2015
DRIVE YOUR COUNTY TO THE TOP TEN:
Accelerating Action Towards Improving County Health
Gibson County
Demographics

- Population: 49,457
- <18 YOA: 24.43%
- 65+ YOA: 17.37%
- % Rural: 47.71%
- Unemployment: 12.77%
- % Females: 52.42%
- % Males: 47.58%
- Graduation Rate: 93.25%
- Single parent households: 33.28%
- MHI: $40,083

Top Third

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drinking Water Violations</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Associations</td>
<td>19.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uninsured</td>
<td>15.16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Some College</td>
<td>52.92%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive Drinking</td>
<td>10.40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Graduation</td>
<td>93.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preventable Hospital Stays</td>
<td>74.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor Physical Health Days</td>
<td>4.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary Care Physicians</td>
<td>1838:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetic Monitoring</td>
<td>87.55%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Middle Third

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Income Inequality</td>
<td>4.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dentists</td>
<td>2909:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor Mental Health Days</td>
<td>3.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Inactivity</td>
<td>33.20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe Housing Problems</td>
<td>13.08%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor or Fair Health</td>
<td>22.60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to Exercise Opportunities</td>
<td>56.03%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Commute - Driving Alone</td>
<td>36.20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mammography Screening</td>
<td>59.26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mental Health Providers</td>
<td>3091:1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bottom Third

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment</td>
<td>12.77%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driving Alone to Work</td>
<td>90.04%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexually Transmitted Infections</td>
<td>731.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Violent Crime</td>
<td>576.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Environment Index</td>
<td>6.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths</td>
<td>37.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premature Death</td>
<td>11,041.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Smoking</td>
<td>30.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Birthweight</td>
<td>9.47%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Pollution - Particulate Matter</td>
<td>14.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Health Outcomes

#### Length of Life

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked County</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>Lewis</td>
<td>11041.63</td>
<td>7769.75</td>
<td>3271.88</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>6,811.00</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>8186.66</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For every 100 people in the county, 1 person in the county need to live one year closer to age 75.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files

#### Poor or Fair Health

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked County</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>Putnam</td>
<td>22.60%</td>
<td>16.60%</td>
<td>6.00%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>12.40%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>15.40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Improve the health of 6 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health.

Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

#### Poor Physical Health Days*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked County</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Chester</td>
<td>4.20</td>
<td>3.40</td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>3.70</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>4.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month.

Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

#### Poor Mental Health Days

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked County</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Henderson</td>
<td>3.70</td>
<td>2.80</td>
<td>0.90</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>4.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor mental health days reported by residents by 1 days per month.

Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

#### Low Birthweight

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked County</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>Lewis</td>
<td>9.47%</td>
<td>7.29%</td>
<td>2.18%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>8.10%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>8.32%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 3 for every 100 live births.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics - Natality files

#### Adult Smoking

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked County</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>Knox</td>
<td>30.10%</td>
<td>18.50%</td>
<td>11.60%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>18.10%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>29.70%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Get 39 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking.

Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

#### Adult Obesity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked County</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>Hamilton</td>
<td>34.00%</td>
<td>29.10%</td>
<td>4.90%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>28.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>36.40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Get 15 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30.

Source: CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas

#### Food Environment Index

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>1st Ranked County</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>1st Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>Williamson</td>
<td>6.50</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>↑Good ↓Bad</td>
<td>7.60</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>7.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Increase the county’s food index score by 2.4.

Source: USDA Food Environment Atlas, Map the Meal Gap

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation’s, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: \(|\text{Value} - \text{10th Ranked Value}|\). The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.
## Health Factors

### Physical Inactivity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Wilson 33.20%</td>
<td>28.50%</td>
<td>4.70%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>30.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>33.90%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Get 15 out of every 100 currently physically inactive adults to exercise during leisure time.

Source: CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas  
Year(s): 2011  
Lawrence, OH  
36.50%

### Access to Exercise Opportunities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>Loudon 56.03%</td>
<td>78.50%</td>
<td>22.47%</td>
<td>↑Good ↓Bad</td>
<td>77.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>48.47%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Consider how to remove barriers to access exercise locations to reach an additional 22.47 percent of the county’s population.

Source: Business Analyst, Delorme, ESRI, & US Census Tigerline Files  
Year(s): 2010 & 2013  
Lawrence, OH  
95.51%

### Excessive Drinking

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>1st Ranked Value</th>
<th>1st Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Greene 10.40%</td>
<td>3.30%</td>
<td>7.10%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>15.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>13.80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Get 69 out of every 100 adults in the county that currently drink to excess (binge and heavy drinkers) to stop drinking more than one (women) or two (men) drinks per day on average.

Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System  
Year(s): 2006-2012  
Lawrence, OH  
13.30%

### Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>McNairy 37.50%</td>
<td>18.75%</td>
<td>18.75%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>32.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>33.33%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reduce the number of alcohol related driving deaths by 18.75 percent.

Source: Fatality Analysis Reporting System  
Year(s): 2009-2013  
Lawrence, OH  
35.29%

### Sexually Transmitted Infections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>87</td>
<td>Scott 731.50</td>
<td>144.30</td>
<td>587.20</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>458.00</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>268.70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Consider ways to educate 9 out of every 10 persons self-reporting to be involved in any sexual contact to commit to using safe sex practices to prevent the infection of Chlamydia.

Source: National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, & TB Prevention  
Year(s): 2012  
Lawrence, OH  
232.40

### Teen Births

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>Putnam 52.34%</td>
<td>37.04%</td>
<td>15.30%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>31.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>40.89%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For every 100 teenage females (ages 15 to 19 years) in the county, consider ways to prevent 30 teen(s) from becoming pregnant.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics - Natality files  
Year(s): 2006-2012  
Lawrence, OH  
45.17

### Uninsured

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Blount 15.16%</td>
<td>14.64%</td>
<td>0.52%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>18.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>14.71%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Get 4 out of every 100 currently uninsured adults ages 18-64 to obtain health insurance.

Source: Small Area Health Insurance Estimates  
Year(s): 2012  
Lawrence, OH  
17.78%

### Primary Care Physicians

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Anderson 1838.1</td>
<td>1397.1</td>
<td>441</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>1,355.00</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>19911.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To reach a population-to-provider ratio at or exceeding that of the 10th ranking county, 9 primary care providers would need to be recruited to the county. More importantly, if the county’s value is greater than 3,500, this county would be considered a Health Professional Shortage Area.

Source: Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association  
Year(s): 2012  
Lawrence, OH  
2142

### Dentists

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Maury 2099.1</td>
<td>1679.1</td>
<td>1224</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>1,663.00</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>2086.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To reach a population-to-provider ratio at or exceeding that of the 10th ranking county, 13 dental care providers would need to be recruited to the county. More importantly, if the county’s value is greater than 5,000, this county would be considered a Health Professional Shortage Area.

Source: Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association  
Year(s): 2013  
Lawrence, OH  
3642.1
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health Factors</th>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>10th Ranked Value</th>
<th>Difference</th>
<th>Shift in Value</th>
<th>US Average</th>
<th>Peer County</th>
<th>Peer Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mental Health Providers</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>McNeary 3091:1</td>
<td>688:1</td>
<td>2403</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>753</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>1132:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td></td>
<td>CMS, National Provider Identification file</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>Lawrence, OH</td>
<td>2135:1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To reach a population-to-provider ratio at or exceeding that of the 10th ranking county, 56 mental health providers would need to be recruited to the county. More importantly, if the county’s value is greater than 30,000, this county would be considered a Health Professional Shortage Area.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preventable Hospital Stays</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Marshall 74.93</td>
<td>58.47</td>
<td>16.46</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>65.00</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>116.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td></td>
<td>Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Lawrence, OH</td>
<td>91.63</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For every 100 Medicare enrollees, prevent 1 Medicare enrollees from being hospitalized for ambulatory care sensitive conditions.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetic Monitoring</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Crockett 87.55%</td>
<td>88.92%</td>
<td>1.37%</td>
<td>↑Good ↓Bad</td>
<td>84.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>78.74%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td></td>
<td>Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Lawrence, OH</td>
<td>79.39%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For every 100 diabetic Medicare enrollees, get 2 additional Medicare enrollees to receive HbA1c screening.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mammography Screening</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>Knox 59.26%</td>
<td>65.71%</td>
<td>6.46%</td>
<td>↑Good ↓Bad</td>
<td>63.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>63.84%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td></td>
<td>Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Lawrence, OH</td>
<td>56.79%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For every 100 female Medicare enrollees, get 7 additional Medicare enrollees to receive their mammography screening.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Graduation</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>Carroll 93.25%</td>
<td>95.32%</td>
<td>2.08%</td>
<td>↑Good ↓Bad</td>
<td>80.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>90.71%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td></td>
<td>data.gov, supplemented w/ National Center for Education Statistics</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>2011-2012</td>
<td>Lawrence, OH</td>
<td>90.96%</td>
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<tr>
<td>For every 100 ninth graders, assist 3 additional ninth graders to graduate within four years.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Some College</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>Shelby 52.92%</td>
<td>62.09%</td>
<td>9.17%</td>
<td>↑Good ↓Bad</td>
<td>63.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>47.78%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td></td>
<td>American Community Survey</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>2009-2013</td>
<td>Lawrence, OH</td>
<td>48.43%</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>For every 100 adults between 25-44 years of age, assist 918 additional adults to complete some coursework at the collegiate level.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>Blount 12.77%</td>
<td>6.89%</td>
<td>5.88%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>8.10%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>8.23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td></td>
<td>Bureau of Labor Statistics</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>Lawrence, OH</td>
<td>7.88%</td>
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<tr>
<td>For every 100 persons ages 16 years and older, help 6 persons successfully find employment.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Children in Poverty</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>Montgomery 27.20%</td>
<td>21.40%</td>
<td>5.80%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>23.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>33.90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td></td>
<td>Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>Lawrence, OH</td>
<td>26.20%</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>For every 100 children (under 18 years) in poverty, help 22 children to find assistance to get out of poverty.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Inequality</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Williamson 4.39</td>
<td>4.11</td>
<td>0.29%</td>
<td>↑Bad ↓Good</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>4.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td></td>
<td>American Community Survey</td>
<td>Year(s)</td>
<td>2009-2013</td>
<td>Lawrence, OH</td>
<td>4.66</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>To reach a household income ratio at or below that of the 10th ranking county reduce the gap between the 80th percentile and 20th percentile by 1 household(s).</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source: American Community Survey</td>
<td>Year(s): 2009-2013</td>
<td>Source: County Business Patterns</td>
<td>Year(s): 2012</td>
<td>Source: Uniform Crime Reporting - FBI</td>
<td>Year(s): 2010-2012</td>
<td>Source: CDC WONDER data</td>
<td>Year(s): 2008-2012</td>
<td>Source: CDC WONDER data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>Cheatham</td>
<td>33.28%</td>
<td>25.43%</td>
<td>7.85%</td>
<td>▲Bad ▼Good</td>
<td>21.00%</td>
<td>Guernsey, OH</td>
<td>32.44%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For every 100 single parent households in the county, investigate ways to encourage 24 households to be a multi-parent household.

For every 100 people in the county, increase the number of membership associations by 1.

For every 100 people in the county, prevent 65 people from committing a violent crime.

For every 1,000 population consider ways to prevent 274 deaths as a result of intentional and unintentional injury.

Reduce the average daily measure of fine particulate matter by 0.96 micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5).

No Action Required

For every 100 persons in the county experiencing housing problems, help 17 person(s) to find housing assistance.

For every 100 persons that currently drive more than 30 minutes alone to work, convince 31 to carpool or take mass-transportation.

For every 100 persons that currently drive alone to work, convince 12 to carpool or take mass-transportation.

For every 100 individuals who do not commute in their car alone, the percentage that commute more than 30 minutes.