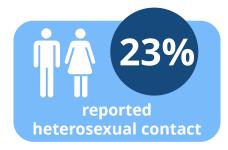
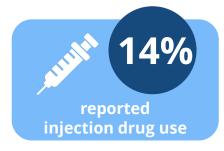
Tennessee Statewide HIV Surveillance, 2022



861 persons were newly diagnosed with HIV







21% received a late diagnosis

→ Persons diagnosed with HIV Stage 3 (AIDS) within 12 months of a new HIV diagnosis are considered a late diagnosis, indicating delayed awareness of HIV status and missed opportunities for prevention efforts.

Most affected subpopulations by number of persons newly diagnosed with HIV

Non-Hispanic black men, MMS

Non-Hispanic white men, MMS

125

64 Non-Hispanic black women, HET

60 Hispanic men, MMS

54 Non-Hispanic black men, HET

41 Non-Hispanic white women, IDU

33 Non-Hispanic white men, IDU

MMS: male-to-male sexual contact; HET: heterosexual contact; IDU: injection drug use

63% were linked to HIV care within 30 days of diagnosis

90%

were linked within 365 days

208

20,830 persons were living with diagnosed HIV

78%

received any HIV medical care

→ One lab result reported to TDH

54%

were retained in HIV medical care

→ Two or more lab results, at least 90 days apart, reported to TDH

66% were virally suppressed

→ When HIV medication reduces the amount of HIV virus in a person's body to a low enough level (<200 c/mL), they are considered **virally suppressed** and will not transmit HIV through sexual contact.





For more HIV surveillance data visit: tn.gov/health/HIVData