

GASB 75 Actuarial Valuation Report

The State of Tennessee

State Employee Group Plan

For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Measurement Date June 30, 2021



Introduction

This report documents the results of the actuarial valuation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 20222 of the State Employee Group Plan for The State of Tennessee. All reporting requirements are included in the employer's financial statement. These results are based on a Measurement Date of July 1, 20211 and include medical benefits provided to the retirees and covered spouses by the State. The information provided in this report is intended strictly for documenting information relating to the State and plan disclosure and reporting requirements.

Determinations for purposes other than the financial accounting requirements may be significantly different from the results in this report. Thus, the use of this report for purposes other than those expressed here may not be appropriate.

This valuation has been conducted in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, including the applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice as issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. In addition, the valuation results are based on our understanding of the financial accounting and reporting requirements under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as set forth in Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 75 (GASB 75) including any guidance or interpretations provided by the Company and/or its audit partners prior to the issuance of this report. The information in this report is not intended to supersede or supplant the advice and interpretations of The State of Tennessee's auditors. Additional disclosures may be required under GASB 74.

Models are used to estimate underlying per capita medical and prescription drug claims costs and plan design actuarial values, subsequently utilized as assumption inputs for valuation models used to develop the liabilities for FY 2021 and future valuations. The model used for the development of plan design actuarial value components was developed by experts outside of Aon, specifically Optum. The models used to estimate the Incurred But Not Paid (IBNP) Claims and COVID-19 claims impact were developed internally by Aon. All these models used for development of the per capita claims costs and future trend rates are centralized, monitored, and maintained by a dedicated expert team.

A valuation model was used to develop the liabilities for the July 1, 2021 valuation. The valuation model relies on ProVal software, which was developed by Winklevoss Technologies, LLC. Experts within Aon selected this software and determined it is appropriate for performing valuations. We coded and reviewed the software for the provisions, assumptions, methods, and data of the State Employee Group Plan.

A model was used to develop the appropriate GASB discount rate. The undersigned relied on experts at Aon for the development of the capital market assumptions and the model underlying the expected rate of return.

The valuation model outputs various cost scenarios. The "1% increase" and "1% decrease" interest rate scenarios vary only the discount rate assumption, in order to illustrate the impact of a change in that assumption in isolation. In practice, certain other assumptions, such as the expected or realized asset returns, would also be expected to vary when the discount rate changes. Therefore, the output from these scenarios should be used solely for assessing the impact of the discount rate in isolation and may not represent a realistic set of results for other purposes.

The "1% increase" and "1% decrease" healthcare cost trend scenarios vary only the healthcare cost trend assumption, in order to illustrate the impact of a change in that assumption in isolation. Therefore, the output from these scenarios should be used solely for assessing the impact of the healthcare cost trend in isolation and may not represent a realistic set of results for other purposes.

The valuation model was used to project certain financial results for the funded status projections. The valuation model relies on ProVal software, which was developed by Winklevoss Technologies, LLC and selected, reviewed, and evaluated by experts within Aon as appropriate for use for developing liabilities for funded status projections.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to (but not limited to) such factors as the following:

- Plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions;
- Changes in actuarial methods or in economic or demographic assumptions;
- Increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period); and
- Changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Funded status measurements shown in this report are determined based on various measures of plan assets and liabilities. For entity and plan disclosure and reporting purposes, funded status is determined using plan assets measured at market value. Plan liabilities are measured based on the interest rates and other assumptions summarized in the Actuarial Assumptions and Methods section of this report.

These funded status measurements may not be appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations, and funded status measurements for The State of Tennessee and plan disclosure and reporting purposes may not be appropriate for assessing the need for or the amount of future contributions. In conducting the valuation, we have relied on personnel, plan design, health care claim cost, and asset information supplied by The State of Tennessee as of the valuation date. While we cannot verify the accuracy of all the information, the supplied information was reviewed for consistency and reasonableness. As a result of this review, we have no reason to doubt the substantial accuracy or completeness of the information and believe that it has produced appropriate results.

The actuarial assumptions and methods used in this valuation are described in the Actuarial Assumptions and Methods section of this report. The State of Tennessee selected the economic and demographic assumptions and prescribed them for use for purposes of compliance with GASB 75. Aon provided guidance with respect to these assumptions, and it is our belief that the assumptions represent reasonable expectations of anticipated plan experience.

The undersigned are familiar with the near-term and long-term aspects of OPEB valuations and collectively meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries necessary to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. The information provided in this report is dependent upon various factors as documented throughout this report, which may be subject to change. Each section of this report is considered to be an integral part of the actuarial opinions.

To our knowledge, no colleague of Aon providing services to The State of Tennessee has any material direct or indirect financial interest in The State of Tennessee. Thus, we believe there is no relationship existing that might affect our capacity to prepare and certify this actuarial report for The State of Tennessee.

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Table of Contents

Accounting Requirements

Development of Net OPEB Expense	2
Reconciliation of Net OPEB Liability	4
Gain/Loss	5
Deferred Outflows/Inflows	6
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Projection	8
Sensitivity	10
Disclosure—Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	11
Appendix	
Participant Data	14
Asset Allocation	15
Health Care Claims Development	16
Actuarial Assumptions and Methods	19
Actuarial Assumptions and Methods—Discussion	25
Plan Provisions	266

Accounting Requirements

Development of GASB 75 Net OPEB Expense

Calculation Details

The following table illustrates the Net OPEB Liability under GASB 75.

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2021	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2022
(1) OPEB Liability		·
(a) Retired Participants and Beneficiaries		
Receiving Payment	\$ 416,375,210	\$ 414,075,924
(b) Active Participants	702,873,619	745,612,159
(c) Total	\$ 1,119,248,829	\$ 1,159,688,083
(2) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(282,149,598)	(446,656,171)
(3) Net OPEB Liability	\$ 837,099,231	\$ 713,031,912
(4) Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	25.21%	38.52%
(5) Deferred Outflow of Resources for Contributions Made After Measurement Date	\$ 148,609,312	TBD

Expense

The following table illustrates the OPEB expense under GASB 75.

	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2021	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2022
(1) Service Cost	\$ 39,124,556	\$ 40,480,558
(2) Interest Cost	69,931,268	67,228,514
(3) Expected Investment Return	(14,926,608)	(18,906,015)
(4) Employee Contributions	0	0
(5) Administrative Expense	0	0
(6) Plan Changes	0	0
(7) Amortization of Unrecognized		
(a) Liability (Gain)/Loss	(16,355,671)	(16,876,339)
(b) Asset (Gain)/Loss	4,047,052	(11,284,947)
(c) Assumption Change (Gain)/Loss	 (35,769,476)	 (33,216,196)
(8) Total Expense	\$ 46,051,121	\$ 27,425,575

Shown below are details regarding the calculation of Service Cost, Interest Cost and Expected Investment Return components of the Expense.

		Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2021	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2022
(1) Development of Service Cost:			
(a) Normal Cost at Beginning of Measurement Period	\$	39,124,556	\$ 40,480,558
(2) Development of Interest Cost:			
(a) Total OPEB Liability at Beginning of			
Measurement Period	\$	1,165,882,931	\$ 1,119,248,829
(b) Normal Cost at Beginning of Measurement Period		39,124,556	40,480,558
(c) Actual Benefit Payments		(80,140,035)	(79,668,755)
(d) Discount Rate		6.00%	 6.00%
(e) Interest Cost	\$	69,931,268	\$ 67,228,514
(3) Development of Expected Investment Return:			
(a) Plan Fiduciary Net Position at Beginning of			
Measurement Period	\$	213,702,707	\$ 282,149,598
(b) Actual Contributions—Employer		153,021,695	148,609,312
(c) Actual Contributions—Employee		0	0
(d) Actual Benefit Payments		(80,140,035)	(79,668,755)
(e) Administrative Expenses		0	0
(f) Other		0	0
(g) Expected Return on Assets	_	6.00%	 6.00%
(h) Expected Return	\$	14,926,608	\$ 18,906,015

Reconciliation of Net OPEB Liability

Shown below are details regarding the Total OPEB Liability, Plan Fiduciary Net Position, and Net OPEB Liability for the Measurement Period from July 1, 2020 to July 1, 2021:

Increase (Decrease)

	·				
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)	P	lan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (c) = (a) – (b)
Balance Recognized at 6/30/2021					
(Based on 7/1/2020 Measurement Date)	\$ 1	,119,248,829	\$	282,149,598	\$ 837,099,231
Changes Recognized for the Fiscal Year:					
Service Cost	\$	40,480,558		N/A	\$ 40,480,558
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		67,228,514		N/A	67,228,514
Changes of Benefit Terms		0		N/A	0
Differences Between Expected and					
Actual Experience		(3,176,076)		N/A	(3,176,076)
Changes of Assumptions		15,575,013		N/A	15,575,013
Benefit Payments		(79,668,755)		(79,668,755)	0
Contributions From the Employer		N/A		148,609,312	(148,609,312)
Contributions From the Employee		N/A		0	0
Net Investment Income		N/A		95,566,016	(95,566,016)
Administrative Expense		N/A		0	 0
Net Changes	\$	40,439,254	\$	164,506,573	\$ (124,067,319)
Balance Recognized at 6/30/2022					
(Based on 7/1/2021 Measurement Date)	\$ 1	,159,688,083	\$	446,656,171	\$ 713,031,912

Liability (Gain)/Loss

The following table illustrates the liability gain/loss under GASB 75.

			Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2021	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2022
(1)	OPEB Liability at Beginning of Measurement Period	\$ 1	,165,882,931	\$ 1,119,248,829
(2)	Service Cost		39,124,556	40,480,558
(3)	Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		69,931,268	67,228,514
(4)	Changes of Benefit Terms		0	0
(5)	Changes of Assumptions		(37,987,245)	15,575,013
(6)	Benefit Payments		(80,140,035)	 (79,668,755)
(7)	Expected OPEB Liability at End of Measurement Period	\$ 1	,156,811,475	\$ 1,162,864,159
(8)	Actual OPEB Liability at End of Measurement Period	1	,119,248,829	 1,159,688,083
(9)	OPEB Liability (Gain)/Loss	\$	(37,562,646)	\$ (3,176,076)
(10)	Average Future Working Life Expectancy		6.20	 6.10
(11)	OPEB Liability (Gain)/Loss Amortization	\$	(6,058,491)	\$ (520,668)

Asset (Gain)/Loss

The following table illustrates the asset gain/loss under GASB 75.

		Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2021	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2022
(1)	OPEB Asset at Beginning of Measurement Period	\$ 213,702,707	\$ 282,149,598
(2)	Contributions—Employer	153,021,695	148,609,312
(3)	Contributions—Employee	0	0
(4)	Expected Investment Income	14,926,608	18,906,015
(5)	Benefit Payments	(80,140,035)	(79,668,755)
(6)	Administrative Expense	0	0
(7)	Other	 0	 0
(8)	Expected OPEB Asset at End of Measurement Period	\$ 301,510,975	\$ 369,996,170
(9)	Actual OPEB Asset at End of Measurement Period	 282,149,598	 446,656,171
(10)	OPEB Asset (Gain)/Loss	\$ 19,361,377	\$ (76,660,001)
(11)	Amortization Factor	 5.00	 5.00
(12)	OPEB Asset (Gain)/Loss Amortization	\$ 3,872,275	\$ (15,332,000)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows

The following table illustrates the Deferred Inflows and Outflows as of June 30, 2022 under GASB 75.

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
(1) Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$ 0	\$ (68,135,001)
(2) Net Difference Between Expected and Actual Earnings		
on OPEB Plan Investments	0	(49,361,621)
(3) Assumption Changes	 47,117,213	(175,947,894)
(4) Sub Total	\$ 47,117,213	\$ (293,444,516)
(5) Contributions Made in Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/2022		,
After Measurement Date	 TBD	<u>N/A</u>
(6) Total	\$ TBD	\$ (293,444,516)

Amortization of Deferred Inflows/Outflows

The table below lists the amortization bases included in the deferred inflows/outflows as of June 30, 2022. Date established is at beginning of year.

Date		Period B		Bala	ince	Annual
Established	Type of Base	Original	Remaining	Original	Remaining	Payment
6/30/2022	Liability (Gain)/Loss	6.10	5.10	(\$3,176,076)	(\$2,655,408)	(520,668)
6/30/2022	Asset (Gain)/Loss	5.00	4.00	(76,660,001)	(61,328,001)	(15,332,000)
6/30/2022	Assumptions	6.10	5.10	15,575,013	13,021,732	2,553,281
6/30/2021	Liability (Gain)/Loss	6.20	4.20	(37,562,646)	(25,445,664)	(6,058,491)
6/30/2021	Asset (Gain)/Loss	5.00	3.00	19,361,377	11,616,827	3,872,275
6/30/2021	Assumptions	6.20	4.20	(37,987,245)	(25,733,295)	(6,126,975)
6/30/2020	Liability (Gain)/Loss	7.10	4.10	(21,409,873)	(12,363,448)	(3,015,475)
6/30/2020	Asset (Gain)/Loss	5.00	2.00	873,884	349,553	174,777
6/30/2020	Assumptions	7.10	4.10	(221,840,199)	(128, 104, 905)	(31,245,098)
6/30/2019	Liability (Gain)/Loss	7.80	3.80	(56,797,301)	(27,670,481)	(7,281,705)
6/30/2019	Assumptions	7.80	3.80	69,985,461	34,095,481	8,972,495
6/30/2018	Assumptions	8.00	3.00	(58,959,184)	(22,109,694)	(7,369,898)
	Total Charges				(246,327,303)	(61,377,482)

Amounts Recognized in the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

Year End June 30:

2023	\$ (61,377,482)
2024	\$ (61,377,483)
2025	\$ (61,552,257)
2026	\$ (58,392,796)
2027	\$ (3,830,544)
Total Thereafter	\$ 203,259

Plan Fiduciary Net Position Projection

The following table illustrates the projection of the fiduciary net position for use in the calculation of the discount rate as of June 30, 2022.

(\$ in thousands)

Year Ending	Beginning Fiduciary Net Position	Total Contributions	Benefit Payments	Administrative Expenses	Investment Earnings	Ending Fiduciary Net Position ¹
June 30 ²	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
2021	\$446,656	\$126,303	\$96,020	\$0	\$27,884	\$504,824
2022	504,824	115,734	97,564	0	31,044	554,038
2023	554,038	110,911	98,089	0	33,848	600,707
2024	600,707	106,806	100,502	0	36,505	643,516
2025	643,516	101,452	101,651	0	38,903	682,219
2026	682,219	94,994	101,102	0	41,036	717,147
2027	717,147	92,355	100,593	0	43,057	751,965
2028	751,965	89,138	100,555	0	45,050	785,598
2029	785,598	84,682	100,429	0	46,935	816,786
2030	816,786	81,328	101,103	0	48,700	845,711
2031	845,711	80,642	102,870	0	50,400	873,883
2032	873,883	80,157	105,742	0	52,052	900,349
2033	900,349	75,851	108,360	0	53,488	921,328
2034	932,044	66,741	110,482	0	54,456	932,044
2035	932,044	59,303	111,471	0	54,867	934,743
2036	934,743	63,351	112,788	0	55,140	940,446
2037	940,446	50,152	114,238	0	55,074	931,433
2038	931,433	0	114,602	0	53,025	869,856
2039	869,856	0	114,115	0	49,335	805,076
2040	805,076	0	113,814	0	45,450	736,713
2041	736,713	2,018	112,185	0	41,423	667,968
2042	667,968	20,318	110,320	0	37,863	615,829
2043	615,829	15,199	106,601	0	34,612	559,040
2044	559,040	0	103,503	0	30,775	486,312
2045	486,312	0	97,924	0	26,458	414,846
2046	414,846	32,617	92,934	0	23,191	377,721
2047	377,721	50,032	84,657	0	21,556	364,651
2048	364,651	10,369	76,946	0	19,647	317,721
2049	317,721	0	68,293	0	16,593	266,020
2050	266,020	0	60,711	0	13,554	218,863

 $^{^{1}}$ (f) = (a) + (b) - (c) - (d) + (e) 2 Years later than 2050 were omitted from this table.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The last year in which projected benefit payments are due from the Plan is 2115.

The Plan's projected fiduciary net position is not projected to reach \$0.

As such, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current Plan members. In other words, there is no projected "depletion date" when projected benefits are not covered by projected assets. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments of 6.00% per annum was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 shown earlier in this report, pursuant to paragraph 48 of GASB Statement No. 74 and paragraph 36 of GASB Statement No. 75.

In projecting the Plan's fiduciary net position the following assumptions were made:

- 1. Interest rate for discounting was 6.00% per annum.
- Projected total contributions are employer contributions to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and normal cost (including administrative expenses). Based on the closed amortization period in place, the unfunded liability is projected to be paid off in 2037. Contributions are assumed to be paid midyear.
- 3. Assumed contributions are based on the contribution policy for The State Employee Group Plan. The State of Tennessee will contribute no less than the Actuarially Determined Contribution, as authorized by Pub. Ch. No. 426.
- 4. Projected benefit payments have been determined in accordance with Paragraphs 30-35 of GASB Statement No. 75, and are based on the closed group of active, retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2022. Benefit payments are assumed to be paid mid-year.
- 5. Projected investment earnings are based on the assumed investment rate of return of 6.00% per annum. The first year's earnings have been adjusted to account for the actual return through June 30, 2022.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

The following table illustrates the impact of interest rate sensitivity on the Net OPEB Liability for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021:

	1% Decrease (5.00%)	Current Rate (6.00%)	1% Increase (7.00%)
(1) Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,198,082,417	\$ 1,119,248,829	\$ 1,046,721,174
(2) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (282,149,598)	 (282,149,598)	(282,149,598)
(3) Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 915,932,819	\$ 837,099,231	\$ 764,571,576

The following table illustrates the impact of interest rate sensitivity on the Net OPEB Liability for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022:

	1% Decrease (5.00%)	Current Rate (6.00%)	1% Increase (7.00%)
(1) Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,240,678,218	\$ 1,159,688,083	\$ 1,084,677,490
(2) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (446,656,171)	(446,656,171)	(446,656,171)
(3) Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 794,022,047	\$ 713,031,912	\$ 638,021,319

Healthcare Cost Trend Sensitivity

The following table illustrates the impact of healthcare cost trend sensitivity on the Net OPEB Liability for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021:

	1% Decrease		Trend Rate	1% Increase
(1) Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,024,856,800	\$	1,119,248,829	\$ 1,228,066,076
(2) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (282,149,598)	_	(282,149,598)	(282,149,598)
(3) Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 742,707,202	\$	837,099,231	\$ 945,916,478

The following table illustrates the impact of healthcare cost trend sensitivity on the Net OPEB Liability for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Incre	ease
(1) Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,062,059,221	\$ 1,159,688,083	\$ 1,272,118	,767
(2) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (446,656,171)	(446,656,171)	(446,656	<u>,171)</u>
(3) Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 615,403,050	\$ 713,031,912	\$ 825,462	.596

Disclosure—Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios¹

_						Fiscal	Year Endii	ng		
		2018		2019	2020		2021		2022	2
Total OPEB Liability										
Service Cost	\$	69,209,230	\$	64,540,887	\$	65,979,106	\$	39,124,556	\$	40,480,558
Interest Cost		41,044,542		48,603,403		50,866,612		69,931,268		67,228,514
Changes of Benefit Terms		0		0		0		0		0
Differences Between Expected and Actual										
Experiences		0		(56,797,301)		(21,409,873)		(37,562,646)		(3,176,076)
Changes of Assumptions		(58,959,184)		69,985,461		(221,840,199)		(37,987,245)		15,575,013
Benefit Payments		(90,359,337)		(83,634,891)		(92,950,959)		(80,140,035)	_	(79,668,755)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(39,064,749)	\$	42,697,559	\$	(219,355,313)	\$	(46,634,102)	\$	40,439,254
Total OPEB Liability (Beginning)		1,381,605,434		1,342,540,685		1,385,238,244		1,165,882,931	_	1,119,248,829
Total OPEB Liability (Ending)	\$	1,342,540,685	\$	1,385,238,244	\$	1,165,882,931	\$	1,119,248,829	\$	1,159,688,083
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions—Employer		90,359,337	\$	83,634,891	\$	301,486,469	\$	153,021,695	\$	148,609,312
Contributions—Employer Contributions—Member		0,339,337	φ	05,054,091	φ	0 1,400,409	φ	133,021,093	φ	140,009,312
Net Investment Income		0		0		5,167,197		(4,434,769)		95,566,016
Benefit Payments		(90,359,337)		(83,634,891)		(92,950,959)		(80,140,035)		(79,668,755
Administrative Expense		0		00,001,001)		02,000,000		(00,110,000)		(10,000,100
Other		0		0		0		0		0
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	0	\$	0	\$	213,702,707	\$	68,446,891	\$	164,506,573
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Beginning)	•	0	•	0	·	0	•	213,702,707	•	282,149,598
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Ending)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	213,702,707	\$	282,149,598	\$	446,656,171
Net OPEB Liability (Ending)	\$	1,342,540,685	\$	1,385,238,244	\$	952,180,224	\$	837,099,231	\$	713,031,912
Net Position as a Percentage of OPEB Liability		0.00%		0.00%		18.33%		25.21%		38.52%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,722,360,000	\$	2,775,186,075	\$	3,082,586,938	\$	3,050,888,694	\$	3,396,764,914
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Payroll		49.32%		49.92%		30.89%		27.44%		20.99%

¹ GASB 75 was effective first for employer fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Disclosure—Contribution Schedule

Contributions

-	2019	2020		2021	2022
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 135,810,151	\$ 145,396,683	\$	137,074,607	\$ 126,303,230
Contributions Made in Relation to the					
Actuarially Determined Contribution	 301,486,469	 153,021,695	_	148,609,312	 TBD
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (165,676,318)	\$ (7,625,012)	\$	(11,534,705)	TBD
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,775,186,075	\$ 3,082,586,938	\$	3,050,888,694	\$ 3,396,764,914
Contributions as a Percentage of					
Payroll	10.9%	5.0%		4.9%	TBD

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal with 20-year closed amortization period for initial unfunded and subsequent actuarial gains/losses.

Asset Valuation Method Market

Salary Increases Variable

Investment Rate of Return 6.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Retirement Age Earlier of age 60 with five years of creditable service or any age with 30 years of creditable service.

Mortality PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee mortality table projected generationally with MP-2020 from the central year for

pre retirement. For post-retirement the tables are Headcount-Weighted Below Median Healthy Annuitant and adjusted

with a 6% load for males and a 14% load for females.

Appendix

Participant Data

The actuarial valuation was based on personnel information from The State of Tennessee records as of July 1, 2021. Following are some of the pertinent characteristics from the personnel data as of that date. Prior valuation characteristics are also provided for comparison purposes. Both age and service have been determined using years and months as of the valuation date.

	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2021
Health Care Participants		
Eligible Active Participants		
Number	42,216	39,152
Average Age	49.3	49.7
Average Service	15.2	15.8
Inactive Participants		
Retirees and Surviving Spouses	7,132	6,697
Average Age	61.4	61.5
Covered Spouses	107	139
Average Age	55.4	56.6
Total Participants		
Number	49,455	45,989

Counts do not include covered spouses.

Asset Allocation

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of June 30 are summarized in the following table.¹

	Expected Nominal	Expected Real	
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Rate of Return	Allocation
Large Cap U.S. Equity	6.44%	4.10%	33.00%
International (Non-U.S.) Equity (Developed)	7.17%	4.81%	16.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	7.70%	5.33%	4.00%
Cash (GoVt)	2.02%	-0.22%	5.00%
Long Duration Bonds – Gov't / Credit	2.58%	0.32%	25.00%
U.S. REITs	5.23%	2.91%	10.00%
Private Debt Direct Lending	6.04%	3.71%	7.00%
Total Portfolio	5.89%	3.56%	100.00%

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

¹ These rates of return reflect The State of Tennessee's best estimate.

Health Care Claims Development

The sample per capita claims cost assumptions shown below by age, benefit, and plan represent the true underlying baseline experience estimated for State Employee Group Plan's sponsored postretirement benefits and costs. These rates are used in the expense calculation for the period July 1, 2021–July 1, 2022 and disclosures as of June 30, 2022.

Age	Medical/R	x/Admin
55	\$	11,194
60	\$	13,832
65	\$	7,184
70	\$	8,490
75	\$	9,494
80	\$	9,992
85	\$	10,352
90+	\$	10.551

For pre-65 and post-65 retiree claims, retiree claims developed using historical claims.

Historical Claims and Enrollment Basis

The average medical or Rx per capita claims costs were developed from actual claims experience and enrollment for the period from January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2021. Claims and enrollment information was provided by the State of Tennessee's health care vendors. The annualized paid claims experience for each respective historical base period was adjusted to an incurred basis by adding the change the estimated change in reserve. Claims experience was adjusted for differences in plan design between the historical periods and the projection period using plan design relative values from Aon's actuarial models. No adjustment was necessary for large claims. The average medical or Rx per capita claims costs from each respective historical base period were trended to, already centered at the midpoint of the annual period following the valuation date.

In order to improve the credibility of a single projection estimate, a combination of estimates from the distinct historical periods was used, placing higher credibility on the most recent period and lower creditability on the older periods.

Finally, average medical or Rx per capita claims costs were then age-adjusted based on the demographics of the population, and the assumed health care aging factors shown in the table below.

Per capita administration and other fixed costs were developed and added onto the per capita claims cost assumptions using information supplied by the State of Tennessee. These per capita assumed administrative costs were based on actual 2021 per employee rates, which were converted from a per employee basis to a per member basis using the most recent election file provided by the State of Tennessee. For 2021, \$388 annually per person was added for pre-65 retirees, post-65 retirees and spouses.

Health Care Aging (Morbidity) Factors:

Since health care costs increase with age, and an OPEB valuation is by its nature an analysis of a closed group that will age throughout the measurement, the effect that this aging of the population will have on claims costs must be reflected in the valuation. The claim costs for medical and prescription drugs and Rx were assumed to increase with age according to the table below.

Age Band	Medical	Rx	Composite
40-44	3.00%	4.80%	3.3%
45-49	3.70%	4.70%	3.8%
50-54	4.20%	4.70%	4.3%
55-59	4.40%	4.60%	4.4%
60-64	3.70%	4.60%	3.8%
65-69	2.70%	3.80%	3.1%
70-74	1.80%	2.50%	2.1%
75-79	2.20%	0.80%	1.4%
80-84	2.80%	0.20%	1.3%
85-89	1.40%	0.10%	0.6%
90+	0.00%	0.00%	0.0%

The aging factor assumptions shown above were based on normative data analyses, along with consideration of the results from the 2013 Society of Actuaries sponsored study "Health Care Costs—From Birth to Death" prepared by Dale H. Yamamoto, reporting on the effect of age on claims costs. In addition to age, this study shows the effect of service type (medical vs. pharmacy) and gender on claims costs.

Health Care Cost Trend Rates:

The health care cost trend assumptions shown below were based on national average information from a variety of sources, including S&P Healthcare Economic Index, NHCE data, plan renewal data, and vendor Rx reports, with adjustments based on the provisions of the benefits sponsored by the State of Tennessee.

Year	Pre-65	Post-65
2022	7.36%	7.32%
2023	6.77%	6.83%
2024	6.07%	6.30%
2025	5.71%	5.88%
2026	5.36%	5.46%
2027	5.01%	5.04%
2028	4.66%	4.62%
2029	4.50%	4.52%
2030	4.50%	4.50%
2031	4.50%	4.50%
2032+	4.50%	4.50%

For 2022 to 2023, trends include estimated impacts from COVID-19. We expect COVID-19 impact to be short-term in nature, with claims trend returning to normal in 2024 and beyond. Therefore, we do not believe COVID-19 has a significant impact on long-term claims costs projections and plan liabilities. The estimated impact to trend for these years is 0.9% for pre-65 and 0.3% for post-65, on average.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The following outlines the assumptions and method Aon will use in determining the GASB expense calculations for the State Employee Group Plan for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Normal Cost Determined for each active employee as the Actuarial Present Value of benefits

allocated to the valuation year. The benefit attributed to the valuation year is that incremental portion of the total projected benefit earned during the year in

accordance with the plan provisions. This allocation is based on each

individual's service between date of hire and date the individual becomes fully

eligible for benefits.

Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets as of the Measurement Date

Discount Rate The State has selected 6.00% compounded annually. The State's Funding

Policy is expected to provide sufficient revenue over time to enable the OPEB Trust to be the sole provider of the benefits. It is assumed that this assumption

will be supported by the Investment Policy.

Expected Return on

Assets

6.00%

Mortality Rates Pre-retirement: PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee mortality table

projected generationally with MP-2020 from the central year.

Post-retirement tables are Headcount- Weighted Below Median Healthy Annuitant and adjusted with a 6% load for males and a 14% load for females,

projected generationally from 2010 with MP-2020.

Disabled: Reflects those used by TCRS and are taken from the gender distinct table published in the IRS Revenue Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10%

load, projected generationally using MP-2020.

Valuation Date July 1, 2021

Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Census Data July 1, 2021

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Inflation Long-term price inflation is assumed to be 2.25% per year.

Data Assumptions In cases of a discrepancy between expected service and service reported for

this valuation, imputed service was used.

Salary Increases Assumed salary increases are the same as used by TCRS: 8.72% at age 20

graded to 3.44% at age 70 (with 4.00% weighted average).

Demographic Assumptions- General Unless noted otherwise, demographic assumptions employed in this Actuarial Valuation were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2021 for a Group I employees in the Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). These demographic assumptions were developed by TCRS from an Actuarial Experience Study (undertaken on behalf of TCRS) and are considered appropriate for use in this OPEB Actuarial Valuation. These include assumed rates of future salary increases,

termination, mortality, disability, and retirement.

Retirement Rates See Table 1.

Withdrawal Rates See Table 2.

Disability Rates See Table 3.

Expected Retiree Contributions

Members are required to make monthly contributions in order to maintain their coverage. For the purpose of this Valuation a weighted average has been used with weights derived from the current distribution of members among plans offered. Such average expected retiree premium contributions for the first year, before any direct State subsidies, are shown in the table below.

Average Premium (as of Valua	tion			
Date)				
\$842/month				

Coverage Acceptance Rates

Following are the assumptions as to future Medical Coverage Acceptance Rates. Acceptance rates, presented below, result from an analysis of the choice pattern exhibited by employees retiring in recent years. Retirees changing coverage to The Tennessee Plan are considered lapsing coverage for the purpose of this Valuation.

Coverage Acceptance for Pre-65 Elections				
	Total Percentage o			
Subsidy	Acceptance	Retirees Electing		
Level	Rate	Dual Coverage		
80%	90%	45%		
70%	60%	30%		
60%	45%	22.5%		

Future participation
Active employees currently declining coverage are assumed to opt into the plan

in the future and accept retiree coverage at a 10% rate. Covered employees are

assumed to remain covered until retirement.

Decrement Timing Decrements of all types are assumed to occur at the middle of the year.

Eligibility Testing Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and

service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.

Decrement Relativity Decrement rates are treated as absolute rates of decrement.

Method Changes

There have been no method changes since the prior year.

Assumption Changes

The financial accounting valuation reflects the following assumption changes:

- The long term inflation was increased from 2.1% to 2.25%.
- The medical and drug trend rate assumptions were updated to reflect more recent experience and a change in expected per capita health claims to reflect more recent information as of the Measurement Date. These changes increased liability by 4.4%.
- Coverage acceptance rates for certain employers were updated to reflect more recent subsidy amounts. This change decreased liability by 8.2%.
- A change in retirement, withdrawal and mortality rates to match those provided by TCRS. These changes increased liability by 5.8%.

Rationale for Assumptions

For each economic and demographic assumption that has a significant effect on the measurement, and that the actuary has determined does not significantly conflict with what, in the actuary's professional judgment, is reasonable for the purpose of the measurement, the information and analysis used to support this determination are described in more detail in the document entitled "OPEB Assumptions for FYE June 30, 2022" and dated March 31, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Table 1
Retirement Rates

Early and Normal Retirement Prior to Age 60 with 10 Years of Service Unreduced Retirement Annual Rates				
Age	Male	Female		
45	1.9910%	2.4710%		
46	2.0160%	2.3870%		
47	2.0810%	2.3590%		
48	2.1760%	2.3830%		
49	2.2830%	2.4580%		
50	6.0000%	7.5000%		
51	6.0000%	7.5000%		
52	6.0000%	7.5000%		
53	6.0000%	7.5000%		
54	6.5000%	7.5000%		
55	6.5000%	7.5000%		
56	7.0000%	8.0000%		
57	7.0000%	8.0000%		
58	7.5000%	8.0000%		
59	8.0000%	8.0000%		

An additional 9.0% is added to the rates shown above for employees in a year in which they are first eligible for unreduced retirement prior to age 60.

Normal Retirement Age (60 with 10 Years of Service)

	Normal Retirement (Age 60 with 10 Years of Service) Unreduced Retirement Annual Rates				
	Less than 15 Years of Service		15 or More Yea	rs of Service	
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	
60	8.5%	9.0%	11.5%	12.0%	
61	11.0%	12.0%	14.0%	15.0%	
62	16.0%	18.0%	19.0%	21.0%	
63	12.0%	12.0%	15.0%	15.0%	
64	14.0%	14.0%	17.0%	17.0%	
65	22.0%	22.0%	25.0%	25.0%	
66-74	15.5%	17.0%	18.5%	20.0%	
75	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

These rates do not include separation on account of death or disability.

Table 2

Withdrawal Rates

The following table shows sample annual rates of withdrawal for participants. Note, these rates do not include separation due to death or disability. In addition, any employee terminating with at least five years of service and who are within five years of Normal Retirement are assumed to commence monthly pension benefits and, thus, become eligible to accept retiree medical coverage.

% Separating Within Next Year										
	Male									
Years of	Attained Age									
Service	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65
0	30.0%	25.4%	23.0%	20.8%	18.6%	16.5%	14.8%	15.3%	17.9%	24.0%
1	24.6%	21.4%	18.6%	16.1%	13.8%	12.0%	11.1%	11.6%	14.4%	20.5%
2 or More	19.5%	15.9%	10.5%	5.8%	2.8%	2.0%	2.4%	2.9%	4.7%	
	Female									
Years of	Attained Age									
Service	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65
0	30.0%	25.4%	23.0%	20.8%	18.6%	16.5%	14.8%	15.3%	17.9%	24.0%
1	24.6%	21.4%	18.6%	16.1%	13.8%	12.0%	11.1%	11.6%	14.4%	20.5%
2 or More	20.2%	16.3%	11.4%	6.9%	3.8%	2.5%	2.6%	3.8%	5.4%	

Table 3
Disability Rates

The following table shows sample annual rates of disability.

% Becoming Disabled Within Next Year				
Sample				
Ages	Male	Female		
20	0.06%	0.03%		
25	0.06%	0.03%		
30	0.07%	0.04%		
35	0.11%	0.06%		
40	0.16%	0.14%		
45	0.22%	0.24%		
50	0.27%	0.33%		
55	0.27%	0.38%		
60				
65				

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Discussion of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The State of Tennessee selected the economic, demographic and health care claim cost assumptions and prescribed them for use for purposes of compliance with GASB 75. Aon provided guidance with respect to these assumptions, and it is our belief that the assumptions represent reasonable expectations of anticipated plan experience. Mortality, retirement, withdrawal, and disability rates as well as assumed salary increases were developed by TCRS from the 2021 Actuarial Experience Study. An evaluation of the reasonability and consistency of these assumptions is beyond the scope of the assignment. Coverage acceptance rates were reviewed and updated by Aon for the current valuation based on the past two years of experience.

Calculation of Normal Costs and Liabilities

The method used to calculate the service cost and accumulated postretirement benefit obligation for determining OPEB expense is the entry age normal cost method. Under this cost method, the actuarial accrued liability is based on a prorated portion of the present value of all benefits earned to date over expected future working lifetime as defined by GASB. The proration is determined so that the cost with respect to service accrued from date of hire is recognized as a level percentage of pay each year. The Normal Cost is equal to the prorated cost for the year of the valuation.

Accounting Information under GASB 75

Benefit obligations and expense/(income) are calculated under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as set forth in Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 75.

The total OPEB liability represents the actuarial present value of benefits based on the entry age normal cost method as of the measurement date. The service cost represents the actuarial present value of benefits that are attributed to the 20222 fiscal year, reflecting the effect of assumed future health care claim cost and/or pay increases.

The OPEB expense is the annual amount to be recognized in the income statement as the cost of OPEB benefits for this plan for the period ending June 30, 20222.

Plan Provisions

Eligibility to Participate

Employer Subsidy

Eligibility for Retirement Normal Retirement

Early Retirement

Eligibility for Medical Insurance

All full-time state and higher education employees (hired before July 1, 2015), retirees and vested terminated participants of The State of Tennessee who satisfy the Disability, Vested Termination, Early or Normal Retirement provisions of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) may be eligible for certain post-employment benefits under the Tennessee State Employees Group Plan. Any employee, with exception of state judges, becoming members of TCRS on or after July 1, 1976 enters TCRS Group I regardless of employment classification.

State Subsidy as a Percent of Base Premium*			
Service at			
Retirement	State Subsidy		
30+ years of service	80%		
20-29 years of service	70%		
Less than 20 years of			
service	60%		

^{*} Subsidy amount is based on the premium rates applicable to coverage under the lower cost plan and carrier.

Group I eligibility retirements under TCRS

 Earlier of (i) Age 60 with five years of creditable service, or (ii) Any age with 30 years of creditable service

Group I eligibility retirements under TCRS:

- Age 55 with five years of creditable service, or
- Reduced pension benefit upon completion of 25 years of service at any age

TCRS Participants

- Ten years of creditable service with state, higher education or participating Local Education agency and three years continuous of insurance coverage in a state-sponsored insurance plan immediately prior to final termination for retirement. The date retirement pension benefits start (effective date of retirement with TCRS) must be on or before the date active state coverage ends. or
- Twenty or more years of creditable service with state, higher education or participating Local

Education agency and one year of continuous insurance coverage in a state-sponsored insurance plan immediately prior to final termination for retirement. The date retirement pension benefits start (effective date of retirement with TCRS) may be up to five years after active state coverage ends.

 If the individual is retiring through TCRS, they must be receiving a monthly retirement benefit to continue coverage as a retiree. TCRS participants who choose a lump-sum retirement benefit are not eligible to continue insurance at retirement.

Other Participants

For ORP (Optional Retirement Program) participants, non-elects (individuals who declined optional membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System), and state employees on federal appointment not eligible for federal insurance programs, the following rules apply:

- Age 55 with at least 10 but less than 20 total years of creditable service with state, higher education or participating Local Education agency and three years of continuous insurance coverage in a state sponsored insurance plan immediately prior to final termination for retirement. The date retirement insurance benefits start must immediately follow active coverage ending, or
- Age 55 and 20 or more years of creditable service with state, higher education or participating Local Education agency and one year of continuous insurance coverage in a state-sponsored insurance plan immediately prior to final termination for retirement. The period of time between final termination date and attainment of age 55 may be up to five years. or
- 25 years of creditable service with state, higher education or participating Local Education agency and one year of continuous insurance coverage in a state-sponsored insurance plan immediately prior to final termination for retirement. The period of time between final termination date and commencement of retirement insurance may be up to five years.

Disability Retirement

Plan Benefits

Retirees who have documentation of SSA disability or have been approved by TCRS for disability retirement, have a date of hire prior to July 1, 2015 and who were participants in a state-sponsored plan at the time of the injury or illness which resulted in their disability may continue coverage provided that no lapse in medical coverage has occurred by meeting either the requirements for TCRS participants, ORP (Optional Retirement Program) participants and other non-TCRS participants outlined above, or by having at least five years of creditable service immediately prior to final termination due to disability.

Eligible retirees may choose among the same Medical Plan options available for similarly situated active employees of the State. Dependents of retirees who continue to meet eligibility requirements may be covered at the retiree's option the same as dependents of active employees, provided those dependents were already enrolled in the Plan when the retiree's active coverage was terminated or they became eligible based on a special enrollment provision. Prescription Drug coverage is automatically extended to retirees and their dependents who continue coverage under any one of the Medical Plan options. Covered retirees and their dependents are subject to the same Medical and Prescription benefits as are active employees. Totally and permanently disabled pre-65 retirees may continue medical coverage. Disabled retirees under age 65 who are eligible for Medicare must maintain at least Part B coverage.

Certain Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) are available to current retirees and all employees (hired before July 1, 2015) retiring from the State under the provisions of Disability, Early or Normal Retirement, as described above. With exception of a small group of grandfathered individuals, retirees are required to discontinue coverage under the plan upon attaining age 65. The OPEB benefits include access to coverage for the retiree and dependents under the Medical, Prescription, Dental and Vision as described below.

Dental and vision benefits for retirees and their dependents are fully paid by the retirees, as they are by employees and their dependents. Consequently, these benefits are not considered as other postemployment benefits for the purposes of GASB Statement No. 75.

- The surviving dependents of a retiree may stay in the plan at no cost for up to six months. Afterwards, the surviving dependents are eligible to continue coverage under the State Employee Group Plan subject to payments of the applicable premiums. The surviving dependents must continue to meet eligibility requirements to remain enrolled in the plan.
- Former employees, retirees and dependents may be eligible for an extended benefit under COBRA, regardless of the terms of the employer's other postemployment benefits. COBRA benefits are not considered as other post- employment benefits for the purposes of GASB Statement No. 75.

Retirees and their dependents that are age-eligible for

Medicare benefits are not eligible to remain in the State Employee Group Insurance Plan, but may apply for the Medicare Supplement plan (The Tennessee Plan) if they are receiving a monthly TCRS pension benefit or are an

ORP participant. A Medicare eligible spouse may only be covered on the Tennessee Plan if the retiree is also covered. Retirees not eligible for Medicare benefits are allowed to remain on the core State Plan, with the plan as a primary payor. If the retiree later becomes eligible for Medicare Part A by virtue of a spouse's eligibility, the

coverage will be terminated.

Duration of Benefits

Plan Changes Since the Prior Year

There have been no plan changes since the prior year.