on a		
	d), and the practice and condition	ning for	
their sports?			
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does No	t Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
Co	oncems/Questions		Page
Who manages the enrollmer	ntprocesses? This is not include	ed in the	86-92
budget.			
	entdo notadd up (p. 86). The fi		
· •	but that is unclear in this section		
	n of 800 students, where will the		
	facilities do not support these n		
•	ot allow for that many students i	n the	
academic buildings.		-	
	ng of students is included on p. 8		
	ists. Other sections describe a s	mall	
group as 15-22 students.	anticas is no longaron applicable	la.	
program requirement. (p. 87)	ervices is no longer an applicabl	ı e	
	, ncludes a fu ll faculty/department	meetina	
	does not reflect that. Will the st		
	ek? When are the full faculty/de		
meetings?	on. Timen are are ran rabany, as	Α	
-	rses allowable special courses in	า	
Tennessee?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Is the lunch/RTI block (11:45	-1:10) providing adequate time f	or RTI	
and lunch per Tennessee's F	RTI ² plan?		
_	s for athletic events (teams will		
	urnaments and competitions), h		
	is daily schedule? How will stud	lents'	
	et, especially for RTI ² /special		
education/ESL?			
_	creditation organization. It is no	w Cognia	
and is another cost not reflect			
Monroe County City Public S	** /		
• •	transition from SA Fifteen to Infi		
-	correct. Further, the Monroe Co	•	
	provide training or staff to manag	ge the SIS	
(Student Information System).		

The personnel data reporting referenced on p. 91 are not current reporting requirements. The GAPA human resources and data management personnel will be responsible for any staff reporting requirements.

The Monroe County Schools course files do not align with the GAPA course catalog since there are several special courses that would require state approval therefore, GAPA would be unable to transfer the courses and descriptions in the SIS.

The Infinite Campus section is inaccurate. Monroe County has never used this system.

Staff responsible for maintaining and reporting accurate data are inadequate and not included in the budget.

Section 1 Academic Plan Design and Capacity

1.9 Special Populations and At-Risk Students

Characteristics of a strong response:

- An identified founding school team member with experience working with special populations.
- Clear process for identifying students with disabilities, English Language Learners, and at-risk students, and gifted students.
- Clear description of RTI² procedures, including a plan for how data will be collected, progress will be monitored, and instructional decisions made related to student performance
- A viable plan to provide students with special needs with instructional programs, practices, and strategies that ensure access to the general education curriculum and academic success.
- Requirements and processes for monitoring services to students in need and plans to exit students that attain sufficient progress.
- An understanding of, and capacity to fulfill, State and federal obligations and requirements pertaining to students with disabilities and English Language Learners.
- A realistic plan for hiring licensed and highly qualified personnel including service providers, nursing, and educational assistants.
- Evidence of adequate resources and staff to meet the needs of all students, including professional development for teachers.
- Articulated plan for how the school will utilize and evaluate data to inform instruction and
 evaluate academic progress for students with disabilities, English learners, at-risk students,
 and gifted students.

Initial Application Review			
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard ☐ Partially Meets Standard		et Standard	
	Strengths		Page
One proposed Team member listed in the application has experience and endorsement in Special Education.		95	

Concerns/Questions	Page
This application demonstrates lack of basic knowledge concerning students with special needs and the laws protecting them. Tennessee's current RTI ² Plan (Response to Instruction and Intervention) is incorrectly referenced throughout the document as I (Response to Intervention), which is an outdated term. In multiple places in the application, there is a wide variety of methods and programs listed for "RTI" that do not specifically outline a usable platfor identifying, intervening and monitoring students who require RTI services.	RTI
Final Application Review	•
	s Not Meet Standard
Strengths	Page
There is evidence of a willingness to plan for students with special needs to attend the GAPA Charter School.	
Concerns/Questions	Page
Supervision and provisions of IDEA, ADA, and Section 504 services are the responsibility of the Charter unless they decide to contract with the LEA. These expenses are not included in the budget. The LEA has an identified challenge meeting the existing staffing needs for the Exceptional Education Department and would be unable to provide contracted services to the GAPA Charter School. The application I multiple staff members with experience working with special populations, however only one is currently certified or endorsed. Are these potential instructors or administrators or just founding board members? (p. 94-96) EasyCBM is listed as another progress monitoring program in this section. This is inconsistent with previously mentioned RTI² plans a well as an additional cost not listed in the budget. EasyIEP is listed as a system to manage student progress, however that is an add-on expense that is not included in the budget. A special education assistant is listed on p. 96 but is not included in the budget. The application lists CPI (Crisis Prevention Institute) training as an option for staff, which is an extensive and expensive process not included in the budget. p.96 Identification of students with special needs is missing required step in the process such as initial identification. Case managers are required to have an IEP meeting for transfer students coming in with existing IEPs from other districts and the application does not indication requirement or process. (p. 97-98) There are several missing pieces of the IDEA/SWD requirements within the application.	vith ne sts ss ss

Counselors, a full-time nurse and case managers are listed on p. 97 and are not included in the budget.

For ELs, a translator service is not referenced (additional cost not listed in the budget) and a certified ESL teacher is required for all identified English Learners (additional cost not listed in the budget). RTI programs are mentioned again on p. 101 - this is redundant and has been mentioned in multiple places with inconsistent plans. Gifted services are not adequate or appropriate for students identified as gifted. (p. 102)

Section 1 Academic Plan Design and Capacity

1.10 School Culture and Discipline

- A clear vision for school culture or ethos that will promote a positive academic environment and will reflect high levels of academic expectation and support.
- Coherent plan for creating and sustaining the intended culture for students, teachers, administrators, and parents from the school's inception, and for integrating new students and families as they arrive.
- Plan for how school culture will embrace students with special needs.
- Student discipline policy (Attachment B) that provides for effective strategies to support a safe, orderly school climate and strong school culture while respecting student rights.
- Evidence of legally sound discipline policies that outline discipline procedures, suspension, and expulsion procedures and appeals processes.
- If not included as part of school handbook (Attachment B), inclusion of student discipline policy (Attachment C)
- Thoughtful consideration of how the discipline policies protect the rights of students with disabilities.

	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard ☐ Partially Meets Standard		et Standard	
	Strengths		Page
Ж			
Co	oncerns/Questions		Page
The beginning of this section			
no practical application was			
in place of the actual develo			
mention of culture building p	ractices or activities or even	branding with	
mascots or school colors wit	th potential stakeholders. Th	rere is a	
graphic with a coat of arms a			
another business endeavor	(2018) that does not encour	age ownership	
from prospective students of		Angelonia (1)	

	Final Application Review	
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	□ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Meet Sta
	Strengths	Page
Con Alternative school is listed as a	ems/Questions	Page ses - this 103-114
is an additional expense not in alternative school be located grampus? Alternative school, in-school s Saturday School are all listed a These are additional expense athletes complete additional rethere consequences related to disciplinary issues? A full-time SRO is included an County Sheriff's office will proschool. The Monroe County Sposition and this is not include Many offenses are planned to is neither practical nor necessis social-emotional learning needs section.	spension, after-school detents consequences. Who will stand not included in the budget. He quired hours while in season? Iteam eligibility for students while the application states that the dethe SRO at no cost to the eriff will not actually provide the inthe budget. He reported to law enforcements.	the tion, and aff those? ow will ? Are ho have e Monroe his nt, which ces and

Section 1 Academic Plan Design and Capacity

1.11 Marketing, Recruitment, and Enrollment

- Articulated student recruitment and marketing plan, timeline, and enrollment policy that will
 provide equal access to all interested students and families, including those in poverty,
 academically low-achieving students, students with disabilities, and English Language
- Enrollment policy (Attachment D) that complies with state law and district policies.
- Compelling student outreach plan that includes community, family, and student involvement, and that is realistic and likely to foster student retention and community support.
- Description of existing community resources and partnerships already formed that will benefit
 students and parents and that include a description of the nature, purposes, terms, and scope
 of services of any such partnerships; and evidence of commitment from identified community
 partners including documentation of pledged support (Attachment E), if available.
- Letters of support, MOUs, or contracts (Attachment E) to show proposed school is welcomed by the community.

	Initial Application Review		
X Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	☐ Does Not Me	eet Standard
	Strengths		Page
All required components of the	ne application are included.		114-119
Co	ncerns/Questions		Page
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	X Partially Meets Standard	☐ Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
	-		
Co	oncems/Questions		Page
How will extensive travel be f	funded for recruitment and		
publicizing? The application	says that recruitment will be	conducted	

nationally. Is this going to be advertised as a boarding school? If so, how will that be funded? Further, international recruiting would require adherence to federal requirements (Homeland Security, immigration) Oversight, safety concerns, meals, utilities, dorm supervision - all are additional funding issues not included in the budget.

Are recruitment practices planned and appropriate/legal under TSSAA and NCAA regulations?

Section 1 Academic Plan Design and Capacity

1.12 Comm	unity Involvement and Parent	Engagement		
Characteristics of a strong re	Characteristics of a strong response:			
 Plan for student recru 	itment after school has opene	ed.		
 A sound and compell 	ing plan for engaging parents	and communi	ty partners in	
the design and life of				
	ng and educating parents on s	school policies	S.	
la ta en la caración de la caración				
	Initial Application Review	***************************************		
X Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	☐ Does Not Me	et Standard	
	Strengths		Page	
The required components of	the application are included.		119-130	
Concerns/Questions			Page	
Given the large geography of	covered by the anticipated sch	ool		
enrollment plans, GAPA may	y have great challenges with p	parent		
involvement and attendance	e at school events.			
	Final Application Review			
X Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	☐ Does Not	Meet Standard	
	Strengths		Page	
There are robust plans to inc	clude and inform parents.			
Concerns/Questions			Page	
A parent partnership specialist and a family resource center are listed				
as positions. These position	s are not included in the budg	et.		
50				

Section 1 Academic Plan Design and Capacity

1.13 Existing Academic Plan			
	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	☐ Does Not Me	et Standard
	Strengths		Page
Not Applicable			
1953 49			
Con	ncerns/Questions		Page
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	☐ Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
Co	ncems/Questions		Page

Section 1 Academic Plan Design and Capacity

1.14 Performance Management			
	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	☐ Does Not Me	eet Standard
	Strengths		Page
Not Applicable			
	10 11		D
Concerns/Questions		Page	
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	□ Does No	t Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
	Concerns/Questions		Page

2.1 Governance

- Strong understanding of the roles and responsibilities of a governing board including structure, size, powers, duties, and expertise that aligns with the school's mission and vision.
- Proposed structure is likely to ensure effective governance and meaningful oversight of school performance, operations, and financials.
- Evidence the proposed board members will contribute the wide range of knowledge, skills, and commitment needed to oversee a successful charter school, including but not limited to educational, financial, legal, and community experience and expertise.
- Plans for meaningful board training as required by law.
- If applicable, a timely plan for creating or transitioning from a founding board to a school governing board.
- Clear, compelling plans to ensure parents have access to the governing board, including a process for complaints that is fair, transparent and a plan for communicating the process.
- Sound plan and timeline for board recruitment, expansion and orientation of new members.
- Governance documents (Attachments F1-F7) are complete and align with state laws and district policies.

Initial Application Review			
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard ☐ Partially Meets Standard		et Standard	
	Strengths		Page
Co	ncerns/Questions		Page
The Board of Directors lack experience in the field of education or charter school administration. There are seven Board Members and ten "founding board" listed. What are their roles? It is unclear who of these individuals has experience in governance versus day-to-day management of a school or charter.		131	
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
Concems/Questions		Page	
Board development (p. 133) should include training for the board members, parliamentary procedures, and board responsibilities. Unscheduled meetings have to be publicized at least 48 hours in advance (p. 134)		131-135	

The application mentions an audit, but does not have funds in the	
budget for auditor services.	

2.2 Start-Up Plan

- Compelling plan for leading the development of the school from post-approval to opening, including identification of a capable individual or team to lead the planning and start-up, as well as a viable plan for compensating this individual or team during the planning year.
- Adequately addresses potential challenges.
- Detailed start-up plan specifying tasks and timelines which are aligned with a sound start-up budget.

	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Me	et Standard
	Strengths		Page
	ar was developed with activiti ficity for how this plan would t		135-137
C	oncerns/Questions		Page
compensation packages, and unclear how the number pos- multitude of responsibilities fully prepared for students to	r about the number of position and budget support for the start sitions listed will be adequate and activities necessary to go attend. There are concerns med staff to open and operate	tup. It is for the et the school about the	
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
	oncems/Questions		Page
least \$450,000 (averaging \$ and benefits) - with the addithere is approximately \$1,00 included in the budget for the Parts of the start-up plan are not be assessed (diagnostic before students actually star Research has concluded the	e not logical. For example, st c testing) and IEPs could not b	ng salaries he application total is not udents could be developed	135-140

startup plan. At this time, none of the buildings are usable even for office space.

The Team Captain of sports enthusiasts is listed as a school administrator, school counselor, and social worker supervisor. That individual would have multiple certifications to qualify for each of these positions. Moreover, many of the positions listed would have to perform multiple job duties including administrative, instructional, coaching, student services, etc. There is a lack of detail in the budget for compensation for these additional duties.

	2.3 Facilities		
program and anticipated s	ble and adequately meet the requirem		
	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard		Does Not Me	
	Strengths		Page
Co	oncerns/Questions		Page
inappropriate and currently to buildings are padlocked and extensive renovations. The application lacks a cont school while facilities are bro The application does not sho	APA Charter School is completed in usable per Fire Marshall report cannot be used for any reason ingency plan for operating the cought up to code compliance. Town any financial plan for the milled to renovate the buildings and cation.	rts. The without harter ions of	141-142
	Final Application Review		L
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
			<u> </u>
	oncems/Questions	dia ba	Page
used per the Fire Marshall in padlocked. Extensive work accessible and compliant wifacilities up to all codes (fire, indicate millions of dollars in children and staff. There is inconsistent langua purchase and renovations for application has indicated the maintenance worker and on not included in the budget. I and repairs for machinery, to An estimate for the maintenance.	buildings on campus are allowed aspection report. In fact, building is required to make the building th fire codes. The costs to bring ADA, electrical, sanitation, etc. repairs and updates for the safety of the campus and buildings. The end one full-time and one is full-time security guard. The security guard. The security guard is further, this does not include mools, lab equipment and vehicle ance of the grounds was obtained (290+ acre campus with 60 acres.)	gs were s g the) would ety of the part-time salaries are aintenance s. ed for the	

Parking lots (paving and lighting) are in major disrepair and would have to be repaired or replaced prior to use for safety issues. (Asphalt costs approximately \$13 per square foot - varies based on fuel cost. To repair the parking lots would cost well over a million dollars.) There are many HVAC, electrical and plumbing issues that would all have to be repaired or updated prior to use of the buildings. All life safety codes would have to meet current regulations as the facility is under new ownership and cannot be grandfathered in to meet expectations.

The baseball field, softball field, tennis court, and swimming pool are in disrepair and overgrown. The gymnasium is currently unavailable for use due to Fire Marshall restrictions (padlocked).

Fire drill plans are not sufficient. Monthly fire drills (11 per year) are required as well as four fire safety educational announcements (TDOE requirements). There are also additional requirements such as tornado drills, intruder/lockdown drills that are not mentioned in the application.

Previously, Hiwassee College employed five full-time maintenance staff (maintenance and mowing) and one full-time custodian for each building except Barker Learning Center, which had two full-time custodians.

GAPA plans to use 237,960 square feet of facility space. At an average of \$100 per square foot for renovations, it is estimated that the repair costs would be over \$24,000,000. This does not include basic furnishings. (Each classroom costs approximately \$100,000 to furnish and this is not included in the budget even though it is included in the narrative.)

Nothing is included in the budget for utilities.

This campus would need lots of repairs and restoration to ensure the safety and security of students and staff.

So the way the content

2.4 Personnel/Human Capital

Characteristics of a strong response:

 The schools organizational charts (Attachment G) clearly delineate the roles and responsibilities of – and lines of authority and reporting among – the Board, staff, any related

- bodies (such as advisory bodies or parent/educator councils), and any external organizations that will play a role in managing the school.
- If leader is identified, chosen leaders have necessary qualifications, competencies, and capacity for their assigned roles and resumes for school leadership are included (Attachment H). If available, includes previous student achievement data for school leadership (Attachment H). NOTE: If school leader has not been chosen, a clear description of qualifications, expectations, responsibilities and timeline for hiring is included.
- Identifies strategies for supporting school leadership.
- Recruitment and hiring strategy, criteria, timeline, and procedures are likely to result in a strong staff and are well suited to the school.
- Compensation packages are likely to attract and retain strong staff are clearly defined.
- Provides a strong plan for supporting, developing, and annually evaluating school leadership and teachers that aligns statewide evaluation requirements.
- Effective planning for unsatisfactory leadership/teacher performance and tumover.
- Employee manual and personnel policies (Attachment I) are complete and effective.
- Staffing projections for each year are robust and aligned with the educational program and conducive to the school's success.

Initial Application Review			
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard			et Standard
Strengths			Page
The organizational chart is in	cluded and clear.		143
Cor	cerns/Questions		Page
The Commissioner (school leader) lacks a teaching degree or certification and lacks experience in the school leadership capacity. The teacher and administrator evaluation processes are thorough,			Attachment F
however strategies specific to teacher retention are absent.		144-185	
Final Application Review			
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
Strengths		Page	
Cor	ncems/Questions		Page
Personnel responsibilities are both inconsistent and unrealistic. There are 18 people included in the organizational chart (Attachment G), which would be approximately \$1,170,000 in salaries and benefits (averaging \$65,000 per person, which is not a competitive salary). This is not reflected in the budget. Compensation packages for instructional staff are not competitive for the state or region.		143-185	

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2.5 Professional Development

Characteristics of a strong response:

Professional development standards, opportunities, leadership, and calendar/scheduling
effectively support the education program and are likely to maximize success in improving
student achievement.

Language Learners, include and communication with E	plan supports professional growth	oline of students	with disabilities
	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	X Partially Meets Standard	☐ Does Not Me	eet Standard
	Strengths		Page
Co	ncerns/Questions		Page
There are various professional development activities included in the application for teaching staff. The application outlines 150+ hours of professional development, however the logistics and financing of these activities are not evident.			
	Final Application Review	- 110	
			t Meet Standard
Strengths			Page
Co	ncems/Questions		Page
Costs associated with teacher included in the budget.	er professional development a	are not	

Something the second state of the second state of the second

2.6 Insurance

- Plan to secure comprehensive and adequate insurance coverage, including worker's compensation, liability, property, indemnity, directors and officers, automobile, sexual abuse and any other required coverage.
- If applicable, additional liability for such activities as sports teams.

Insurance company letter approval of the charter sc	(Attachment J) states required cov hool application.	erage will be provided upor	n
	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Meet Standa	.rd
	Strengths	Page	
	(6)		
Co	oncerns/Questions	Page	
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	V Door Not Most Cto	
inleets of Exceeds Standard		X Does Not Meet Sta	nuaru
 	Strengths	Page	
Ü	oncems/Questions	Page	
Quotes are included for hea	al services are not budgeted. Ith insurance in the attachmel sation, adequate liability and	′	10

Sauthon 2 Open mons

2.7 Transportation – If Applicable

- Clear description of transportation plan that includes anticipated routes, extracurricular activities, and Saturday school where applicable.
- A comprehensive oversight plan that identifies school staff responsible for this oversight.
- Description of how the school will arrange transportation for special needs students where necessary.

	Initial Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Me	et Standar
	Strengths	,	Page
С	oncerns/Questions		Page
Anticipated routes are not in	ncluded other than "outside th	ne LEA," which	190-19
	ans to be an athletic academ		
	ents or other extracurricular	activities is	
not included.			
	First Annibadan Dadam		ļ
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	Final Application Review ☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does No	t Meet Sta
Meets of Exceeds Standard		A Does No	Page
	Strengths		rage
	oncems/Questions	ve in the LEA	Page
GAPA is expecting 20%- 40 and those students will not that GAPA will provide transfrom outside of the LEA. Gobuses and two activity buse budget. There are multiple of	% of enrolled students will libe transported by GAPA. The sportation to 60%-80% of the APA is planning on using two s. These vehicles are not inconcerns with this plan. Stud	is indicates ir students oregular cluded in the ents should	Page 190-19
GAPA is expecting 20%- 40 and those students will not that GAPA will provide transfrom outside of the LEA. Gabuses and two activity buse budget. There are multiple on the be on a bus for more the	% of enrolled students will libe transported by GAPA. The sportation to 60%-80% of the APA is planning on using two s. These vehicles are not inconcerns with this plan. Studen 90 minutes per route. It is	is indicates ir students oregular cluded in the ents should s unrealistic	
GAPA is expecting 20%-40 and those students will not that GAPA will provide transfrom outside of the LEA. Gobuses and two activity buse budget. There are multiple on the buses could travel very	by of enrolled students will libe transported by GAPA. The sportation to 60%-80% of the APA is planning on using two s. These vehicles are not inconcerns with this plan. Studen 90 minutes per route. It is far from the campus to many	is indicates ir students oregular cluded in the ents should s unrealistic	
GAPA is expecting 20%-40 and those students will not that GAPA will provide transfrom outside of the LEA. GAB buses and two activity buse budget. There are multiple on the county in the soutside of the county in the	by of enrolled students will libe transported by GAPA. The sportation to 60%-80% of the APA is planning on using two s. These vehicles are not inconcerns with this plan. Studen 90 minutes per route. It is far from the campus to manappropriate amount of time.	is indicates ir students oregular cluded in the ents should s unrealistic y locations	
GAPA is expecting 20%-40 and those students will not that GAPA will provide transfrom outside of the LEA. GAB buses and two activity buse budget. There are multiple on the on a bus for more that buses could travel very outside of the county in the The first year, there is a need to the second travel.	l% of enrolled students will libe transported by GAPA. The sportation to 60%-80% of the APA is planning on using two s. These vehicles are not inconcerns with this plan. Studen 90 minutes per route. It is far from the campus to many appropriate amount of time. ed to transport 105 to 140 studen.	is indicates ir students oregular cluded in the ents should s unrealistic y locations dents per day	
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GAPA is expecting 20%- 40 and those students will not that GAPA will provide transfrom outside of the LEA. GAB buses and two activity buse budget. There are multiple on the buses could travel very outside of the county in the first year, there is a need from a wide geographic area buses would travel, it is not	l% of enrolled students will libe transported by GAPA. The sportation to 60%-80% of the APA is planning on using two s. These vehicles are not inconcerns with this plan. Studen 90 minutes per route. It is far from the campus to many appropriate amount of time. ed to transport 105 to 140 studen.	is indicates ir students regular cluded in the ents should s unrealistic y locations dents per day directions s could be	
GAPA is expecting 20%- 40 and those students will not that GAPA will provide transfrom outside of the LEA. Gabuses and two activity buse budget. There are multiple on the on a bus for more that buses could travel very outside of the county in the after the first year, there is a need from a wide geographic area buses would travel, it is not transported in the allotted tirwould double for year two, is	by of enrolled students will libe transported by GAPA. The sportation to 60%-80% of the APA is planning on using two soncerns with this plan. Studen 90 minutes per route. It is far from the campus to many appropriate amount of time. The dot of transport 105 to 140 student of the considering the different feasible to think that student me with only four vehicles. The crease again in year three as the considering the different of the considering the co	is indicates ir students oregular cluded in the ents should s unrealistic y locations dents per day directions s could be This number and four.	
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GAPA is expecting 20%- 40 and those students will not be that GAPA will provide transfrom outside of the LEA. Go buses and two activity buse budget. There are multiple on the end of the county in the sthat buses could travel very outside of the county in the first year, there is a need from a wide geographic area buses would travel, it is not transported in the allotted tirk would double for year two, in the plan mentions that "tear the heavy lifting around transported transported transported transported that "tear the heavy lifting around transported	of enrolled students will libe transported by GAPA. The sportation to 60%-80% of the APA is planning on using two someons with this plan. Studen 90 minutes per route. It is far from the campus to many appropriate amount of time. The dot transport 105 to 140 studen. Considering the different feasible to think that student me with only four vehicles. The crease again in year three and ops will be working aggreats appropriation - what does this me sportation - what does this me with only four the earn ops will be working aggreats.	is indicates ir students regular cluded in the ents should s unrealistic y locations dents per day directions s could be his number and four. ssively to do nean?	
GAPA is expecting 20%- 40 and those students will not that GAPA will provide transfrom outside of the LEA. Go buses and two activity buse budget. There are multiple on the buses could travel very outside of the county in the strate buses could travel very outside of the county in the strate from a wide geographic area buses would travel, it is not transported in the allotted tir would double for year two, it The plan mentions that "tear the heavy lifting around trans Bus maintenance and registed.	by of enrolled students will libe transported by GAPA. The sportation to 60%-80% of the APA is planning on using two s. These vehicles are not inconcerns with this plan. Studen 90 minutes per route. It is far from the campus to many appropriate amount of time, and to transport 105 to 140 student Considering the different feasible to think that student me with only four vehicles. The crease again in year three and ops" will be working aggre	is indicates ir students regular cluded in the ents should s unrealistic y locations dents per day directions s could be his number and four. ssively to do nean? ncluded in the	

Salam Dig . Office

2.8 Food Services

- A clear description of how the school will offer food service to all students, adhering to all nutritional guidelines.
- A plan to collect free and reduced price lunch information, including procedures to receive reimbursement.
- A plan to ensure compliance with applicable state and federal regulations.

Initial Application Review				
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not Meet Standard		
	Strengths	Page		

	ncerns/Questions narter will be a part of a Comm	unity	Page 192
Eligibility Provision (CEP), which the LEA does not qualify for. The cafeteria facilities currently are not usable and will require renovations prior to use and prior to USDA approval. These renovations are not included in the budget.			
	Final Application Review		
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
	Strengths		Page
Co	ncems/Questions		Page
USDA Application would only pay approximately half of the county's Nutrition Supervisor salary and nothing for a chef or nutritionist. Meals for field lessons (p. 150) could not be provided at no cost for all students under USDA guidelines. The Monroe County School System does not qualify for Community Eligibility Provisions (CEP) therefore GAPA will not qualify. Students would have to complete a free/reduced lunch application to determine individual eligibility. The food services section says that GAPA will maintain communication with the McMinn County cafeteria manager. The applicable LEA is Monroe County.		192	

Souther 2 Operations

2.9 Additional Operations – If Applicable

- Detailed plans for use of technology within the classroom and for state assessments.
- Provides compelling data management plan that includes communication strategies for parents.
- Demonstrates understanding of health and safety requirements that includes a plan for hiring a registered nurse for creating individual health plans as required by law.
- Detailed safety and security plans for students, staff, guests, and property.
- Provides detailed maintenance plan for school facilities.
- If school plans to contract with a CMO, describes rationale and process for selecting CMO and explanation of why the CMO is a strong choice and good fit for the proposed school and community.
- Provides clear division of roles between the board and the service provider.
- If available, the CMO arrangement (Attachment K) is free of conflicts of interest and there is a viable plan for identifying and managing potential conflicts

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The narrative includes a broad and ambitious plan for instructional technology, including either a 1:1 device ratio or 1:3 device ratio, however the concepts are not supported with infrastructure or the budget.			192-193
	Final Application Review		<u> </u>
☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard	☐ Partially Meets Standard	X Does Not	Meet Standard
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Concems/Questions The technology listed in the narrative is innovative and broad, however nothing is budgeted for devices or equipment. Earlier in the application it is indicated that all students will have a device (1:1), but in this section it says that there will be one device for every three students (1:3). Technology equipment, networking, infrastructure and IT support are not included in the budget and will not be provided by the Monroe County Schools (p. 151). Only \$5,000 is budgeted for networking which is a small fraction of the cost required. Power School is listed as the county's SIS which is the third system mentioned and none of the system's mentioned in the application are the correct SIS used by Monroe County Schools. The Monroe County School System will not be able to provide technology support or equipment for GAPA.		Page 192-193	

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	2.10 Waivers	
Characteristics of a strong respon	se:	
	aivers requested that includes comp is will impact student achievement.	elling and thoughtful rationale
 A demonstrated understar Tennessee law. 	nding of the rules and statutes that	cannot be waived under
	Initial Application Review	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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Some of the waivers listed d	o not apply in Tennessee.	195-200
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Some of the waivers listed do not apply in Tennessee.	195-200

Southern 2 Other attents

2.11 Network Vision, Growth Plan, & Capacity (For existing operations) Characteristics of a strong response: Detailed strategic vision for the network that includes a robust five-year network growth plan. Growth plan should include the following: proposed years of opening; number and types of schools, a clear, detailed outline of any pending applications (whether in the same LEA, Tennessee or another state); all current and/or targeted markets/communities and criteria for selecting them; and projected enrollments. Strong, compelling evidence of organizational capacity to open and operate high quality schools in Tennessee and elsewhere including specific timelines for building organizational capacity. Clear, detailed description of the results of past replication effort, challenges, and lessons learned, and how the organization has addressed any challenges. Realistic presentation of anticipated challenges and risks over the next five years associated with opening additional schools, along with a plan to overcome them to achieve the organization's stated outcomes. Comprehensive and complete annual report (both network and individual schools) (Attachment If facility has been selected, facility plans are reasonable and adequately meet the requirements of the educational program and anticipated student population. If facility has not been selected, or selected facility needs renovations/upgrades, a sound plan and timeline for identifying, financing, renovating, and ensuring code compliance for a facility. Initial Application Review ☐ Partially Meets Standard ☐ Meets or Exceeds Standard ☐ Does Not Meet Standard

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pro-			
2.12 Network Management (For existing operators)			
Characteristics of a strong respor	nse:		
 Leadership team identifie 	ed and role and responsibilities listed		
 As Attachment M, organizational charts for Year 1, Year 3, and Year 5 clearly delineate roles and responsibilities of the governing board, including lines of authority between the board, school leadership, and staff. If applicable, the chart should include other related bodies (advisory bodies or parent-teacher councils) and a charter management organization if school has contracted with one and it will play a role in managing the school. Clear, compelling network strategy that includes any shared or centralized support services, along with their costs, across the network. Strong description of relationship between schools and charter management organization, including presentation of a contract or MOU (if applicable). Fees from member schools are clearly delineated, along with a rationale for their collection, use, and structure (if applicable). Associated table provided in application is complete with explanations for school and organization-level decision-making responsibilities. 			
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2.13 Network Governance (For existing Operators)

Characteristics of a strong response: 1) If there is a network board that operates as the main governing body with each school having an advisory committee:

- Applicant provides a complete description of the governance structure at the network level and delineates how that relates to each individual school within the network.
- Provides a robust plan for ensuring there is adequate local/Tennessee stakeholder representation.
- Roles and responsibilities of this board described clearly and concisely.
- Description of the current size and composition of the governing board, with a rationale of how
 the current/proposed governance structure and composition will ensure the desired outcomes
 of a network of highly effective schools.
- A clear and compelling plan to evaluate academic and operational success including the evaluation of the school and school leader (s). 2) If there will be one governing board for all schools at the local level, or separate governing boards for each school: If there will be one governing board for all schools:
 - A clear, detailed description of the governance structure at the network level and how it relates to the individual school including any changes that will take place at the board level for it to be effective (if necessary).
 - A copy of the by-laws and organizational chart is included. o A clear, thorough plan to transform the board's membership, mission and by-laws to support the expansion plan. Plan should include timeline for the transition and orientation of the board to its new responsibilities.
 - If there will be a separate governing board for each school: o A clear, detailed description of how the new governing board will be formed and the relationship between the new and old boards described, along with any overlapping responsibilities.
 - Includes biographies of new board members, roles and responsibilities of the board described clearly and concisely, an organizational chart and governing board structure.
- By-laws of the new board are included (if available) and there is a plan in place for board training as required by Tennessee law.

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2.14 Charter School Management Contracts (For existing operators)			
 Characteristics of a strong response: As Attachment N, a detailed, strong rationale explaining the selection of the CMO, including descriptions of proposed duration of the contract, roles and responsibilities of the governing board, school staff, and the service provider, scope of services provided, performance evaluation measures, financial controls, and terms of renewal. Draft of proposed management contract. Detailed documentation of CMO's non-profit status, including evidence it is authorized to do business in Tennessee. 			
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2.15 Personnel/Human Capital – Network-wide Staffing Projections			
Characteristics of a strong response:			
 Network staffing projection 	ns for each year are robust and alig	ned with the educ	cational program
and are conducive to the s	school's success.		
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2.16 Personnel/Human Capital – Staffing Plans, Hiring, Management, and Evaluations			
Characteristics of a strong response:			
 Chosen leaders have nece 	ssary qualifications, competencies	and capacity for	their assigned
roles.			
 Identifies strategies for sup 	porting school leadership.		
 Recruitment and hiring stra 	itegy, criteria, timeline, and procedu	res are likely to	result in a strong
staff and meet requirements	s for being "highly qualified" and are	e well suited to t	he school.
	tisfactory leadership/teacher perfor		
	Attachment G) provided clearly deli		
	es of authority and reporting among		
	odies or parent/educator councils),		
that will play a role in mana			
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Section 3 Finances

3.1 Planning and Budget Worksheet & 3.2 Budget Narrative

- Budget worksheet (Attachment O) contains assumptions and reasonable budget numbers that reflect rent, utilities, maintenance, insurance and build-out costs.
- Detailed budget assumptions that include the impact of the anticipated number of students who receive free or reduced price lunches.
- Detailed financial procedures, policy, or other reasonable assurance that the proposed school will have sound systems and processes in place for accounting, payroll, and independent annual school-level and network-level (where applicable) financial and administrative audits.
- Sound criteria and procedures in place for selecting contractors for any administrative services.
- · Complete, realistic, and viable start-up and five year operating budgets.
- Detailed budget narrative (Attachment P) that clearly explains reasonable, well-supported revenue and cost assumptions, including grant/fundraising assumptions, identification of the amounts and sources of all anticipated funds, property, or other resources (noting which are
- · secured vs. anticipated, and including evidence of firm commitments where applicable.
- Sound contingency plan to meet financial needs if anticipated revenues are lower than estimated.
- individual and collective qualifications for implementing the financial plan successfully, including capacity in areas such as financial management, fundraising and development, and accounting.

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The budget is insufficient to support the charter school operations.		201-208		
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Enrollment plans are higher than <u>any</u> other existing charter school in the state in a rural community, starting with 175 9th graders and ultimately having 800 students. These aspirations are unrealistic and possibly unmanageable.

There are no indications of cash flow other than the two initial lines of credit - one of the lines of credit from Smart Bank indicated up to \$500,000 for the MCMINN County Charter application and may not even apply to the Monroe County location. Also, the Smart Bank letter of intent said their line of credit was based on additional grants. (Donations? Cash on hand? Are board members responsible for raising funds? An \$800,000 charter grant is noted in the budget, but evidence of the grant approval is not present.) The Champions Real Estate Groups donation is a three-year proposal, conditional based on enrollment and application approval, and not guaranteed. GAPA anticipates receiving funds from the LEA beginning in July when the LEA will not have BEP income for the charter until August at the earliest. TCA states that the LEA can make nine payments to the charter school and the application indicates that the charter will begin receiving a beginning amount which the LEA will not have on hand. The LEA does not begin to receive revenue until August. In addition, the federal funds anticipated by the application are considered at the start-up and federal funds must be spent in a reimbursement style. Further, the federal dollar amounts anticipated to be received by the charter appear to be arbitrary and not connected to the LEA federal allocations.

Transportation and food services are in the application as revenue, however the application indicates that they will receive these services through the LEA. This is inconsistent and unclear.

No budget is included for substitute teachers. Even though the Operations section states that existing employees will cover for teachers who are absent, but this plan is unrealistic and inappropriate for a school of 800 students.

The property and liability insurance quote from Trustpoint Insurance is only for \$15,000 which is not a reasonable amount for a school this size. The actual cost for property and liability insurance would be much higher with the use of seven buildings and 14 traveling athletic teams, property and liability would.

The amounts listed for Social Security and Medicare are inconsistent between the budget narrative and actual budget. State retirement is not included in the budget and should be.

Employee positions and numbers of employees are listed inconsistently throughout the application and many of them are not included in the budget.

Budget summaries for the end of each school year have different allocations from the actual budget.

Athletic team coach stipends/supplements, athletic equipment, uniforms, etc. are not included in the budget. For example, football is

included as a fall sport, but there is not an existing football field on the campus or any related equipment. Football facilities would be a huge expense. All sports would require updating or new construction for facilities.	
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Section 3 Finances

3.3 Financial Plan (for existing operators NOT required to complete Section 3.1 and 3.2)			
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Section 3 Finances

3.4 Financial Plan (for existing Charters)			
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