Guide to Special Education
Administrative Complaints

August 1, 2015
# Guide to Special Education
## Administrative Complaints in Tennessee

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As provided for under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and Tennessee State Board of Education rules and regulations, there are three (3) dispute resolution options available to help resolve issues related to special education: Administrative Complaint, Mediation, and Due Process Hearing. Information concerning these three (3) dispute resolution options is contained in the booklet entitled *Individuals with Disabilities Education Act: Notice of Procedural Safeguards* which is available online at: [http://tn.gov/education/topic/special-education-legal-services](http://tn.gov/education/topic/special-education-legal-services).

This document will detail the Administrative Complaint process. The entire process is explained and many frequently asked questions are answered. Appendices at the end of this document contain additional information.

If you have questions about anything in this document, you may contact Special Education Legal Services in the Office of the General Counsel for assistance and guidance at (615) 741-2921.

**Before Filing the Administrative Complaint**

Before filing an Administrative Complaint, there are a few things a concerned person may do that might resolve concerns more quickly, while at the same time strengthening the working relationship between the concerned person and the school system.

The following items are recommended as a “checklist” of steps to follow before filing an Administrative Complaint:

- ✓ Contact the teacher or service provider and discuss the concerns.
- ✓ Notify the principal and request his/her assistance.
- ✓ Request an IEP team meeting.
- ✓ Contact the Special Education Director/Supervisor of the school system. Make him/her aware of the concerns and provide the results of any contact with the teacher, principal, etc.
- ✓ Call the Tennessee Department of Education Office of General Counsel and ask to speak with the IDEA Complaint Investigator assigned to the school system.

Many times, answers to questions or advice as to how to address concerns will help keep a concern from becoming an Administrative Complaint issue. If a local resolution to the concerns is not achieved, the IDEA Complaint Investigator will assist the concerned person in filing an Administrative Complaint.
Filing the Administrative Complaint

An Administrative Complaint should be filed in writing and signed by the person filing the complaint. Administrative Complaints may be filed via e-mail. The Tennessee Department of Education (TDOE) has an Administrative Complaint form that an IDEA Complaint Investigator will send to anyone requesting a copy. The form is also available on the TDOE web site at http://tn.gov/education/topic/special-education-legal-services.

A person filing a complaint may wish to use the back of the form for additional information or attach additional pages to express the concerns. Sometimes a personal letter will serve as an Administrative Complaint, but this may make identifying valid complaint issues more difficult. Copies of any documents that support the allegation of a violation should be sent as well. A good rule of thumb when filing a complaint is to follow up with a telephone call to an IDEA Complaint Investigator to verify receipt and discuss the complaint. When speaking with an IDEA Complaint Investigator, he/she will answer any questions and further explain the Administrative Complaint process.

Even though the regulations state that an Administrative Complaint must be in writing, the Department of Education realizes that there may be a situation where a person is unable to put his/her concerns in writing or have a friend or family member do it for them. In these rare instances, it is possible to make a verbal complaint directly to an IDEA Complaint Investigator over the telephone.

After Filing the Administrative Complaint

When an Administrative Complaint is received, an IDEA Complaint Investigator is assigned and the following occurs within one (1) business day:

☐ The person filing the complaint will be sent a letter acknowledging that the Tennessee Department of Education has received the Administrative Complaint.
☐ This letter invites them to send any additional information or documentation to the IDEA Complaint Investigator assigned within ten (10) business days.
☐ A letter with a copy of the complaint will be sent to the Director of Schools and the Special Education Director/Supervisor of the school system.
☐ This letter requires that the school system submit a response to the allegations contained in the complaint within ten (10) days.
☐ Both of the letters state that, by law, Administrative Complaints have a timeline of sixty (60) calendar days from receipt of the complaint to conclusion.
Administrative Complaint Investigation Procedures

Once additional documentation and/or a response from the school system is received, the Department will begin the investigation. The investigation may require additional documents, email or telephone communications, and site visits. The IDEA Complaint Investigator will gather evidence or documentation in whatever manner is deemed appropriate.

If the complaint alleges that a school system has committed a procedural violation of the IDEA, the Department will determine whether the allegations in the complaint have a basis in fact. If the allegations are determined to have a basis in fact, the Department will issue, within ten (10) regular school business days of the finding, a letter to the school system and the person filing the complaint confirming the violation alleged in the Complaint. The letter will state whether or not the Department has determined that the procedural violation has resulted in a substantive denial of a free, appropriate public education. Procedural violations of the IDEA that do not result in a substantive denial of a free, appropriate public education must be corrected by the school system within ten (10) regular school business days of notification.

If the complaint alleges that a school system has committed a substantive violation that amounts to a denial of a free, appropriate public education, the Department will issue, within ten (10) regular school business days of the finding, a letter to the school system and the person filing the complaint confirming the violation and requiring the school system to take corrective action, including compensatory education where appropriate. If a school system has committed a violation that is determined to constitute a violation of a free, appropriate public education, it must correct the violation within ten (10) regular school business days. If the school system is unable to correct the violation within ten (10) regular school business days of notification, despite its diligent efforts, it will be granted an extension of time for a reasonable period, not to exceed an additional ten (10) regular school business days to correct the violation.

The Department will determine whether the measures taken by the school system have resulted in compliance with the IDEA. The Department will provide written notice to the school system of its determination within ten (10) regular school business days.

Violations Posted on Website

Within thirty (30) business days after closing the investigation, the Department will publish all confirmed violations and determinations of findings of violations of the IDEA on the TDOE Special Education Legal Services web site at http://tn.gov/education/topic/special-education-legal-services. The information will include the name of the school system, a description of the violation, a citation of the law or regulation determined to have been violated, the corrective measures, and the final determination of the Department. Information that would allow the child to be identified will be redacted prior to publishing on the website.
Issues That May Not Be Addressed By an Administrative Complaint

An IEP team makes many decisions that affect a student’s education. There are, however, many decisions that an IEP team does not have the responsibility or ability to decide. These are administrative decisions that are made by the school system.

Examples of “administrative decisions” include:

- Promotion or Retention
- Grade Assignment
- School Assignment
- Teacher Assignment

One of the required participants at an IEP meeting is a LEA representative. This is usually the principal or his/her designee. This LEA representative must be able to make decisions for the school system during the IEP meeting. Sometimes the LEA representative will make administrative decisions during an IEP meeting. It may appear that the IEP team made the decision, but the LEA representative is filing the administrative decision on behalf of the school system, not on behalf of the IEP team.

There are also other issues that are not addressed by an Administrative Complaint. Allegations of abuse should be reported to a local law enforcement agency or the Department of Children Services. Allegations of discrimination or violations of Civil Rights should be reported to your local Title VI, Title IX, or Section 504 Coordinator, or the Office for Civil Rights at (404) 974-9406, unless they are related to the student’s disability and special education services.

Additionally, matters that are exclusively under the control of the local school system may not be addressed by an Administrative Complaint. For example, personnel issues and general education issues are the responsibility of the local school system. A concerned party should check with the local school system and request a copy of the local School Board policy regarding filing a complaint or grievance against a school board employee.

What an Administrative Complaint Can Do

An Administrative Complaint is a way to ensure that the federal and state regulations are followed, that the rights of the parent and the child are being observed, and that the child is receiving all the special education and related services that are a part of the IEP.

Many people look at the Administrative Complaint process as being an adversarial process. In reality, it is not a contest to see who can win, but it is a way to ensure that the law is followed. If the law is followed, the child is the winner.
If a violation is found, the school system is required to complete a Corrective Action Plan, which may require documentation of completion of certain actions or activities in order to be in compliance with the regulations. An appropriate remedy to an Administrative Complaint depends on the facts pertaining to the complaint. Compensatory services may be required if services specified in an IEP are not provided to a child. Reimbursement to the parent for services provided, if found to be the system’s responsibility, may be appropriate as well.

**What an Administrative Complaint Cannot Do**

The purpose of an Administrative Complaint is not to punish the school system. Parents do not receive punitive damages, nor are school systems fined for violations. An Administrative Complaint cannot:

- Get a principal, teacher, bus driver, or other school system employee fired
- Get a specific person hired
- Get a student assigned to a specific grade, school, or teacher
- Get grades changed (unless Modified Grading is a modification in the IEP)
Appendix A – Federal IDEA Regulations

State Complaint Procedures

§300.151 Adoption of State complaint procedures.
(a) General. Each SEA must adopt written procedures for--
   (1) Resolving any complaint, including a complaint filed by an organization or individual from
       another State, that meets the requirements of §300.153 by--
   (i) Providing for the filing of a complaint with the SEA; and
   (ii) At the SEA's discretion, providing for the filing of a complaint with a public agency and the
       right to have the SEA review the public agency's decision on the complaint; and
   (2) Widely disseminating to parents and other interested individuals, including parent training
       and information centers, protection and advocacy agencies, independent living centers, and
       other appropriate entities, the State procedures under §§300.151 through 300.153.
(b) Remedies for denial of appropriate services. In resolving a complaint in which the SEA has
    found a failure to provide appropriate services, an SEA, pursuant to its general supervisory
    authority under Part B of the Act, must address--
    (1) The failure to provide appropriate services, including corrective action appropriate to
        address the needs of the child (such as compensatory services or monetary reimbursement); and
    (2) Appropriate future provision of services for all children with disabilities.
    (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control numbers 1820-0030 and
     1820-0600) (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3)

§300.152 Minimum State complaint procedures.
(a) Time limit; minimum procedures. Each SEA must include in its complaint procedures a
    time limit of 60 days after a complaint is filed under §300.153 to--
    (1) Carry out an independent on-site investigation, if the SEA determines that an investigation
        is necessary;
    (2) Give the complainant the opportunity to submit additional information, either orally or in
        writing, about the allegations in the complaint;
    (3) Provide the public agency with the opportunity to respond to the complaint, including, at a
        minimum--
        (i) At the discretion of the public agency, a proposal to resolve the complaint; and
        (ii) An opportunity for a parent who has filed a complaint and the public agency to voluntarily
            engage in mediation consistent with §300.506;
    (4) Review all relevant information and make an independent determination as to whether the
        public agency is violating a requirement of Part B of the Act or of this part; and
    (5) Issue a written decision to the complainant that addresses each allegation in the complaint and
        contains--
        (i) Findings of fact and conclusions; and
        (ii) The reasons for the SEA's final decision.
(b) Time extension; final decision; implementation. The SEA's procedures described in paragraph (a)
    of this section also must--
    (1) Permit an extension of the time limit under paragraph (a) of this section only if--
(i) Exceptional circumstances exist with respect to a particular complaint; or
(ii) The parent (or individual or organization, if mediation or other alternative means of dispute resolution is available to the individual or organization under State procedures) and the public agency involved agree to extend the time to engage in mediation pursuant to paragraph (a)(3)(ii) of this section, or to engage in other alternative means of dispute resolution, if available in the State; and
(2) Include procedures for effective implementation of the SEA's final decision, if needed, including--
   (i) Technical assistance activities;
   (ii) Negotiations; and
   (iii) Corrective actions to achieve compliance.
(c) Complaints filed under this section and due process hearings under §300.507 and §§300.530 through 300.532. (1) If a written complaint is received that is also the subject of a due process hearing under §300.507 or §§300.530 through 300.532, or contains multiple issues of which one or more are part of that hearing, the State must set aside any part of the complaint that is being addressed in the due process hearing until the conclusion of the hearing. However, any issue in the complaint that is not a part of the due process action must be resolved using the time limit and procedures described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.
(2) If an issue raised in a complaint filed under this section has previously been decided in a due process hearing involving the same parties--
   (i) The due process hearing decision is binding on that issue; and
   (ii) The SEA must inform the complainant to that effect.
(3) A complaint alleging a public agency’s failure to implement a due process hearing decision must be resolved by the SEA.
(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control numbers 1820-0030 and 1820-0600) (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3)

§300.153 Filing a complaint.
(a) An organization or individual may file a signed written complaint under the procedures described in §§300.151 through 300.152.
(b) The complaint must include--
(1) A statement that a public agency has violated a requirement of Part B of the Act or of this part;
(2) The facts on which the statement is based;
(3) The signature and contact information for the complainant; and
(4) If alleging violations with respect to a specific child--
   (i) The name and address of the residence of the child;
   (ii) The name of the school the child is attending;
   (iii) In the case of a homeless child or youth (within the meaning of section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2)), available contact information for the child, and the name of the school the child is attending;
   (iv) A description of the nature of the problem of the child, including facts relating to the problem; and
   (v) A proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to the party at the time the complaint is filed.
(c) The complaint must allege a violation that occurred not more than one year prior to the date that the complaint is received in accordance with §300.151.

(d) The party filing the complaint must forward a copy of the complaint to the LEA or public agency serving the child at the same time the party files the complaint with the SEA. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control numbers 1820-0030 and 1820-0600) (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3)
Effective July 1, 2007

SECTION 3.

The department of education shall promptly investigate complaints filed regarding services to disabled students and shall enforce the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and Tennessee special education laws. The department shall carry out its obligation to enforce such laws through the administrative complaint process in the following manner:

(1) The department shall make available a complaint form on the departmental internet site. In addition, the department shall supply any individual a written copy of the complaint form via the United States mail when so requested. The department shall facilitate the submission of complaint forms via the internet. If a complaint is filed via the internet, the complaint shall be deemed signed so long as the name of the filer is indicated in the complaint. Anonymous complaints shall not be accepted for investigative purposes.

(2) If the complaint alleges that a school system has committed a procedural violation of the applicable laws, the department shall determine whether the allegation has basis in fact. If determined to have a basis in fact, the department shall issue, within ten (10) regular school business days of the finding, a written finding to the school system and the person filing the complaint confirming the violation. The response shall state whether or not the department has determined that the procedural violation has resulted in a substantive denial of a free, appropriate public education.

(3) If the complaint alleges that a school system has committed a substantive violation that amounts to a denial of a free, appropriate public education, the department shall, within ten (10) regular school business days of the finding, issue a written finding to the school district and the person filing the complaint confirming the violation and shall require the school system to take corrective action, including compensatory education where appropriate.

(4) The department shall require a school system that has committed a procedural violation of applicable law to correct the violation within ten (10) regular school business days.

(5) The department shall require a school system that has committed a violation that is determined to constitute a violation of a free, appropriate public education to correct the violation within ten (10) regular school business days. If the school system is unable to correct the violation within ten (10) regular school business days of notification, despite its diligent efforts, it shall be granted an extension of time for a reasonable period, not to exceed an additional ten (10) regular school business days to correct the violation.
(6) Any school system receiving notice from the department that measures are required to correct procedural or substantive violations of applicable law shall provide written notice of such corrective measures to the department and to the person filing the complaint. The department shall determine whether the measures taken by the school system has resulted in compliance with the law and the regulations. The department shall provide written notice to the school system of its determination within ten (10) regular school business days.

(7) Within thirty (30) business days after closing the investigation, the department shall publish all confirmed violations and determinations of findings of violations of statutes or regulations on its official state web site. Such publication shall include the name of the school system, a description of the violation, a citation of the law or regulation determined to have been violated, the corrective measures proposed by the school system, and the final determination of the department. The department shall publish confirmed violations and determinations in a manner that protects the identity of the student.
Appendix C – Letters

Many different letters may be used throughout the course of an Administrative Complaint investigation/resolution. IDEA Compliant Investigators make every effort to ensure that every Administrative Complaint receives the same attention to detail and that correspondence is written in a professional manner.

1. A letter is sent to notify the person filing the complaint that it was received and the Administrative Complaint process has begun.

2. A letter is sent to the school system with a copy of the complaint, instructions related to its response, and information about the investigation process.

3. A letter is issued at the conclusion of the investigation. This is the letter that would specify what, if anything, the system is required to do in order to be in compliance with federal or state regulations.

4. A letter is sent when the issues in an Administrative Complaint cannot be appropriately addressed by the Administrative Complaint process.

5. A letter is sent when a Due Process Hearing has been requested on an issue that has also been submitted in an Administrative Complaint. Being “toll ed” means that the Administrative Complaint has to “wait” to see if the Due Process Hearing resolves the issues.

6. A letter is sent to the person who made the complaint, acknowledging that the IDEA Complaint Investigator received additional information and has forwarded it to the school system as a part of the original complaint.

7. A letter is sent to the school system with the additional information that was submitted by the person who made the complaint with instructions to consider the additional information as they work toward resolution.

8. A letter is sent to the school system if their response is not received within the sixty (60) calendar day timeline. Sanctions may be imposed if a school system fails to respond.

9. A letter is sent after the school system has completed any tasks that it was required to do in order to be in compliance with federal or state regulations.
Appendix D - Online Resources

IDEA - http://idea.ed.gov/


Tennessee Code Annotated - www.michie.com/tennessee


Tennessee State Board of Education - www.state.tn.us/sbe


Tennessee Disability Coalition - www.tndisability.org

Tennessee Voices for Children - www.tnvoices.org

Support and Training for Exceptional Parents - www.tnstep.org

The Arc of Tennessee - www.thearctn.org
Frequently Asked Questions

**Does an Administrative Complaint have to be written?**
The regulations state that it does; however, if circumstances prevent a person with a concern from filing an Administrative Complaint in writing, an IDEA Compliant Investigator may take it over the telephone or in some other appropriate way.

**Can an Administrative Complaint be faxed to an IDEA Compliant Investigator?**
Yes. Letters and/or e-mail complaints are also treated as Administrative Complaints if they contain all the required elements and information and specify that they are a complaint.

**Can I submit an anonymous complaint?**
No. According to federal and state law, an anonymous complaint cannot be accepted. The person(s) filing the complaint must sign the form and provide contact information in order for a complaint to be investigated.

**Can someone who is not the parent of the child file an Administrative Complaint?**
Yes. A parent, other concerned individual, or an organization may file an Administrative Complaint. However, a person or organization, other than the parent, filing a complaint would need to provide a signed release of information from the parent of the child before any information related to the child could be released to them.

Sometimes, advocates assist parents in writing/filing an Administrative Complaint. The advocate would need to have a signed release of information from the parent as well.

**How soon must an Administrative Complaint be filed after an alleged violation occurs?**
An Administrative Complaint must be filed within one (1) calendar year of the date the violation allegedly occurred.

**Are Administrative Complaints ever resolved earlier than the sixty (60) calendar day timeline?**
Yes. If the investigation is concluded and the school system has responded to the complaint, it is possible that the complaint may be resolved sooner than the sixty (60) calendar day deadline.

**You received a letter that says your complaint will not be investigated. Why?**
When a person filing a complaint submits an Administrative Complaint that is composed entirely of issues that are not related to special education, he/she would receive a letter explaining that the concerns could not be addressed through the Administrative Complaint process.

Some complaints contain special education issues plus some issues not related to special education. In those instances, the special education issues would be properly investigated, and the findings letter would explain which issues were not investigated.

**What happens if the investigation finds a violation?**
The Administrative Complaint process is a corrective action process, not a punitive process. The purpose is not to punish the school system.
If a school system is found to have violated one or more federal and/or state regulations, it will be required to complete a Corrective Action Plan. The Department will monitor the school system until it is satisfied that the corrective actions have been completed.

**What can a person do if they don’t like the outcome of an Administrative Complaint?**
Either party has the right to request Mediation or a Due Process Hearing on the same issue(s).

**You went to Mediation first and did not reach agreement. Can you file an Administrative Complaint on the same issue?**
Yes, but an Administrative Complaint issue must allege a violation of an applicable rule or regulation.

**Can you file an Administrative Complaint on an issue that has been part of a Due Process Hearing and ruled on by the Administrative Law Judge?**
No. Once an issue has been ruled on by an Administrative Law Judge, that issue cannot be taken to Mediation or filed as an Administrative Complaint.

**Can you file multiple Administrative Complaints close to one another?**
Yes, but they will most likely be appended to the original complaint filing one (1) complaint with multiple issues. This could benefit the person filing the complaint, in that the issue that was submitted after the original complaint would be resolved according to the sixty (60) calendar day timeline applied to the original complaint. In other words, it would be resolved more quickly than if it were submitted as a separate complaint.

If it is far enough into the sixty (60) calendar day timeline that it would be impractical to append an issue to the original complaint, a new complaint is created and a new sixty (60) calendar day timeline begins for the new complaint.

**Can you file an Administrative Complaint in the summer?**
Yes. Administrative Complaints have a one (1) year statute of limitations, and it is best to file an Administrative Complaint as soon after a person becomes concerned as possible. If a concern arises at the end of the school year or during ESY (Extended School Year), or if a concern from earlier in the school year does not improve by the end of school, it would be appropriate to file an Administrative Complaint in the summer. School system administrators work eleven (11) or twelve (12) months and respond to complaints year round.
Low Cost Legal Services in Tennessee

This information is provided as a service to individuals seeking additional avenues for help and information. The Department of Education does not intend this as an endorsement or recommendation for any individual, organization, or service represented on this page.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Legal Aid Society of Middle Tennessee and the Cumberlands</td>
<td>Free legal help to people with low income&lt;br&gt;Offices in Clarksville, Columbia, Cookeville, Gallatin, Murfreesboro, Nashville, Oak Ridge, and Tullahoma</td>
<td><a href="http://www.las.org">www.las.org</a> (800) 238-1443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Tennessee Legal Services</td>
<td>Provides assistance in civil cases to individuals, families, and communities&lt;br&gt;Offices in Jackson, Dyersburg, Huntingdon, and Selmer</td>
<td><a href="http://www.wtls.org">www.wtls.org</a> (800) 372-8346</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Aid of East Tennessee</td>
<td>Provides a wide range of civil legal assistance and advocacy to elderly, abused, and low income persons&lt;br&gt;Offices in Chattanooga, Cleveland, Knoxville, Johnson City, Maryville, and Morristown</td>
<td><a href="http://www.laet.org">www.laet.org</a> (800) 238-1443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memphis Area Legal Services, Inc.</td>
<td>Free legal assistance in civil matters to low income or elderly persons&lt;br&gt;Offices in Memphis and Covington</td>
<td><a href="http://www.malsi.org">www.malsi.org</a> (866) 361-9001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disability Rights In Tennessee</td>
<td>Provides services to people with disabilities, including legal services&lt;br&gt;Offices in Knoxville, Memphis, and Nashville</td>
<td><a href="http://www.disabilityrightstn.org">www.disabilityrightstn.org</a> (800) 342-1660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vanderbilt Legal Clinic</td>
<td>Provides free representation to a limited number of individuals and organizations that cannot otherwise afford representation&lt;br&gt;Office in Nashville</td>
<td>(615) 322-4964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Tennessee Legal Clinic</td>
<td>Provides free legal assistance to Knoxville-area students and families in education matters&lt;br&gt;Office in Knoxville</td>
<td>(865) 974-2331</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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To: Office of Legal Services  
Tennessee Department of Education/Division of Special Education  
9th Floor, Andrew Johnson Tower  
710 James Robertson Parkway  
Nashville, Tennessee 37243  
FAX: 615-253-5567

From:  
Parent/Guardian’s Name  
Address  
City  
State  
Zip Code  
Telephone (Home)  
Telephone (Work)  
Child’s Name  
Child’s Date of Birth  
Child’s Disability

This administrative complaint is filed on behalf of ________________________, a student at ____________________________School, in the ________________School System.  
The specific grounds/reasons for this complaint are:

____________________________________________________________________  
____________________________________________________________________  
____________________________________________________________________  
____________________________________________________________________  
____________________________________________________________________  
____________________________________________________________________  
____________________________________________________________________

Please investigate this complaint and notify me of the results. I understand that it may be necessary to release a copy of any correspondence submitted by me in relation to this complaint, my name, the name of the child, and the nature of my complaint to local school system officials in order to resolve these issues.

_________________________________________  
Signature  

_________________________________________  
Date

ED 5247 REV.  11.1.13