A Technical Guide for the Fourth Grade Adequate Growth Methodology

March 2024

Background

The Tennessee General Assembly passed two key pieces of legislation during the 1st Extraordinary Session of 2021—the Tennessee Literacy Success Act and the Tennessee Learning Loss Remediation and Student Acceleration Act—to help ensure Tennessee students could recover from the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic and close gaps in students’ learning. As part of this legislation, the General Assembly revised the state's law regarding the promotion of students from third grade, T.C.A. § 49-6-3115. The statute was also revised during the regular 2021 legislative session. T.C.A. § 49-6-3115, which applies to the 2022-23 school year and subsequent years, ensures students who are determined to need additional support in reading receive them before being promoted to fourth grade.

According to T.C.A. § 49-6-3115, beginning with the 2022-23 school year, a student who is not proficient in English language arts (ELA) may access promotion from Grade 3 to Grade 4 by meeting at least one exemption criteria as permitted by the law OR through certain promotion pathways. Two of the pathways include the following:

1. Score “approaching” on the Spring Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) ELA test or the TCAP ELA retake and be assigned a tutor through the Tennessee Accelerating Literacy and Learning Corps (TN ALL Corps) for the following year; or
2. Score “below” on the Spring TCAP ELA test, attend summer camp, maintain 90% attendance at the camp, and be assigned a tutor through TN ALL Corps for the following year.

Additionally, the law and State Board of Education Promotion and Retention Rule 0520-01-03-.16 requires students who are promoted to fourth grade via the above two pathways to demonstrate “adequate growth” before being promoted to fifth grade:

A student who is promoted to the fourth (4th) grade pursuant to...(1 above) or ...(2 above)... must show adequate growth on the fourth (4th) grade ELA portion of the TCAP test as further defined in State Board Promotion and Retention Policy 3.300 before the student may be promoted to the fifth (5th) grade.

This technical guide describes the definition of adequate growth and provides detailed information regarding the fourth grade adequate growth methodology and business rules applied when calculating the fourth grade adequate growth. Frequently asked questions (FAQ) are included.

1 Consult the Frequently Asked Questions on the Promotion and Retention of Third Grade Students.
What Is Adequate Growth?

As specified in law, students promoted to the fourth grade by participation in tutoring intervention programs must demonstrate improvement from the third grade TCAP to the fourth grade TCAP assessment. Implicit in the law is an expectation that the growth observed from third to fourth grade is sufficient to make it reasonable to assume the child is on an improved trajectory to achieve proficiency in the future. Students who demonstrate adequate growth will, from third grade to fourth grade, significantly increase the likelihood that they will achieve proficiency in the future.

How Is Adequate Growth Evaluated?

Tennessee’s Value-Added Assessment System (TVAAS) has always provided an estimate for how likely a student is to be proficient on a future TCAP assessment based on their prior testing history. This metric, referred to as a proficiency projection, provides an individualized estimate of the likelihood that a student will ultimately become proficient on the TCAP ELA assessment. Based on their third grade TCAP performance, each student receives an estimate of how likely they are to be proficient in fourth grade ranging from 0.1 percent to 99.9 percent.

To evaluate whether a student meets adequate growth, each student will receive a target for how much their proficiency projection must increase after fourth grade- a simple example:

- A student scored “below” on the third grade TCAP. His/her fourth grade proficiency projection is 26.0 percent. His/her growth target is 3.0 percent (methodology described below). He/she must achieve a fifth grade proficiency projection (based on the fourth grade TCAP) of 29.0 percent or higher (fourth grade proficiency projection—26.0 percent plus the growth target—3.0 percent) to demonstrate adequate growth.

  He/she demonstrates adequate growth by increasing the likelihood of being proficient from 26.0 percent after third grade to at least 29.0 percent after fourth grade.

Step 1. Calculate Individual Student Proficiency Projections

Proficiency projections use a simple regression to produce a projected score for each student. These projected scores are based on each student’s unique TCAP testing history and an expectation for how much growth is typically observed by students scoring similarly.

The proficiency projection is calculated by producing a standard error of measure around each student’s projected score. The actual probability is derived from the percentage of the standard error of measure above the proficiency cut point—a simple example.

- A student’s projected scale score of 242 (hypothetically) falls exactly at the met expectations cut score. An error band centered right on the proficiency cut point would result in 50% of the error band located above and 50% below. As a result, he/she's proficiency projection, based on a projected score right at the proficiency cut point, would be 50%.

In essence, the proficiency projection estimates how likely a student is to score proficient if they grow the average expected amount from wherever they scored in the previous year.

More detailed information about the production of projected scores and proficiency projections can be found in the TVAAS technical manual.
Data Handling Business Rules. Proficiency projections are calculated based on a student’s unique testing history. More detailed information about the production of projected scores and proficiency projections can be found in the TVAAS technical manual.

When evaluating adequate growth, two projections are necessary. First, a fourth grade ELA proficiency projection is calculated as an estimate of the likelihood of a student achieving ELA proficiency in fourth grade based on the student’s third grade achievement. If a student has both a spring TCAP ELA and a re-take ELA score, the re-take score will be used in the projection calculation ONLY IF it helps with the student’s AG attainment in fourth grade. Second, a fifth grade ELA proficiency projection is calculated as an estimate of the likelihood of a student achieving ELA proficiency in fifth grade based on the student’s fourth grade achievement. Two fifth grade ELA proficiency projections will be calculated—one with all available fourth grade tests included and the other with only ELA test included in the projection calculation. Whichever projection is more advantageous to the student is used for the evaluation.

Currently, students who have a higher third grade retake score will receive a new fourth grade ELA proficiency projection, and the new projection will be used only if it improves students’ AG attainment. Additionally, a small group of third grade students do not have a fourth grade projection due to insufficient testing records. To provide students with limited testing records an opportunity to be evaluated for adequate growth, the department will calculate a fourth grade projection for students with at least one third grade test including the re-take score. If additional tests exist, they will be factored into the proficiency projection as SAS’s external research has conclusively shown that this improves the overall accuracy of the projection. This rule will only be applied to students who would not have received a projection due to insufficient testing records.

Step 2. Calculate the Individualized Growth Target for Adequate Growth

In the vast majority of circumstances, the department, as approved by the state board operationally defines adequate growth as achieving a fifth grade proficiency projection that meets or exceeds their fourth grade proficiency projection plus their growth target.

The logic of the growth target is to reduce the gap between existing performance and a determination of success over the life of the TCAP testing program. In this application, current performance is the student’s probability of being proficient on the fourth grade ELA assessment based on third grade performance. Success is the student achieving the probability associated with a student scoring right at the proficient cut score, a 50 percent probability of being proficient. The adequate growth (AG) target is determined by spreading the gap between a 50 percent probability estimate and the students’ fourth grade ELA probability estimate over the eight years remaining in the TCAP program. When calculating the AG target, proficiency projections are rounded to one decimal place, and the AG target is rounded to one decimal place.

\[ AG \text{ Target formula } = \frac{(50.0\% \text{ Probability} - 4\text{th Grade ELA Probability})}{8 \text{ years}} \]

The AG target for a student with a 20.0 percent probability of achieving proficiency on the fourth grade ELA TCAP is 3.8 percent, as presented below.

\[ AG \text{ Target } = \frac{(50.0\% \text{ Probability} - 20.0\% \text{ Probability})}{8 \text{ years}} = \frac{30.0\%}{8} = 3.8\% \]
To be promoted to fifth grade, the student must demonstrate at least a 3.8 percent increase from his/her fourth to fifth grade ELA proficiency projection. In other words, the student's fifth grade ELA proficiency projection target is 23.8 percent, as presented below. If, based on the fourth grade ELA assessment, the student earns a fifth grade ELA proficiency projection of 23.7 percent, the student will not demonstrate adequate growth. If the student has a fifth grade ELA proficiency projection of 24.0 percent, the student will demonstrate adequate growth.

Fifth Grade ELA Proficiency Projection Target = 20.0% + 3.8% = 23.8%

**Step 3. Determine Individual Students’ Adequate Growth Attainment Status**

The final adequate growth determination can be achieved in one of two ways.

1. Students scoring *met or exceeded expectations* level on the fourth grade ELA assessment will automatically demonstrate adequate growth regardless of their fifth grade ELA proficiency projection; OR
2. Students *below or approaching expectations* level on the fourth grade ELA assessment must meet his/her AG target to be promoted to fifth grade.
   a. Students with a fourth grade ELA proficiency projection equal or greater than 42.5 percent will be promoted to fifth grade if their fifth grade ELA proficiency projection is at least 0.1 higher than their fourth grade proficiency projection;
   b. Students with a fourth grade ELA proficiency projection less than 42.5 percent will be promoted to fifth grade if they meet their AG target (see Step 2 for AG target formula).

Table 1 provides use cases for AG targets, fifth grade ELA proficiency projection target calculations, and promotion status.

**Table 1. Use Cases of AG Targets, Fifth Grade ELA Proficiency Projection Target Calculations, and Promotion Decisions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scenario: A student with a fourth grade ELA proficiency projection of...</th>
<th>AG Target</th>
<th>Fifth Grade ELA Proficiency Projection Target</th>
<th>Actual Fifth Grade ELA Proficiency Projection</th>
<th>Promotion Decision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.0%</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>Retained</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>28.1%</td>
<td>30.0%</td>
<td>Promoted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42.4%</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
<td>43.4%</td>
<td>42.7%</td>
<td>Retained</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42.5%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>42.6%</td>
<td>42.7%</td>
<td>Promoted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45.0%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>45.1%</td>
<td>45.2%</td>
<td>Promoted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>50.1%</td>
<td>45.0%</td>
<td>Retained</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51.0%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>51.1%</td>
<td>52.0%</td>
<td>Promoted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Data Release Timeline**

On March 4, 2024, districts will receive a data file containing all fourth grade students who are actively enrolled as of February 23, 2024. The data file will include two sets of projections and AG targets. The table below is the file layout for the fourth grade adequate growth data file. Two sets of fourth grade ELA proficiency projection, AG target, and the fifth grade ELA proficiency projections are calculated. The first set of the calculations presents the projections and targets without retake score; these are the projections that are currently available on the TVAAAS portal. The second set of the calculations presents the projections and targets when a higher re-take score is available, which include the projections and AG target for students without a spring TCAP ELA score but with a retake score. Ultimately, the projection and the associated AG
target that helps students' final AG attainment (i.e., a lower fifth grade ELA proficiency projection target) will be used to determine students' fifth grade promotion decision. That is, the "\textit{chosen\_fifth\_grade\_ela\_proficiency\_projection\_target}" represents the fifth grade ELA proficiency projection target that will be used to evaluate students' AG attainment status; this projection is the lower target comparing between the fifth grade ELA proficiency projection target with and without retake score factoring in the projection calculation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>system</td>
<td>System ID number in most recent 4th grade enrollment (primary enrollment only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>system_name</td>
<td>System name in most recent 4th grade enrollment (primary enrollment only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>school</td>
<td>School ID number in most recent 4th grade enrollment (primary enrollment only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>school_name</td>
<td>School name in most recent 4th grade enrollment (primary enrollment only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>student_key</td>
<td>State student ID number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>student_name</td>
<td>Student's first name, last name, and middle initial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>projection_w_retake</td>
<td>Probability of a student having a performance level of either Met or Exceeded Expectations in 4th grade ELA, \textit{including the 3rd grade ELA retake}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>projection_wo_retake</td>
<td>Probability of a student having a performance level of either Met or Exceeded Expectations in 4th grade ELA, \textit{excluding the 3rd grade ELA retake}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ag_target_w_retake</td>
<td>Target improvement from 4th grade projection to 5th grade projection when applying the adequate growth formula to the 4th grade projection \textit{with retake}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ag_target_wo_retake</td>
<td>Target improvement from 4th grade projection to 5th grade projection when applying the adequate growth formula to the 4th grade projection \textit{without retake}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fifth_grade_ela_proficiency_projection_target_w_retake</td>
<td>Target probability of a student having a performance level of either Met or Exceeded Expectations in 5th grade ELA to meet adequate growth, based on 4th grade projection \textit{including the 3rd grade ELA retake}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fifth_grade_ela_proficiency_projection_target_wo_retake</td>
<td>Target probability of a student having a performance level of either Met or Exceeded Expectations in 5th grade ELA to meet adequate growth, based on 4th grade projection \textit{excluding the 3rd grade ELA retake}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chosen_fifth_grade_ela_proficiency_projection_target</td>
<td>\textit{The chosen fifth grade ELA proficiency projection target for AG attainment evaluation.} This is the lower target between the 5th grade proficiency projection with and without factoring in the 3rd grade ELA retake to the 4th grade projection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Using_new_or_updated_projection</td>
<td>\textit{Y = the chosen_fifth_grade_ela_proficiency_projection_target} is based on the new or updated projections; blank cell means the chosen_fifth_grade_ela_proficiency_projection_target is based on the existing projections published on the TVAAS portal.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\textit{Districts shall use this data file to identify the appropriate AG target for students who are subject to AG evaluation.} It is important to note that, this data file excludes any students who have withdrawn prior to February 23, 2024 who have no subsequent enrollment in any public school in Tennessee. Districts shall reach out to the department to obtain additional data for students who transfer in after February 23, 2024.

The fifth grade ELA proficiency projection data file and AG attainment status will be released on the Accountability application on July 1, 2024. The data file will include the projections for all fourth grade students who are enrolled and tested in spring 2024.
Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

This section provides answers to frequently asked questions.

Q1. Which students are eligible for adequate growth evaluation?

Third grade students who are not proficient in ELA and are promoted to fourth grade through pathwayss available in the law are eligible to be evaluated for adequate growth in fourth grade. More information about the promotion and retention law, please consult the Frequently Asked Questions on the Promotion and Retention of Third Grade Students.

Q2. What is the AG target for students close to meeting proficiency (i.e., have an AG target of less than 1%)?

The department, with the approval of the State Board of Education, has established a special rule for students who are close to meeting proficiency based on their fourth-grade proficiency projection. That is, a student with a proficiency projection equal to or greater than 42.5% will have their AG target fixed at 0.1.

A simple example follows:

A student scored “below” on the third grade TCAP. His/her fourth grade proficiency projection is 43.0 percent. His/her AG target is fixed at 0.1. To demonstrate adequate growth, he/she must achieve a fifth grade proficiency projection of 43.1 percent or higher (43.0 + 0.1).

Q3. Why does the department set the 50 percent proficiency projection as the target for gap closure?

The department defines success as a student achieving a projected score right at the proficiency cut score, which is the exact interpretation of the 50 percent proficiency projection. Additionally, for low-achieving students to catch up and become proficient in the future, it takes quality instruction, time, and continuous support. Therefore, the department will stretch the time to eight years for students to fully close the gap. If students continue to receive high quality instruction and support throughout the remainder of their K-12 learning journey, these students, even the very low-performing students, can ultimately be proficient in the future if they continue to demonstrate growth and meet the adequate growth target year over year.

Q4. Why are math and science tests included in the calculation of the fourth grade and fifth grade ELA projections?

The department allows for multiple subject area assessments to contribute to the proficiency projection because both internal and external research has shown conclusively that it results in a more accurate proficiency estimate. Given the express focus of the law, concerns about the use of other subjects are understandable. Therefore, a second projection solely based on the fourth grade ELA test score will be calculated. The projection more likely to identify a student as achieving adequate growth is used to determine their AG attainment status.

Q5. Is the third grade ELA retake used in the determination of the AG attainment?

The third grade retake score is used to determine AG attainment ONLY IF it helps the student achieve AG. If a student has a retake score resulting in a lower fifth grade ELA proficiency projection, the retake score is factored into the fourth grade ELA proficiency projection.

Q6. When will districts know which students will have made adequate growth?
The department will release the fifth grade projection and the final list of students who have met their AG target in fourth grade to districts by July 1, 2024, via the accountability application.