#### **Tier I Guidance Document**

In this section, the process of data-based decision making is explored. Data-based decision making is the process of using appropriate data collected to inform and drive each instructional decision. Cut scores must be established based on universal screening. These cut scores should be based on National norms, at a minimum, and identify students who are at-risk. As a guideline, students below the 25<sup>th</sup> percentile would be considered "at-risk". Students who exceed grade level expectations should be considered.

LEAs should explain what decisions will be made for instruction and interventions based on the results of the data. In this section, scenarios are used to explain how this process may look at a typical school. The scenarios in this section will also be revisited in future sections to show how the RTI<sup>2</sup> problem solving model develops over time for various students.

An outline of the beginning of the year RTI Support Team meeting is included, as well as narrative to describe the meeting at various grade levels.

It is important to document the conversations and decisions made at the RTI<sup>2</sup> school level meetings. This ensures that there is consensus on the interpretation of the data and that there is a clear understanding of the actions to be taken following the meeting. Examples of documents to be used for this purpose are also included.

#### **Outline of School Level RTI<sup>2</sup> Team Meeting:**

- Designated chair facilitates the meeting
- Principal or designee provides overview of universal screening data
  - Identify students who score BELOW the 25<sup>th</sup> percentile (Tier II)
    - School percentage of students
    - Grade level percentage of students
    - Individual teacher percentage of students
    - Identify students who score BELOW the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile (Tier III)
      - School percentage of students
      - Grade level percentage of students
      - Individual teacher percentage of students
- Determine which students will receive Tier II and Tier III interventions
- Determine who will provide intervention
  - Who will progress monitor?
  - Who will enter progress monitoring data?
  - Who will set goals for each student, and when will that happen?
- Determine which interventions will be implemented (according to skill deficit)
- Review process for documenting intervention (data, attendance etc...)
- Review procedure for contacting parents of students identified for Tier II or Tier III
- Determine procedure for monitoring fidelity of implementation

Reflective questions:

- Which grade levels are meeting the needs of 80-85% of students in Tier I?
- Which grade levels have a disproportionate percentage of students scoring below the 25<sup>th</sup> percentile?
  - Consider developing a specific plan to strengthen Tier I in those grade levels.

Follow-up procedures:

- Instructional coach –meet with grade level teams
  - o Determine who will provide intervention
  - Group students according to skill deficit

#### Case Study Example #1: Grade level data

ABC Elementary, a K-5 school, has spent the summer analyzing their data. The school leadership team looked at the previous year's universal screening, grade level common assessment, and TCAP data. The school realizes that it has a very high number of struggling readers in 5<sup>th</sup> grade. Below is a snapshot of their data:

		Mrs. Smith	1	Ms. Abbott			Mr. Heath		
	Oral			Oral			Oral		
Student	Reading		Reading	Reading		Reading	Reading		Reading
Number	Fluency	Maze	TCAP	Fluency	Maze	TCAP	Fluency	Maze	ТСАР
1	112	10	В	86	8	BB	121	19	Р
2	95	10	В	115	14	Р	94	10	BB
3	108	13	Р	88	10	В	92	11	BB
4	97	11	В	123	22	Р	116	20	В
5	133	21	Р	131	25	А	91	8	BB
6	123	19	Р	91	10	В	126	21	Р
7	89	6	BB	116	20	В	88	12	В
8	85	10	В	70	2	BB	135	27	А
9	130	20	А	133	24	Р	118	20	Р
10	125	22	Р	65	3	BB	81	10	BB
11	75	5	BB	121	20	Р	137	25	В
12	146	26	А	97	11	В	75	4	BB
13	88	8	BB	130	25	А	141	23	Р
14	79	7	BB	125	22	А	61	1	BB
15	140	24	Р	100	18	В	129	23	Р
16	99	13	В	105	20	В	115	20	В
17	160	30	Р	81	5	BB	95	10	В
18	92	11	В	93	13	В	135	22	Р
19	122	25	Р	110	11	Р	85	7	BB
20	77	6	BB	64	4	BB	150	26	А

Key:

A= advanced

P = Proficient

B= Basic

BB = Below Basic

#### **Benchmark Expectation**

(Example only)						
Percentile	Oral Reading Fluency	Maze				
90 <sup>th</sup> %ile	178	32				
75 <sup>th</sup> %ile	155	24				
50 <sup>th</sup> %ile	121	19				
25 <sup>th</sup> %ile	98	12				
10 <sup>th</sup> %ile	86	8				

### **ACTIVITY**

Use the grade level data to answer the following questions:

#### Step One:

What percentage of students are meeting grade level benchmark expectations (at least 25<sup>th</sup> %ile) for reading fluency? Maze?

~48-55%

What percentage of students are requiring Tier II intervention (between the 10<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> percentile) for reading fluency? Maze?

~23%

3. What percentage of students are requiring Tier III intervention (below the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile) for reading fluency? Maze?

~23%

4. What percentage of students are not proficient on TCAP?

~58%

5. What conclusions can be drawn from this information?

Weak core instruction- grade level problem with reading instruction

Need to look at instruction being provided at earlier grades

More students not proficient on TCAP than have skills deficits- not every student who is basic on TCAP needs a skills-specific intervention. Note the difference between a skills vs standards based intervention.

#### Step Two:

1. Based on the above conclusions, what are some possible action items?

Examine need to supplement core instruction; PD, coaching opportunities. Examine how much time student are receiving instruction, fidelity of tier 1. How is core structured (i.e. large group vs small group instruction), how much time is being spent reading- independent and guided

Look at providing interventions for subgroups and monitor progress of others to be sure strengthening the core is making a difference

2. What type of intervention would you recommend for Student #16 from Ms. Smith's class? What about Student #11 from Mr. Heath's class?

Student #16: right above the "cut scores". Since such high number of students requiring intervention, he/she may be one to watch. Otherwise, would want to consider for Tier II. Student #11: no identified skill deficit; may need remediation/re-teaching of standards to obtain proficiency. May also see improved performance with strengthening of core instruction.

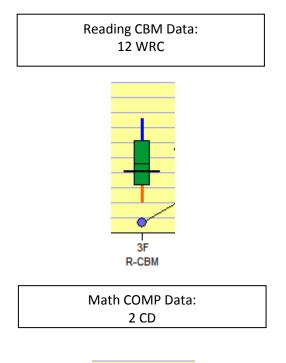
#### Step Three:

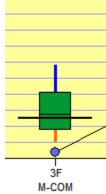
3. Use the attached "Intervention Assignments" page to document the decisions your group makes about the intervention needs of the 5<sup>th</sup> graders at ABC elementary.

*Did participants include ALL students below 25<sup>th</sup>%? Just below the 10<sup>th</sup>%? Did they consider other factors in making decisions about who did/did not receive intervention?* 

#### Case Study Example #2: Rebecca

Ms. Myers recently had a student enroll in her class who had previously been homeschooled. Although Rebecca had been receiving instruction through her home school umbrella, the curriculum was not aligned with that of ABC Elementary School and Rebecca was significantly behind that of her peers in all academic areas. Below is a graph showing Rebecca's performance on the third grade fall benchmark assessments:





# **Activity**

#### Step One: Use the attached resources to answer the following questions:

1. What is Rebecca's current "gap" (i.e. ratio of deficiency) in reading fluency? Math computation?

Reading Fluency:

			Is Gap Significant?
59/ Current benchmark Expectation	<u>12</u> = Current performance	4.92 Current Gap	√Yes □ No

Math computation:

			Is Gap Significant?
14 / Current benchmark Expectation	<u>2</u> = Current performance	7 Current Gap	√Yes □ No

2. What additional data would you want to collect prior to making a recommendation for Rebecca's reading intervention? Math intervention? (i.e. survey level assessment data)

Lower level fluency, early literacy, and math computation probes

Assessment	Score	Assessment	Score
R-CBM 2 <sup>nd</sup> grade	21 WRC/ 12 errors	M-Comp 2 <sup>nd</sup> grade	7 pts
R-CBM 1 <sup>st</sup> grade	35 WRC/ 5 errors		
NWF 2 <sup>nd</sup> grade	27 SC		
PSF 1 <sup>st</sup> grade	60 PC		

Step Two: Use the Survey Level Assessment (SLA) data below to answer the following questions:

1. What category of intervention would you recommend?

Phonics, math computation

2. Would you recommend Tier II or Tier III intervention for Rebecca?

Tier III for both reading fluency and computation

3. Which measure/grade level should Rebecca be progress monitored on?

2<sup>nd</sup> grade, NWF (earliest foundational skill)

*M*-comp  $2^{nd}$  grade (average on  $1^{st}$  so instructional on  $2^{nd}$  grade)

4. What would be an appropriate progress monitoring goal for Rebecca's reading intervention?

#### Step 1: Determine Typical ROI

( <u>52</u> Spring benchmark expectation	-	<u>39</u> ) Fall benchmark expectation	/	<u>36</u> Number of weeks	=	<u>.36</u> Typical ROI (slope)
expectation		expectation				

#### Step Two: Determine Goal ROI

<u>.36</u> Typical ROI	x	<u>2</u>	=	.72 Aggressive ROI	
OR					
<u>.36</u> Typical ROI	x	1.5	=	<u>.54</u> Reasonable ROI	

#### Step Three: Calculate Goal

27	+	(.72 X 36)	=	53	
Initial Score		(ROI) X (# of weeks)		Goal Score	

#### Step Three:

**1.** What specific level assessment data would you collect in order to further inform Rebecca's intervention?

Phonics inventory, possible PA screener to further explore skills not measured on US

Item analysis of math assessment, possible key math to identify specific deficits

2. Complete attached Student Intervention Plan for Rebecca's intervention.

# **RTI<sup>2</sup>** Team Notes

# **Student Intervention Plan**

Student: Rebecca	т	eacher: Myers	<b>Grade:</b> 3_	
School: ABC Elem		leeting Date:	9/1	
Initial Meeting/Intervention Plan		🗆 Follow-Up Me	eeting/Revised Interventi	on Plan
Specific Area of Concern				
$\square$ Phonological Awareness $$ Phonics	s √Math (	Calculation	Math Reasoning	High Achievement
□ Reading Fluency □ Reading Comprehensio	n 🗆 Vocabulary	Attention/Bel	havior 🗆 Speec	h/Language 🛛 🗆 Written Expression
Data-Based Decision				
□ Tier 1 with ongoing assessment in	🗆 Tier 2 v	vith required Progress	Monitoring in	
$\sqrt{1}$ Tier 3 with required Progress Monitoring in <u>2</u>	<sup>nd</sup> grade NWF & 2 <sup>nd</sup> grad	<u>e M-COM</u> □ Ref	erral to next level of supp	port with parent/guardian present
Continue SPED intervention with Progress Moni				
Research Based Intervention to be Used	Skill Area*	Who Does it	How Often	Time/Days
A XYZ phonics intervention	phonics	Mrs. Teacher	3x/week	M-W-F
B QRS math skills intervention	Computation	Mrs. Teacher	2x/week	T-Th
С				
*Intervention must be linked to skill deficit area				
Notes:				
Team members involved in approving this plan w	vith name and relations	<u>hip to the student</u>		

### Sample Norm Charts:

		Fall		Winter		Spring	
Grade	%ile	Num	WRC	Num	WRC	Num	WRC
	90		66		100		128
	75	1	30		68		97
	50	!	13		36		67
1	25	350444	5	65158	19	55158	40
	10		2		11		22
	Mean		24		47		71
	StdDev		29		36		40
	90		115		140		156
	75		88		115		131
	50		62		88		106
2	25	38282	35	38282	64	38282	82
	10		17		39		69
	Mean		<u>64</u>		90		106
	StdDev		37		38		38
- 1	90		143		162		179
	75		116		139	40570	152
[	50		87		111		127
3	25	40570	59	40570	84		98
[	10		38		56		73
[	Mean	1	89		110		125
	StdDev		40		41		42

# Reading - Curriculum Based Measurement

# Math Computation

		Fall		Winte	r	Sprin	9
Grade	%ile	Num	pts	Num	pts	Num	pta
	90	1	33		44		50
	75		24		39	14194	46
	50	1	16		32		40
2	25	14194	10	14194	23		32
	10		6		14		22
	Mean		18		30		37
	StdDev	1	10		11		- 11
	90	15269	46	15269	63	15269	68
	75		33		65		64
	50		22		42		56
3	25		14		29		40
	10		8		19		26
	Mean	1	24		41		50
	StdDev	1	- 14 -		18		16

# Sample Norm Charts

Phoneme	Segmentation	Fluency
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	%ile	Fail		Winter		Spring	
Grade		Num	PC	Num	PC	Num	PC
	90	21371	40	48100	63	48100	69
	75		23		43		59
	50		8		30		48
к	25				11		35
	10		0		3		16
	Mean		14		29		46
	StdDev		16		19		20
	90	39310	60	<b>39</b> 310	70	436097	74
	75		51		60		65
	50		41		51		55
1	25		29		41		45
	10		14		31		36
	Mean		39		50		55
	StdDev		17		16		16

# Nonsense Word Fluency

	%ile	Fall		Winter		Spring	
Grade		Num	SC	Num	SC	Num	SC
к	90	0	•	42104	50	42104	71
	75		· ·		37		63
	50		·		25		40
	25		-		15		28
	10		· ·		4		18
	Mean				27		43
	StdDev		100 100		19		24
1	90	25099	71	25099	106	25099	128
	75		49		73		95
	50		34		54		68
	25		22		40		51
	10		13		30		38
	Mean		39		61		75
	StdDev		25		32		35
2	90	239878	113	29827	129	20801	143
	75		81		93		107
	50		56		65		76
	25		39		44		52
	10		26		29		36
	Mean		63		72		83
	StdDev		34		40		-43