Read to be Ready Coaching Network
Winter Convening
Module 3: Selecting Texts for Shared Reading
Objectives

- Understand the criteria for shared reading text selection
- Review expectations for text complexity in grades K–3
- Practice analyzing texts for shared reading at various complexity levels
- Identify traits of high-quality and content-rich shared reading texts
- Make connections to past learning
Shared reading lessons focus on the explicit teaching of **Foundational Literacy** and **Reading** standards, while incorporating additional **Writing** and **Speaking & Listening** standards through questioning, discussion, and tasks.

This module also looks at how to teach content area standards, including **Science** and **Social Studies**, through shared reading lessons.
TEAM Connection

- Standards and Objectives
- Motivating Students
- Presenting Instructional Content
- Activities and Materials
- Teacher Content Knowledge

**Teacher Knowledge of Students**
- Teacher practices display understanding of each student’s anticipated learning difficulties.
- Teacher practices regularly incorporate student interests and cultural heritage.
- Teacher regularly provides differentiated instructional methods and content to ensure children have the opportunity to master what is being taught.
Selecting Texts for Shared Reading

- When selecting texts for shared reading, certain criteria should be considered.
- Read the criteria list and guiding questions printed in your manual. Highlight or underline key ideas.
- Discuss the following questions with a partner:
  - Which criteria do you and your teachers already think about consistently?
  - Which criteria should you and your teachers try to think about more?
Example: Selecting Texts for Shared Reading

- Watch this teacher explain why she selected a particular text for shared reading.
- Reflect on the questions in your manual independently.
Grade Level Text Complexity Expectations

- Review the information printed in your manual about text complexity expectations.
- Then, discuss the following questions **with a partner:**
  - According to the standards, what kinds of texts should students be reading at different grade levels?
  - What is the key difference in text complexity expectations for grades K–1 and grades 2–3, according to the standards?
  - Given what you know about the importance of text complexity, why is this standard important for students’ reading achievement?
Shared Reading in K-1 and 2-3

- The Tennessee Academic Standards present different expectations for the K-1 grade band and the 2-3 grade band.
- Because we have limited time together, we will start our to learning about text selection with the K-1 grade band today.
- We will explore the 2-3 grade band at a region-based training soon.
Texts Illustrating the Complexity, Quality, and Range of Student Reading in Grades K-1

- Review the list of exemplar texts provided in your manual.
- Consider the following quote:
  - *Children at the kindergarten and Grade 1 levels should be expected to read texts independently that have been specifically written to correlate to their reading level and their world knowledge. Many of the titles listed above are meant to supplement carefully structured independent reading with books to read along with a teacher or that are read aloud to students to build knowledge and cultivate a joy in reading.*
What is Appropriate Complexity for Grades K-1?

- In a **group of three**, review the sample K-1 text excerpts provided. Then, complete the chart printed in your manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>What are consistent traits of these exemplar texts?</th>
<th>How do these texts support students' reading development?</th>
<th>How do these texts align with K-1 ELA standards?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kindergarten</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Students in grades K-1 benefit from a range of engaging and supportive reading experiences.

Form a new group of three. Review the chart in your manual, and analyze the examples provided.

Then, discuss the following questions:
- What are the most important distinctions between these various text types?
- Why is engagement with all of these text types important for students and their reading development?
Sample Shared Reading Texts for K-1

▪ Review the various text types printed in your manual.
▪ Then, **Stand Up Hand Up Pair Up**, and discuss the following questions:
  – What are the differences between these text types?
  – Why is engaging young readers with various text types important for their literacy development?
Example: Shared Reading Text for Emerging Readers

- Read the text *I Like My Community!*
- Review the text analysis guide on the following page.
- Then, discuss the following question **with a new partner:**
  - How did reading the analysis guide help you to think more deeply about the text?
Adapting Shared Reading Texts for Emerging Readers

- Review the adapted version of *I Like My Community* printed in your manual (titled *My Community*).
- Then, discuss the following questions **with a partner**:
  - How did the teacher adapt the original text?
  - Is the adapted text more or less rigorous? How?
  - What additional standards can the teacher bring into her instruction, based on the adaptations made?
Practice: Shared Reading Text Analysis

- Read the text *I Want to See America*.
- In a **group of three**, collaboratively complete the blank text analysis guide printed in your manual.
  - 1 person completes the **qualitative complexity** section (*rubric is in the appendix section of your manual*)
  - 1 person completes the **Reading standards** and **Content standards** section (*Social Studies standards are printed in the manual; Reading standards are in a separate booklet*)
  - 1 person completes the **Foundational standards** section (*Foundational Literacy standards are in a separate booklet*)
- Then, complete the **Reader and Task** section together
Example: Shared Reading Text Analysis

- There are two sample text analysis guides for Grade 1:
  - *In the Small, Small Pond*
  - *Owl at Home*

- Choose one guide to read. As you read, use the following annotations:

  - √ = This is a strong or interesting connection!
  - ? = I have a question about this.
  - + = I would add more to this section.
  - 😊 = This makes me think of my students/teachers.
When teachers take into account the content and complexities of the texts they will use and make thoughtful decisions about tasks that will be both rigorous and appropriate for students, teachers are better able to optimize instructional time, teach more material, and demand better performance from every student.
Practice: Shared Reading Text Analysis

- Read the text *Architects Design*.
- In a group of three, collaboratively complete the blank text analysis guide printed in your manual.
  - 1 person completes the **qualitative complexity** section (rubric is in the appendix section of your manual)
  - 1 person completes the **Reading standards** and **Content standards** section (Social Studies standards are printed in the manual; Reading standards are in a separate booklet)
  - 1 person completes the **Foundational standards** section (Foundational Literacy standards are in a separate booklet)
- Then, complete the **Reader and Task** section together
Independently, complete the **3-2-1 Reflection** guide printed in your manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Question</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>What are <strong>three important ideas</strong> when selecting and analyzing texts for K-1 readers?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>What are <strong>two new pieces of information or insight that you learned</strong> about selecting and analyzing texts for K-1 readers?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>What is <strong>one question</strong> you still have about selecting and analyzing texts for K-1 readers?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
While the standards emphasize appropriate complexity, it is important for students to engage with texts that also exemplify exceptional craft, present useful information, and are interesting and enjoyable to read.
Pairing Complexity with Quality

- Review the traits of high-quality and content-rich texts printed in your manual.
- Then, discuss the following question with a partner:
  - Consider the example texts we have reviewed and discussed so far. Which traits of high-quality or content-rich texts can be found in those examples?
TEAM Connection: Motivating Students

- Utilizing texts that exemplify exceptional craft, present useful information, and are interesting and enjoyable to read can present opportunities for teachers to develop learning experiences where **inquiry, curiosity, and exploration** are valued.
Shared Reading and Text Sets

- Read the information printed in your manual.
- Highlight or underline key ideas.
- **Number Off:** Find two other coaches who have the same table number as you.
- Then, discuss the following question:
  - How can shared reading fit within a larger literacy curriculum that engages students with diverse text types and builds knowledge?
Sample Text Sets

- Review the two sample text set outlines printed in your manual.
- Then, consider the following questions:
  - How do these text sets enable students to experience a range of text variety, complexity, and length?
  - How do these text sets support students in the development of knowledge?
The use of text sets supports teachers in creating instructional plans that generate activities, materials, and assessments that are sequenced from basic to complex, build on prior student knowledge, and integrate other disciplines.

A well-crafted text set should provide opportunities to build and deepen students’ knowledge of the concept, analyze information from a range of related sources, and spark further interest and inquiry.
The example texts for this module were intentionally selected to demonstrate alignment to a single content area standard, and model how texts can be used to build and deepen knowledge across grade levels, according to the progression of the standard.

Schools and districts may want to consider developing lessons or text sets with vertical collaboration to ensure text-based instruction aligns to the progression of the standards and builds student knowledge over time.
Building Knowledge Across Grade Levels through Strategic Text Selection

**Life Science**

**Standard 5: Biodiversity and Change**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kindergarten</td>
<td>GLE 0007.5.1 Compare the basic features of plants and animals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First</td>
<td>GLE 0107.5.1 Investigate how plants and animals can be grouped according to their habitats.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second</td>
<td>GLE 0207.5.1 Investigate the relationship between an animal’s characteristics and the features of the environment where it lives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third</td>
<td>GLE 0307.5.1 Explore the relationship between an organism’s characteristics and its ability to survive in a particular environment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Transition

- Module 4 will focus on planning shared reading lessons.
- Module 4 will be in mixed groups; this is a great opportunity to learn from coaches in other regions.
- Module 4 will begin promptly at 9:30 a.m.