EECVI Veterinarian Checklist

Extended Equine Certificate of Veterinary Inspection

The EECVI allows an individual to transport an equine for purposes other than change of ownership. According to most state regulations, in order to transport a horse, mule, donkey, pony, zebra, miniature horse, or other equine across state lines, a certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI) and negative test for Equine Infectious Anemia (EIA) is required. The CVI, commonly known as a health certificate, requires that a veterinarian inspect each equine for signs of disease to ensure that it appears healthy for travel. The EECVI extends the original timeframe of a CVI from 30 days to six (6) months from the CVI inspection date or until the expiration of the EIA test, whichever comes first. Prior to each movement, the equine owner or agent must log into the database and obtain a Health Declaration and Movement Permit (HDMP). In order to remain a valid document, the EIA test form and the HDMP must be kept together (official digital copies are acceptable). Listed below are the requirements for an EECVI.

Veterinarian Checklist

As a veterinarian, you will need to verify certain items, educate the owner/agent, and enter information electronically.

Verify:

- ✓ Equine health status at the time of your visit.
- ✓ Owner/agent name is the exact name in which the Health Declaration & Movement Permit (HDMP) will be issued.
- ✓ Origin address where the equine is stabled.
- ✓ Official identification; be sure the owner/agent is aware that not all states accept all forms of official identification!
- ✓ Negative Equine Infectious Anemia (EIA) test. If the EIA test is not valid for at least six more months, a new EIA test can be drawn, or the system will shorten the expiration date of the EECVI to the date when the EIA test expires.

Educate the owner/agent on:

- + Keep proof of official identification at all times when not in the state of origin
- → Log into an approved electronic system and get a Health Declaration & Movement Permit (HDMP) PRIOR to each interstate movement and have paper or digital copy on hand at all times.
- + Review temperature taking and general signs of equine sickness that must be evaluated prior to each movement. This includes evaluation of mucous membranes, submandibular lymph nodes, signs of diarrhea, depression, inappetence, nasal and ocular discharge, and abnormal breathing.
- + If the horse has shown signs of sickness within 7 days of movement, a veterinarian must clear the horse prior to interstate movement. If you have concerns about owner/agent compliance, do not issue an EECVI.

Access the EECVI web portal:

- 1 Log in
- 2 Enter the following:
 - Owner/agent info (name, email address, phone number, physical address and mailing address if different)
 - Horse information (age, breed, sex, color)
 - Official ID(s)
- 3 Enter the EIA test Information (accession number, lab information, and blood draw date)
 - ➤ The EECVI is valid for six months unless the EIA test "expires" sooner. If so, the system will calculate the shorter expiration date and notify you.
- 4 Attest to the health of the horse at the time of your exam.