A healthcare practitioner may prescribe:

- **Up to 3-day opioid prescription**
  - 180 MME total dosage
  - **No requirements before prescribing**

- **Up to 10-day opioid prescription**
  - 500 MME total dosage
  - **Requirements before prescribing:**
    - Check the CSMD
    - Thorough patient evaluation
    - Document consideration of alternative treatments and why an opioid was used
    - Obtain informed consent
    - Include the ICD-10 code on chart and Rx

- **Up to 30-day opioid prescription**
  - 1200 MME total dosage
  - **Requirements before prescribing:**
    - Check the CSMD
    - Thorough patient evaluation
    - Document consideration of alternative treatments and why an opioid was used
    - Obtain informed consent
    - Include the ICD-10 code on chart and Rx

The following are individuals exempted if the prescription includes the ICD-10 code and the word “exempt”:

- Patients who have been treated with an opioid for 90 days or more in the last year or who are subsequently treated for 90 days or more
- Patients being treated with methadone, buprenorphine, or naltrexone
- Patients who have suffered severe burns or major physical trauma*
- Patients receiving active cancer treatment, palliative care treatment, or hospice care
- Patients with sickle cell disease
- Patients receiving opioids in a licensed facility
- Patients seeing a pain management specialist


* “Severe burn” means an injury sustained from thermal or chemical causes resulting in second degree or third degree burns. "Major physical trauma” means a serious injury sustained due to blunt or penetrating force which results in serious blood loss, fracture, significant temporary or permanent impairment, or disability.